

HYBRID RECORDER

HR-700

(PEN WRITING)

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Shinko




For safe use

Thank you for purchasing our HR-701 (HR-702) Hybrid Recorder.



In order for this instrument to function effectively and correctly, please read and understand this instruction manual thoroughly before using the instrument.


This instrument should be used in accordance with the instructions described in the manual. If it is not used according to the instructions, it may malfunction or its protection function will be compromised.

The symbols below are used on this instrument for caution information.

Symbols used on the instrument	
	This indicates "Caution". Please refer to this manual when handling parts with this symbol for protection of both the human body and instrument.
	This indicates "Protective grounding". Be sure to provide protective grounding prior to operation of this instrument.
	This indicates "Risk of electric shock". This symbol is used on the parts which have a risk of electric shock.

The symbols below are used on the warning and cautioning information in this manual.

Symbols used in this manual	
 WARNING	Failure to observe this information could result in death or injury. Be sure to read this.
 CAUTION	Failure to observe this information could damage the instrument. Be sure to read this.
[Note]	This is cautionary information for correct use of the instrument. Be sure to read this.
[Reference]	This is information about the functions of this instrument for effective use.

Be sure to observe the following warnings/cautions and those written in this manual in order to ensure safety when using this instrument.	
 WARNING	
General	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) In order to prevent electric shock, be sure to disconnect this instrument from the main power source when wiring it. (2) When this instrument is incorporated in a system, and if the system is expected to be affected by malfunction from the recorder or external factor, take preventive measures to secure the safety of the system. (3) Take measures so that foreign objects cannot enter the opening section.
Protective Grounding	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) In order to prevent electric shock, be sure to provide protective grounding prior to turning on this instrument. (2) Do not cut protective grounding conductors or disconnect protective grounding.
Power Source	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Make sure that the supply voltage for this instrument conforms to the voltage of the supply source. Rated power supply: 10 to 240 V AC Allowable voltage fluctuation: 85 to 264 V AC Power frequency: 50/60 Hz Power consumption: 30 VA max. (2) Attach protective covers prior to turning on this instrument. (3) Power supply module used in this instrument complies with EN60950.
Working Environment	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Do not operate this instrument in an environment where it is exposed to combustible/explosive/corrosive gas or water/steam. (2) Use this instrument in the following environment. Installation site: Indoor Altitude: 2000 m max. Ambient temperature: 0 to 50 °C Ambient humidity: 20 to 80 %RH (Non-condensing) Overvoltage category II Pollution degree II
Input and Output Wiring	Provide input and output wiring after turning off the power.



CAUTION

Input and Output Wiring

Do not use unused terminals for any other purposes.

Transportation

When transporting this instrument or the equipment with this instrument incorporated in it, take measures to prevent the door opening and the inner module falling out.

Inside of Instrument

Do not touch the switches, etc. inside this instrument. Also, do not replace the main unit or printed circuit boards, otherwise correct functioning of the instrument cannot be guaranteed. Contact the dealer where you purchased the instrument or our sales representative.

[Note]

Instruction Manual

- (1) Deliver this manual to an end user.
- (2) Prior to handling this instrument, be sure to read this manual.
- (3) If you have any questions about this manual or find any errors or omissions in this manual, contact our sales representative.
- (4) After reading this manual, keep it in close proximity to the instrument.
- (5) If the manual becomes lost or stained, contact our sales representative.
- (6) It is prohibited to copy or reproduce this manual without our permission.

Installation

- (1) When installing this instrument, put on protective gear such as safety shoes, helmet, etc.
- (2) Do not step on the installed instrument or get on top of it, as this is dangerous.

Maintenance

Only our serviceman or engineers authorized by Shinko Technos Co., Ltd. are allowed to remove and take apart the inner module, the main unit and printed circuit boards.

Disposal

- (1) Dispose of the replaced batteries in a correct way.
- (2) Do not incinerate plastics from the maintenance parts or replacement parts. Harmful gases may be produced.

Cleaning

- (1) Use a dry cloth to clean the surface of this instrument.
- (2) Do not use any organic solvents.
- (3) Turn off the power to the instrument before cleaning.

Revisions

This manual is subject to change without prior notice.



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- To ensure safe and correct use, thoroughly read and understand this manual before using this instrument.
- This instrument is intended to be used for industrial machinery, machine tools and measuring equipment.
Verify correct usage after purpose-of-use consultation with our agency or main office.
(Never use this instrument for medical purposes with which human lives are involved.)
- Proper periodic maintenance is required.
- This instrument must be used under the conditions and environment described in this manual.
Shinko Technos Co., Ltd. does not accept liability for any injury, loss of life or damage occurring due to the instrument being used under conditions not otherwise stated in this manual.

Caution with respect to Export Trade Control Ordinance

To avoid this instrument from being used as a component in, or as being utilized in the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (i.e. military applications, military equipment, etc.), please investigate the end users and the final use of this instrument. In the case of resale, ensure that this instrument is not illegally exported.

Using this manual

Using this manual

This manual consists of “For safe use”, “Contents” and “Chapter 1 to Chapter 11” as below.
Please read the corresponding sections depending on your purpose of use.

Chapter and title	For purchase and installation	For initial setting and setting change	For daily operation	For communication	For maintenance and troubleshooting
For safe use (page 1)	⊗	⊗	⊗	⊗	⊗
1. INTRODUCTION	⊗				
2. CONSTRUCTION	○	○	○		○
3. INSTALLATION	⊗		○		
4. WIRING	⊗	○	○	○	○
5. PREPARATIONS FOR OPERATION		○	⊗		
6. OPERATION		○	⊗		
7. DEVICE SETTING		⊗		○	○
8. COMMUNICATION				⊗	
9. MAINTENANCE					⊗
10. TROUBLESHOOTING		○			⊗
11. SPECIFICATIONS	○	○			○

⊗: Be sure to read this.

○: Be sure to read this if required.

Guide of Instruction manual

The instruction manuals of this instrument are as in the table below.

	Name	Edition No.	Outline
This manual ⇒	1 HR-700 Hybrid Recorder (Pen type) instruction manual	HR72E	Explanation for installation, wiring, standard operation, setting and operation for using this instrument.
	2 HR-700 Hybrid Recorder Communication Command instruction manual	HR7CE	Explanation for reading and writing data of the recorder by communication function.

Initial setting checking list

After installing and wiring the HR-701, 702, the following items are the minimum required setting items before running.

	Checking item	Default value	Reference
1	Range setting Check the range setting.	± 10 mV DC (All channels)	pp.52 to 54
	Scaling setting is required for the following cases. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• When converting the input into another physical quantity• When changing the decimal point position for the thermocouple and RTD input• When changing unit	Scaling 0 to 100.0 (Unit °C) (All channels)	pp.55, 56
2	Unit setting Check the unit.	Unit °C (All channels)	pp.65, 66
3	Chart feed speed setting Check the Chart feed speed.	1st chart speed: 20 mm/h 2nd chart speed: 20 mm/h	p.67
4	Date and time setting Check the date and time.	Jan. 1st, 2000, 00:00 (Hour:Minute)	p.68

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Checking the Accessories

Upon delivery of this instrument, unpack and check its accessories and appearance.

If there are any missing accessories or damage to the appearance of the instrument, please contact our dealer where you purchased the instrument, or our sales representative.

The following accessories are included with the recorder.

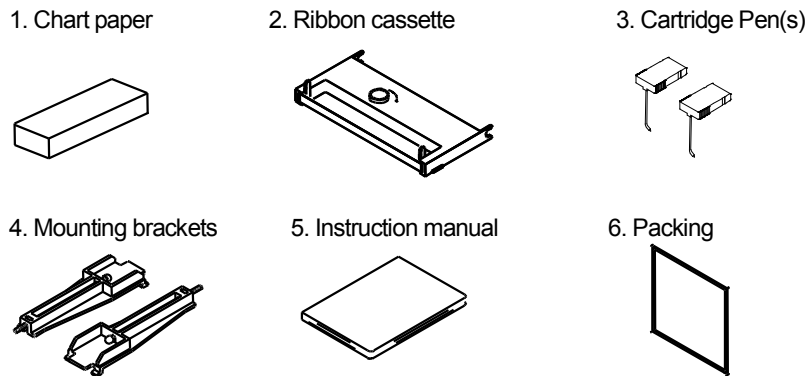


Fig. 1.1-1 Accessories

Table 1.1 List of Accessories

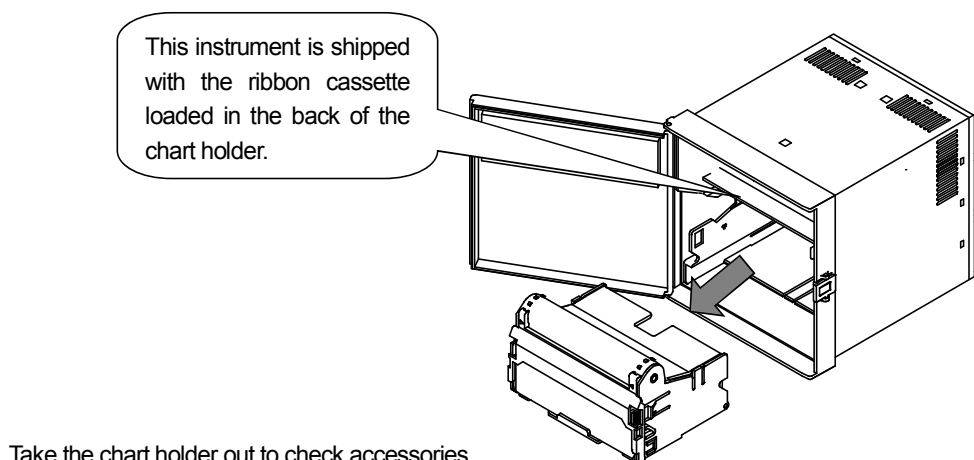
No.	Parts	Type	Quantity		Remarks
			1 pen	2 pens	
1	Chart paper	H-10100	1	1	100 equal divisions
2	Ribbon Cassette	HPSR001H0002C	1	1	
3	Cartridge Pen	WPSR196A000001A	1	1	For 1 pen (Red)
		WPSR196A000002A	—	1	For 2 pens (Green)
4	Mounting brackets	H4A14175	2	2	Panel mounting brackets
5	Instruction manual	HR72E	1	1	This manual
6	Packing	H4H14900	1	1	For IP65

[Note]

The ribbon cassette has been set in the instrument before shipment.

[Note]

- (1) This instrument is equipped with a ribbon cassette in the back of the chart holder. Open the door and pull out the chart holder to check it. (See Section 5.1 for taking out the chart holder.)
- (2) The chart paper and the cartridge pen are contained in the chart holder. Take the chart holder out and open the chart cover to check it.
- (3) Maximum angle of the fully opened door is 135 degrees. Do not open the door any further, as the hinge will break.



Take the chart holder out to check accessories.

See Section "5.1 Setting the Chart Paper" for taking out the chart holder.

Fig. 1.1-2 Position of the Ribbon Cassette

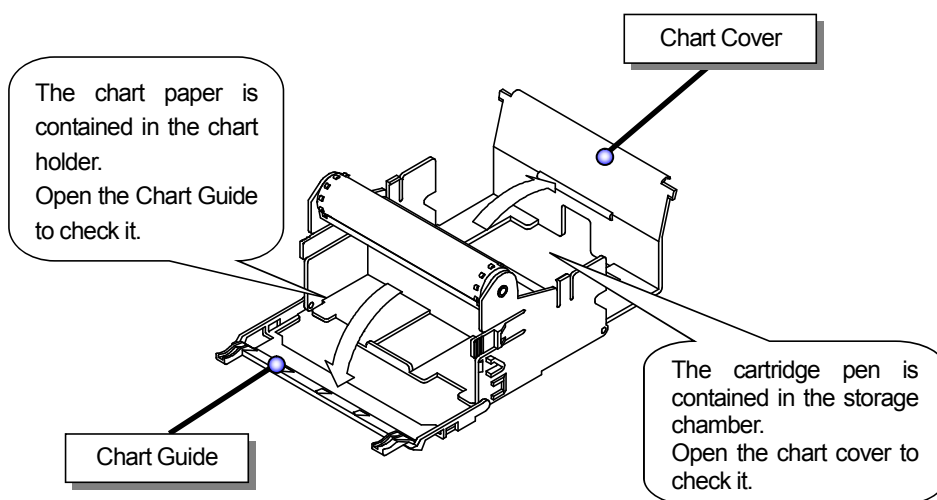


Fig. 1.1-3 Position of the Chart Paper and the Cartridge Pen

1.2 Checking the Model Type and Specifications

A nameplate has been secured on the inside of the instrument. Remove the chart holder and make sure that the nameplate is put in the middle far side of the instrument.

Make sure that this instrument meets your requested specification, checking the following table.

Table 1.2 Model type

H R – 7 0 □, □□□		144 (W) x 144 (H) x 150 (D) mm
Measuring point	1	1 point
	2	2 points
Options	C5	Communication function (RS-485)
	RE1	DI function
	FL1	Paper-empty detection function
	LH3	Alarm output function

1.3 Temporary Storage

Store the instrument in the following environment.

When incorporated into other industrial equipment, ensure that the operating environment conforms to the following conditions.



CAUTION

Storage in a poor environment may damage the appearance, functions, and service life of the instrument.

Storage Environment

- A place free from excess dust
- A place free from combustible, explosive, or corrosive gases (SO₂, H₂S, etc.)
- A place free from vibrations or shocks
- A place free from water, steam or high humidity (95 %RH max.)
- A place free from direct sunlight or high temperature (50 °C max.)
- A place free from extremely low temperature (-20 °C min.)

1.4 Location ID Tag

A location ID tag is kept on the inside of the transparent door upon delivery. Enter location or other data as required.



CAUTION

Note that if a non-approved name label or nameplate is attached, it may damage the door or mounting part.

2. CONSTRUCTION

2.1 Appearance

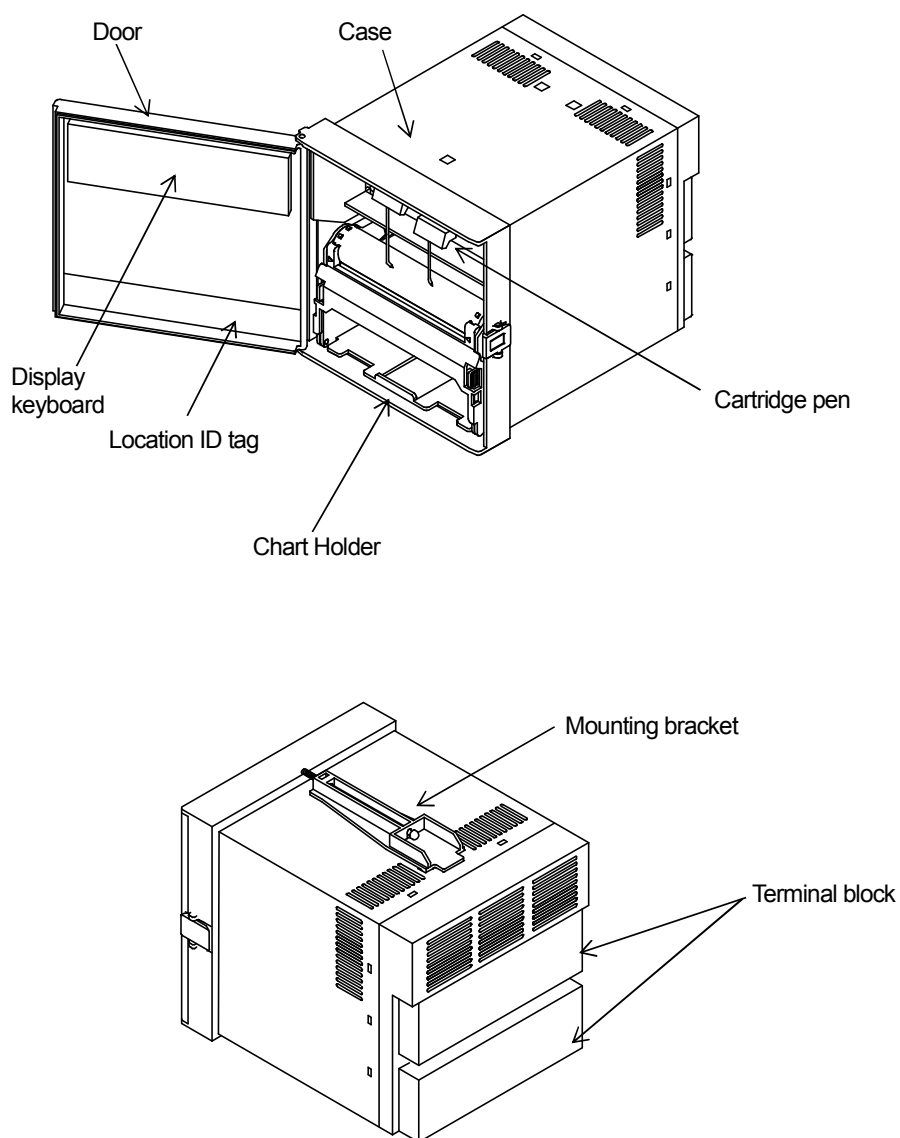


Fig. 2.1 Appearance

2.2 Display and Operation Keys

2.2.1 Display

The following describes the displays and indicators. The channel numbers and data are indicated by a 7-segment LED.

For the characters, see "Characters used in this manual" at [Reference] below.

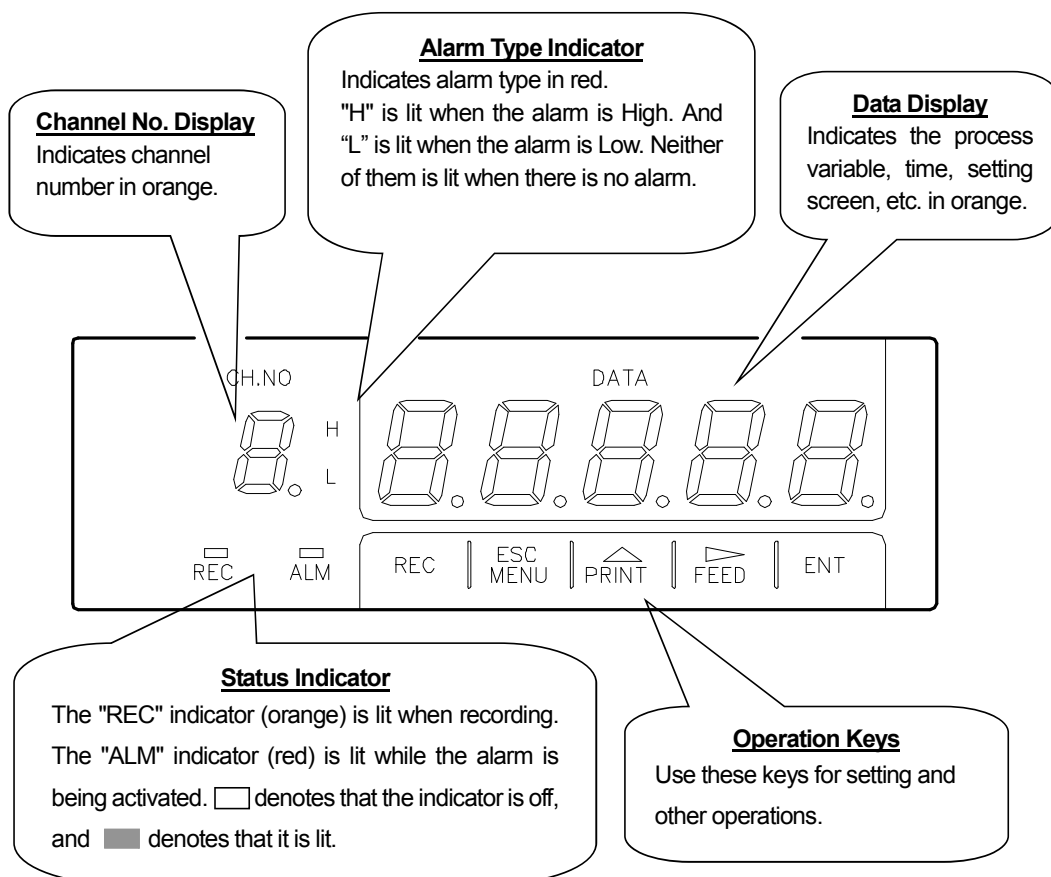


Fig. 2.2.1 Display

[Reference] Characters used in this manual

Display	A	b	C	d	E	F	G	H	h	I	J	K	L	l
Alphabet	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	h	I	J	K	L	I
Display	m	n	o	P	q	r	S	t	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
Alphabet	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z

2.2.2 Operation Keys

The following describes the functions of each operation key.

The actual operation keys are described as shown below.

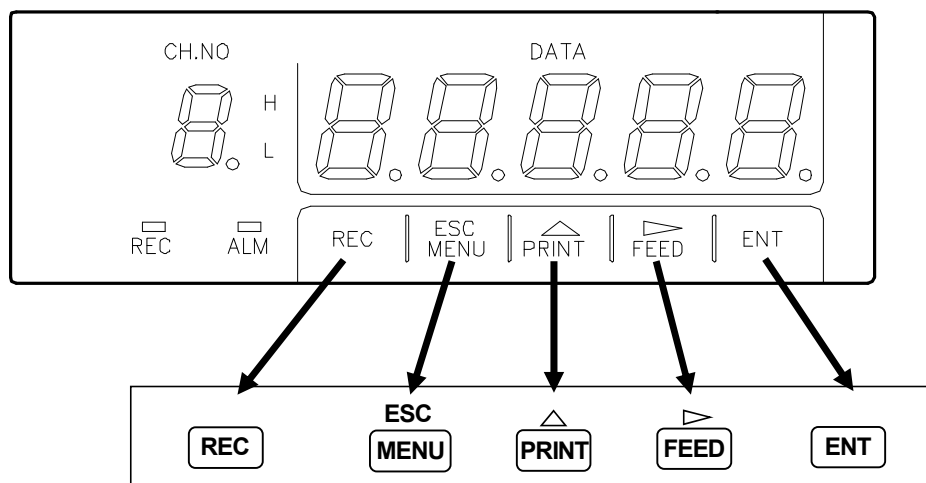


Fig. 2.2.2 Operation Keys in This Manual

Table 2.2.2 Name of Operation Keys and Their Functions

Key	Name	Function	
	"REC" key	Starts/stops recording. To stop, press the "REC" key for 3 seconds or longer. (The "REC" indicator goes off.) To start, press the "REC" key. (The "REC" indicator lights.)	
	"MENU" key	MENU function	Selects engineering list printing and changes the mode to the setting mode.
	"ESC" key	ESC function	While selecting a function, exits that menu without finishing.
	"PRINT" key	PRINTING function	Used to perform manual printing or list printing.
	"△" key	△ function	Used to select a setting parameter (numeral or built-in command) (ascending direction).
	"FEED" key	FEED function	The chart paper is fed while the key is pressed, and stopped when released.
	"▷" key	▷ function	Used to shift a digit in setting a numeral.
	"ENT" key	Used to register a setting parameter (numeral or built-in command) after selecting it, or executing a function. Pressing this key executes the setting.	

3. INSTALLATION

3.1 External Dimensions and Panel Cutout

(Scale: mm)

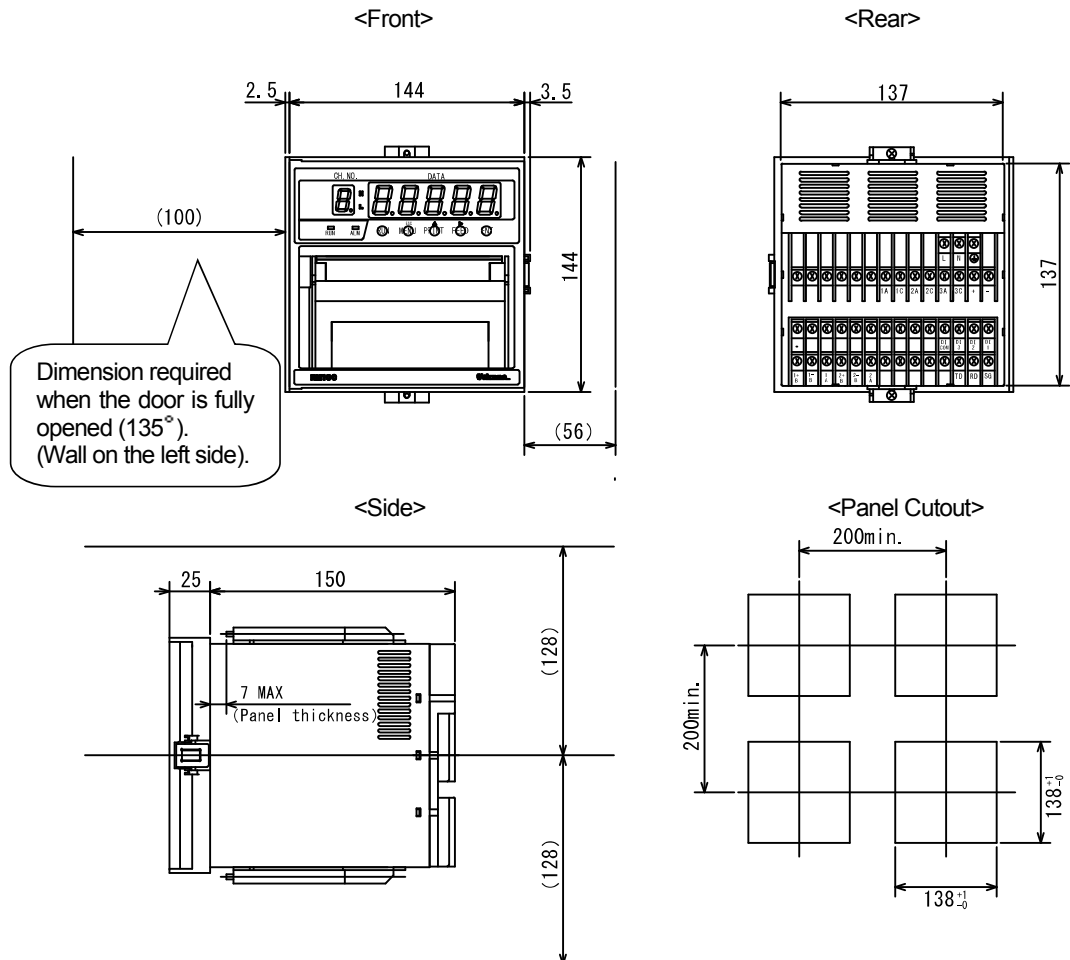


Fig. 3.1 External Dimensions and Panel Cutout



CAUTION

For the maintenance and safety of the instrument, the space/size indicated in the brackets () is the minimum secure spacing.

3.2 Panel Mounting

WARNING

Do not install this instrument in a place exposed to combustible, explosive or corrosive gas (SO₂, H₂S, etc.).

CAUTION

Install the instrument only in the following conditions.

- A place free from frequent humidity fluctuations.
- A place at room temperature (around 25 °C).
- A place exposed to as few mechanical vibrations as possible.
- A place with as little dust as possible.
- A place affected as little as possible by electromagnetic fields.
- A place not directly exposed to high radiant heat.
- A place of altitude below 2000 m.
- Humidity has an effect on the chart paper and ink. Use the instrument in a humidity range of 20 to 80 %RH (60 %RH is the optimum).
- This instrument needs to be installed inside.

Panel Mounting

- A steel plate not thinner than 1.2 mm is recommended as a mounting panel.
- The maximum thickness of the mounting panel is 7 mm.

Inclination

- Install the instrument horizontally.
- The instrument should be installed so that its inclination should be 0° at the front and within 30° at the rear.

3.2.1 Procedure for Panel Mounting

- 1) Assemble the mounting bracket, referring to Fig. 3.2.1-1.
- 2) Insert this instrument through the front of the panel.
- 3) Hook the claws of the mounting bracket at the square holes on the top and bottom surfaces of the case.
- 4) Tighten the screw of the mounting bracket with a screwdriver to attach it to the panel. When the mounting unit does not move back and forth any more, tighten the screw by 180°.

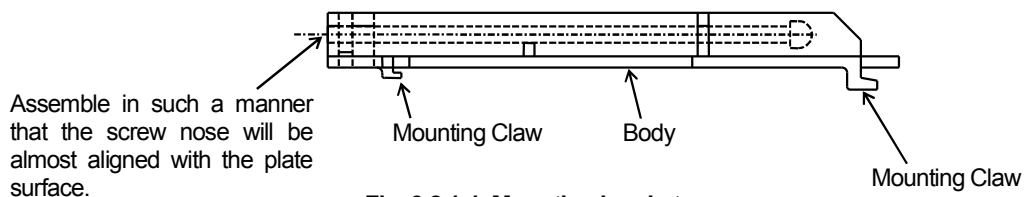


Fig. 3.2.1-1 Mounting bracket

[Note]

If it is tightened with excessive force, the case may be distorted and the mounting brackets may be damaged. An adequate tightening torque is about 0.2 to 0.3 N·m (2 to 3 kgf·cm).

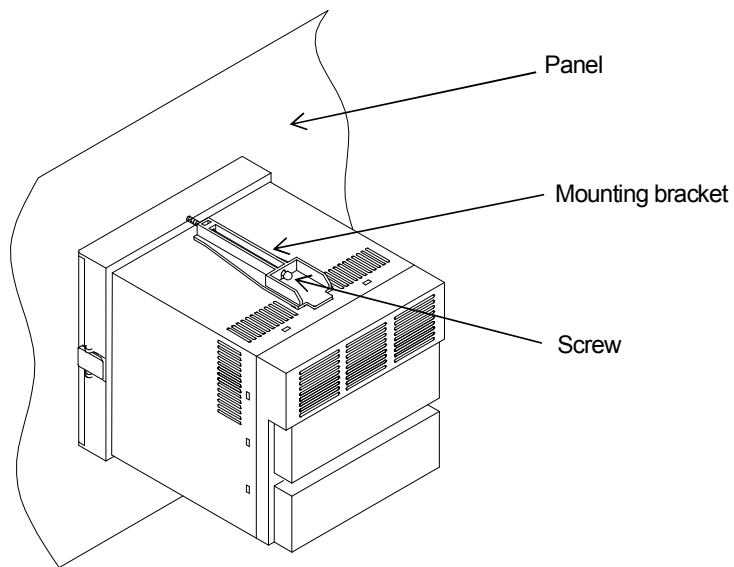


Fig. 3.2.1-2 Panel Mounting

3.2.2 Panel Mounting in Compliance with the IP65

Prior to mounting the instrument to the panel, attach packing to the position shown in the figure.

The rest of the procedure is the same.

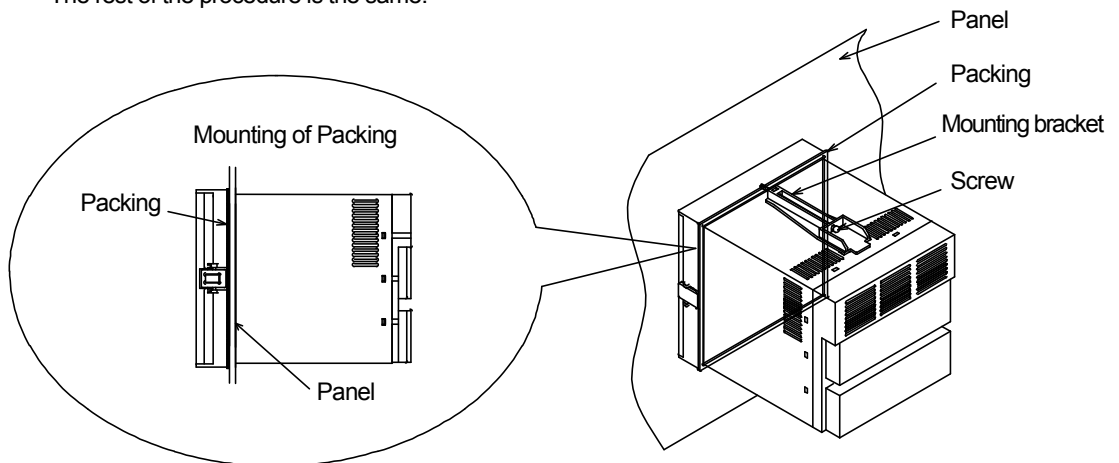


Fig. 3.2.2 Panel Mounting (in compliance with the IP65)

4.1 Terminal Arrangement and Power Wiring

4.1.1 Terminal Arrangement

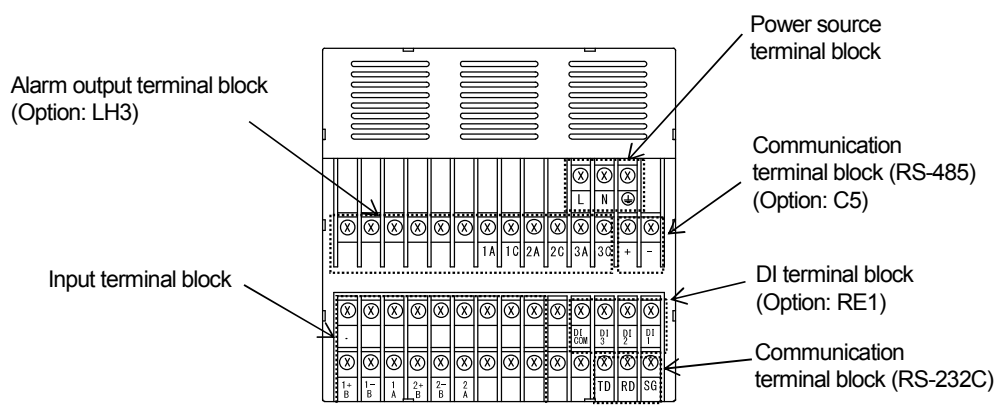


Fig. 4.1.1 Terminal Arrangement (Rear view)

4.1.2 Power Wiring

WARNING

- (1) In order to prevent an electric shock, be sure to provide protective grounding prior to supplying power to the instrument.
- (2) Do not cut the protective grounding conductor or disconnect protective grounding.
- (3) Make sure that the supply voltage for the instrument conforms to the voltage of the supply source.
- (4) Attach a transparent protective cover prior to switching on power to the instrument.
- (5) Any disruption to the protective conductor inside or outside the instrument, or disconnection of the protective grounding terminal, is likely to make the instrument dangerous under conditions that are other than normal.
Intentional disruption is prohibited.


CAUTION

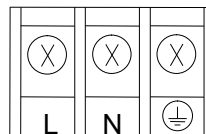
- (1) As an electric wire for the power source, use a 600 V vinyl insulated wire (IEC60227-3) or its equivalent or above.
- (2) Attach a ring-type solderless terminal with an insulation sleeve (for M3.5) to the end of the electric wire.
- (3) Connect a protective grounding (resistance: $100\ \Omega$ or less, minimum diameter of a grounding conductor: 1.6 mm) to the protective grounding terminal.
- (4) If another instrument shares the protective grounding conductor, there may be interference caused by noise coming from the grounding conductor. Do not share the grounding conductor with other instruments.
- (5) In order to comply with the requirements of safety standard EN61010-1, the recorder should have one of the following as a disconnecting device, fitted within easy reach of the operator, and labeled as the disconnecting device.
 - a) A switch or circuit breaker which complies with the requirements of IEC60947-1 and IEC60947-3.
 - b) A separable coupler which can be disconnected without the use of a tool.
 - c) A separable plug, without a locking device, to plug in a socket outlet in the building.
- (6) This product has been designed to conform to EN61010-1, installation category II and pollution degree 2.
- (7) The main power supply should be used within a fluctuation range of $\pm 10\%$ of rated voltage.
- (8) Transient current might flow to the main power supply when the power supply is turned on.

4.1.3 Wiring Procedure

CAUTION

To remove the transparent protective covers, release the left and right (both sides) hooks simultaneously. If they are released one after the other, the cover may be damaged.

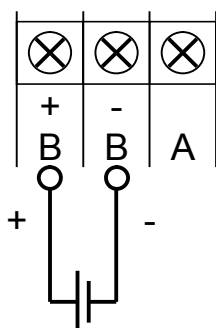
- 1) Put your fingers on the left and right (both sides) hooks of the transparent protective cover on the power source terminal block. Pushing them in, pull the cover toward you.
- 2) Connect the power source electric wire, referring to Fig. 4.1.3. Connect the protective grounding to the  terminal. Connect the non-grounding side of the power source to "L" terminal.
Connect the grounding side to the "N" terminal.
- 3) Attach the transparent protective cover.
- 4) Make sure that protective grounding is properly done.



Power supply:
Rated power supply: 100 to 240 V AC
Allowable voltage fluctuation: $\pm 10\%$ of rated voltage
Power frequency: 50/60 Hz

Fig. 4.1.3 Wiring of Power Supply

(1) mV, V inputs



(2) Thermocouple input

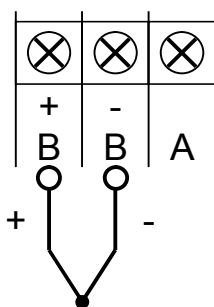
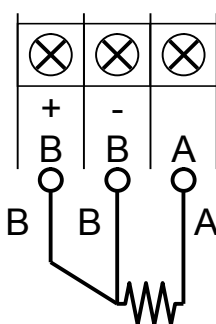


Fig. 4.2.1-2 Input Wiring (mV, V, Thermocouple inputs)

(3) RTD input



(4) mA input

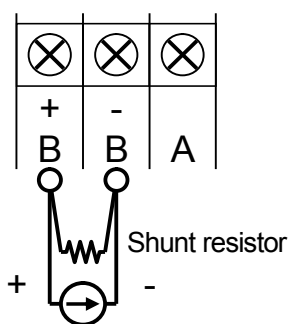


Fig. 4.2.1-3 Input Wiring (RTD, mA inputs)

CAUTION

(1) Attach a shunt resistor to the input terminal block of the instrument.

(2) A shunt resistor affects input accuracy. Use the following resistor.

Resistance: $250\ \Omega$ Rated power: $1/4\ W$ Tolerance: $\pm 0.1\ \%$ max.

Temperature coefficient: $\pm 50\ \text{ppm max.}$

4.3 DI Function/Alarm Output Wiring (Optional)

WARNING

- (1) Be sure to wire after turning POWER OFF.
- (2) When the power source has been connected to the Alarm output, turn OFF that power source.
- (3) When a hazardous voltage is supplied to the alarm terminal:
 - a) Never touch terminals.
 - b) Attach covers to terminals.
 - c) Wires should be double shielded.
 - d) Use ring-type solderless terminal connectors with an insulation sleeve.

CAUTION

Precautions for DI Function Wiring

- (1) DI function input has a built-in drive power source. Do not apply an external voltage to DI function input terminals.
- (2) DI function input contact capacity should be a withstanding voltage of 50 V DC, 16 mA or more, ON resistance of 20 Ω max. (wiring resistance included).
- (3) Do not use unused terminals as relay terminals.

Precautions for Alarm Output Wiring

- (1) An alarm output contact capacity is as follows.
 - 250 V AC : 3 A max. (Resistive load)
 - 30 V DC : 3 A max. (Resistive load)
 - 125 V DC : 0.5 A max. (Resistive load)
 - 0.1 A max. L/R = 7 ms max. (Inductive load)
- (2) Attach an anti-surge protective circuit (surge absorbers, etc.) to an output terminal, when required.
- (3) Attach a ring-type solderless terminal with an insulation sleeve (for M3.5) to the end of an electric wire.
- (4) Keep alarm output wiring away from the input wiring.
- (5) Do not use unused terminals as relay terminals.

4.3.1 DI Function/Alarm Output Wiring Example

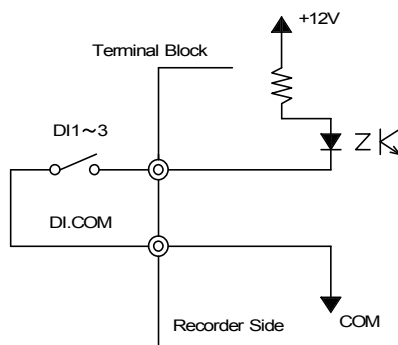


Fig. 4.3.1-1 DI Function Wiring Example

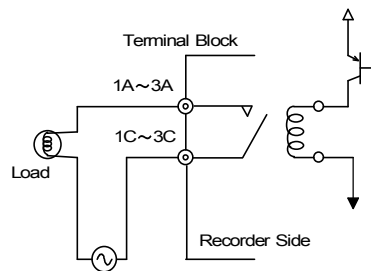


Fig. 4.3.1-2 Alarm Output Wiring Example

CAUTION

The DI function (Option: RE1) consists of 3 Digital inputs.
The alarm output consists of 3-Relay output (Normally open).

4.3.2 Alarm Output Wiring Procedure

Wire the Alarm output (option: LH3), referring to Fig. 4.3.2.

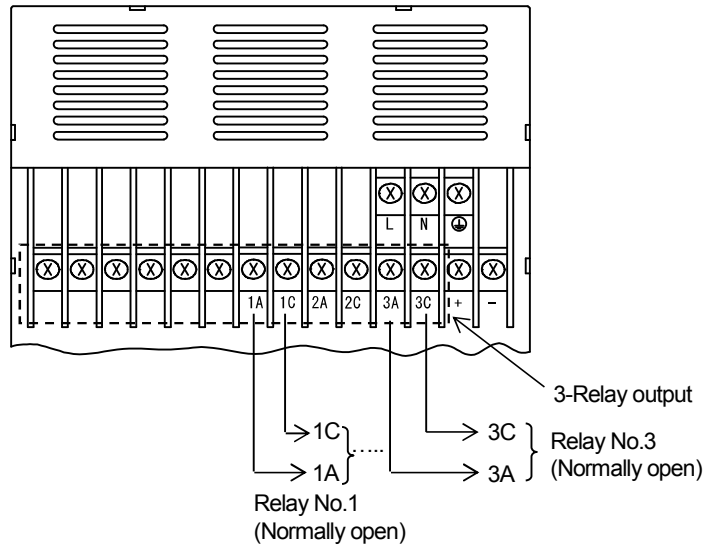


Fig. 4.3.2 Alarm Output Wiring



CAUTION

Relay No.1 is a common output for Alarm output and Paper-empty detection sensor (optional) (OR output).

4.3.3 DI Function Wiring Procedure

Wire the DI function (option: RE1), referring to Fig. 4.3.3.

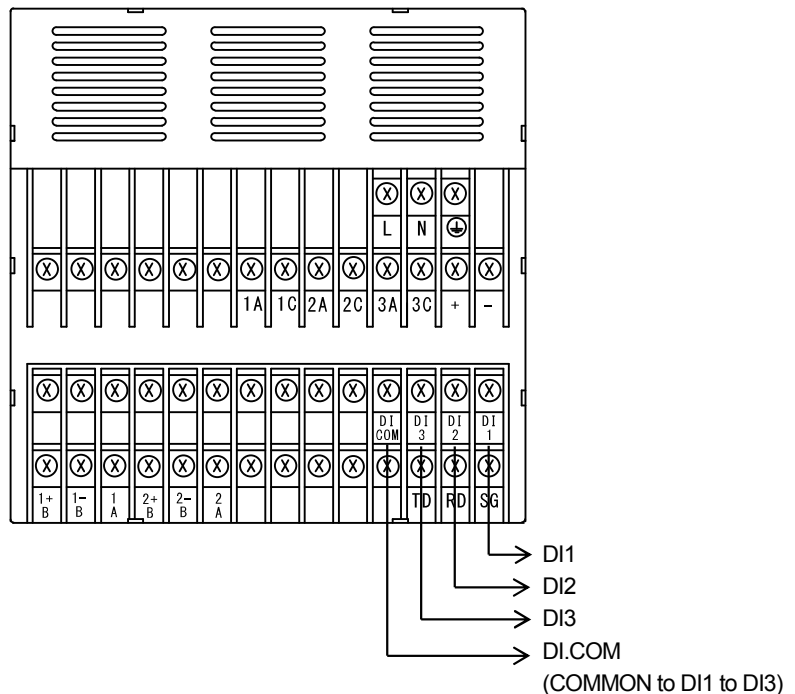


Fig. 4.3.3 DI Function Wiring

4.4 Communication Wiring

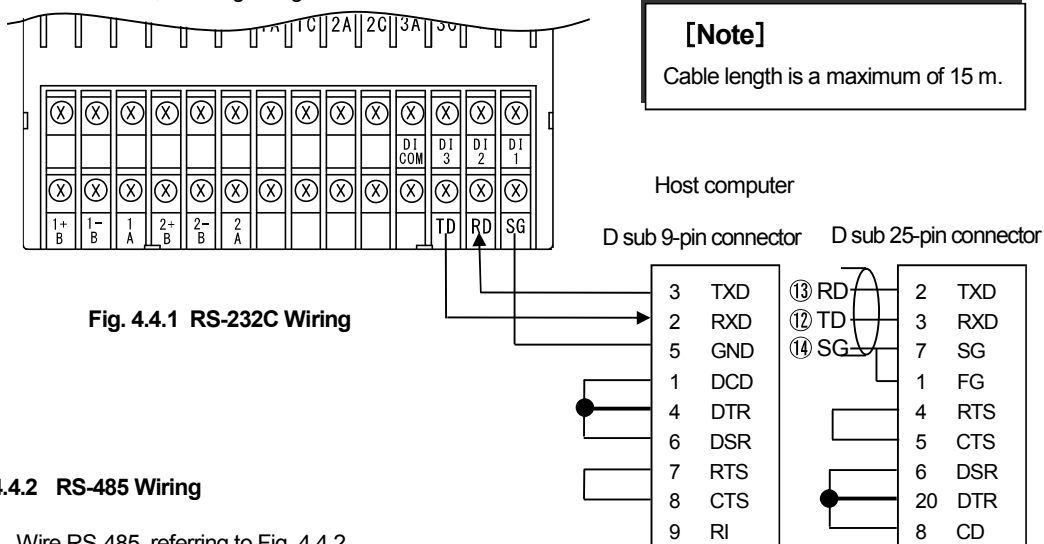
⚠ CAUTION

Precautions for the communication wiring

- (1) Ensure that the communication wiring is unaffected by noise. For communication wiring, a shielded wire effective against noise should be used.
- (2) When it is likely to be affected by induction noise, particularly when wiring near a high frequency power source, a shielded twisted wire should be used.
- (3) Attach a ring-type solderless terminal with an insulation sleeve (for M3.5) to the end of the electric wire.

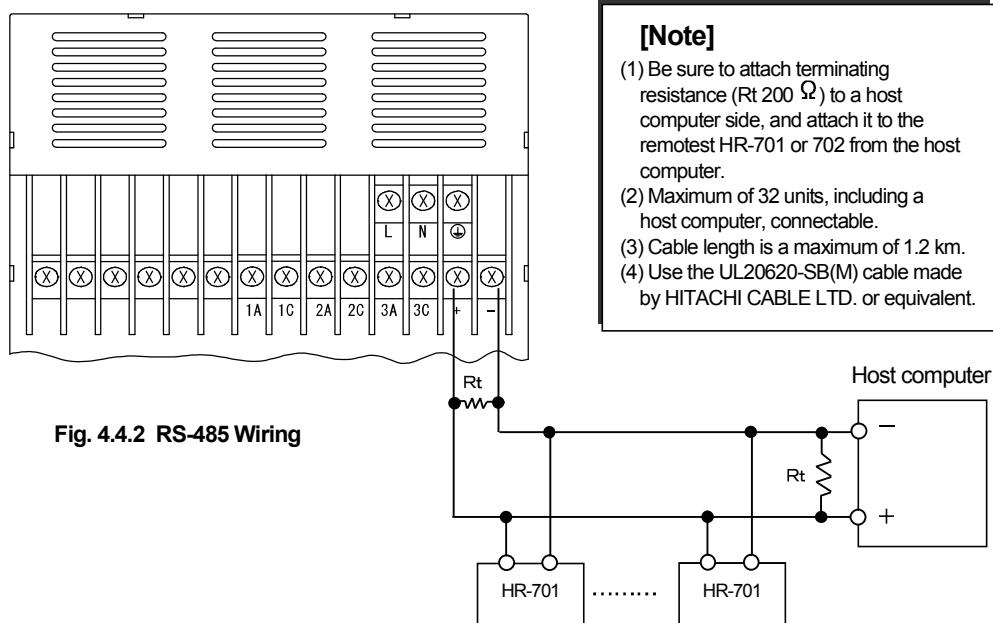
4.4.1 RS-232C Wiring

Wire RS-232C, referring to Fig. 4.4.1.



4.4.2 RS-485 Wiring

Wire RS-485, referring to Fig. 4.4.2.



5. PREPARATIONS FOR OPERATION

5.1 Setting the Chart Paper



CAUTION

Our original chart paper should be used to ensure proper recording.

If the chart holder is taken out and the recording operation is activated, the ink ribbon may be damaged. To replace the chart paper, be sure to press the "REC" key to stop recording.

Be sure to move the cartridge pen up, otherwise, it will be damaged.

- (1) Press the "REC" key for 3 seconds or longer.

To stop recording, press the "REC" key for 3 seconds or longer with the power turned on.

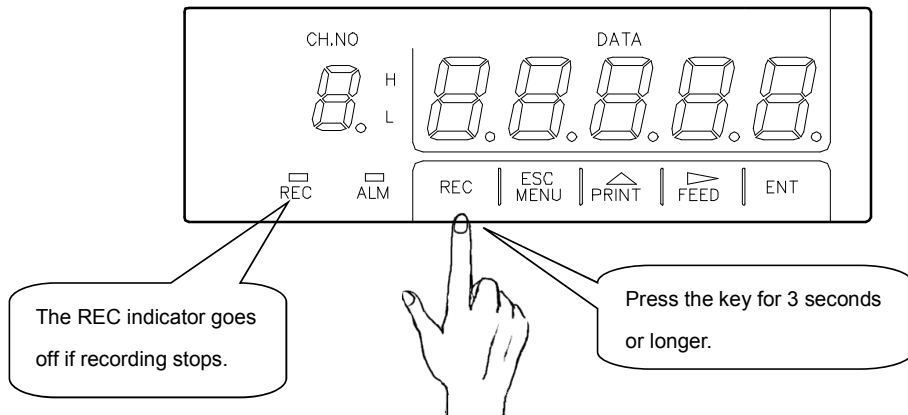


Fig. 5.1-1 Pressing the "REC" key

When recording stops, the pen(s) and printer will move automatically, discontinuing paper feed.

For the HR-701, the pen (red) records at the center (50%).

For the HR-702, No.1 pen (red) records on the left side (approx. 15%), and No.2 pen (green) records on the right side (approx. 85%) respectively.

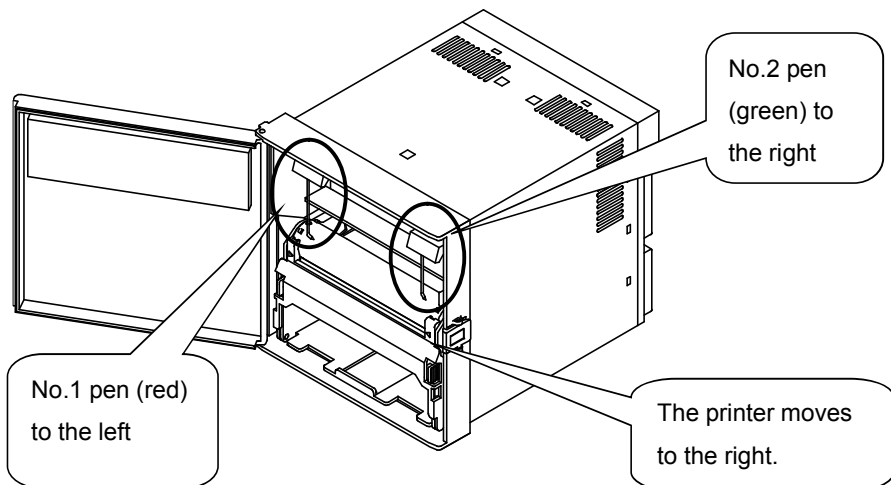


Fig. 5.1-2 Two Pens and Printer will automatically move.

(2) Open the Door.



CAUTION

Maximum angle of the fully opened door is 135 degrees.
Do not open the door any further, as the hinge will break.

Push the door hook to unlock the door. Pull the door to open it.

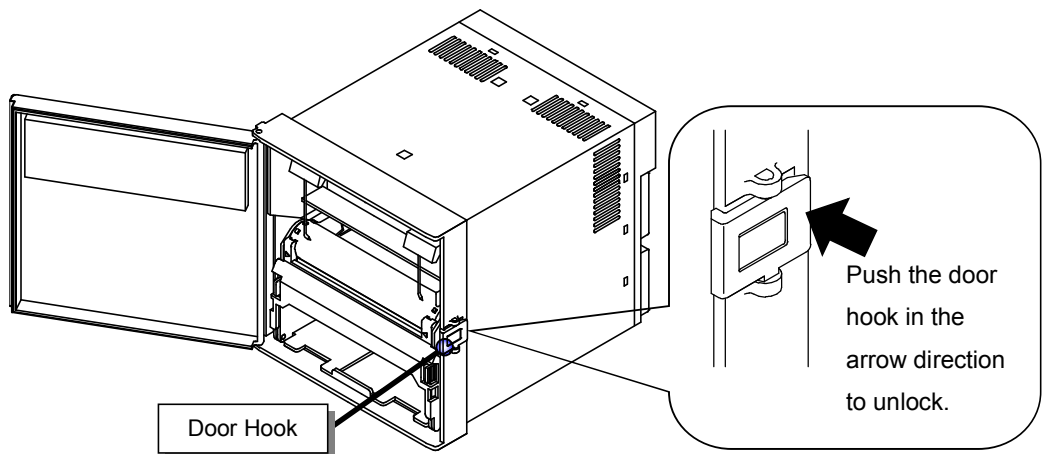


Fig. 5.1-3 Opening the Door

(3) Push up the Pen.

Push the pen-up lever upward to move pen tips away from the chart paper.

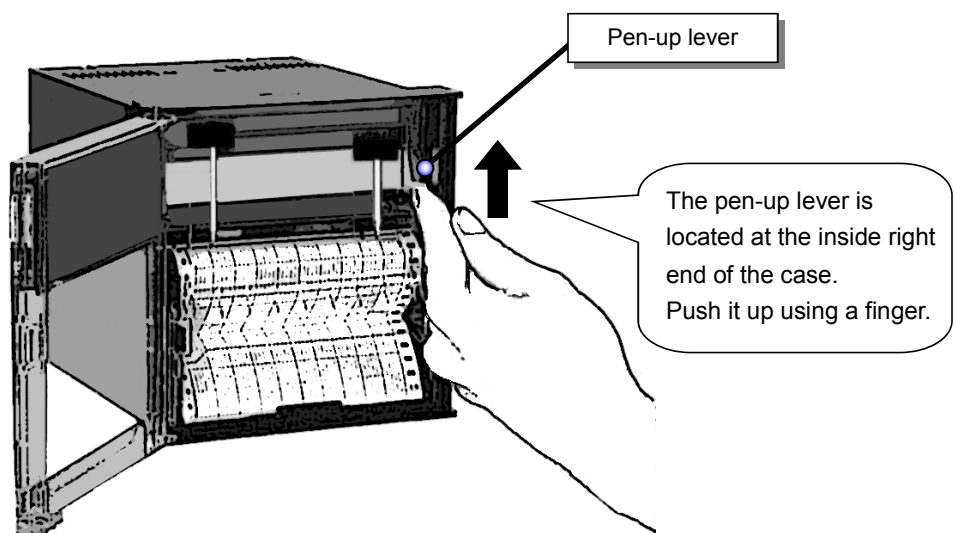


Fig. 5.1-4 Moving up the Pen

- (4) Pull out the Chart Holder.

Press the levers at both sides of the chart holder and pull it out.

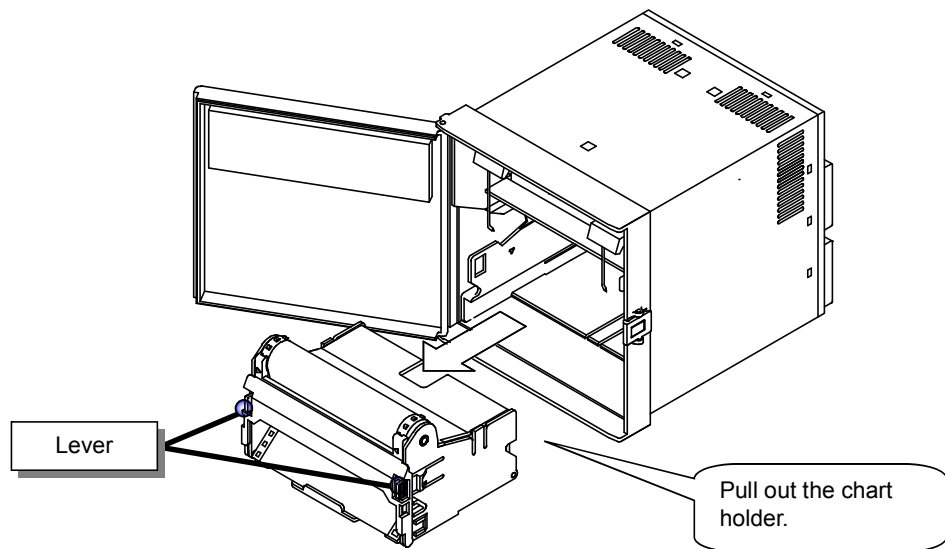


Fig. 5.1-5 Pulling out the Chart Holder

- (5) Open the Chart Cover and Chart Guide.

Gently open the chart cover and chart guide doors, following the direction of the arrows.

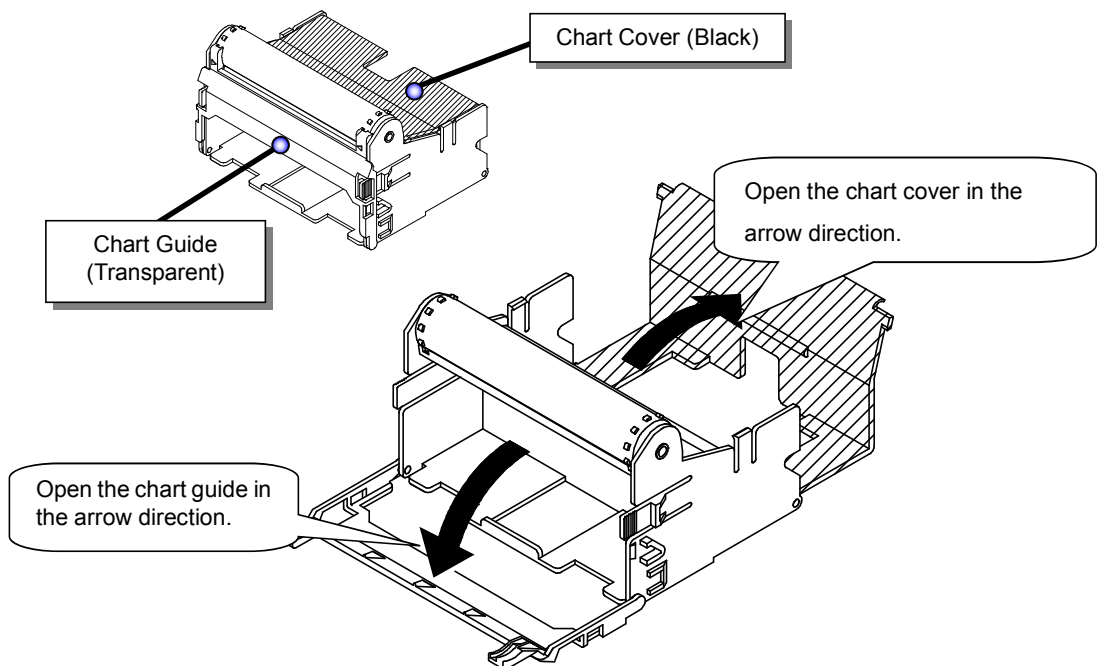


Fig. 5.1-6 Opening the Chart Cover and Chart Guide

- (6) Loosen the chart paper.

The chart paper may not feed properly, if stuck together. Be sure to loosen the paper.



Fig. 5.1-7 Loosening the Chart Paper

- (7) Set the Chart Paper into the Storage Chamber.

Unfold 2 sections of chart paper. Holding the printing surface upward, set it in the storage chamber.

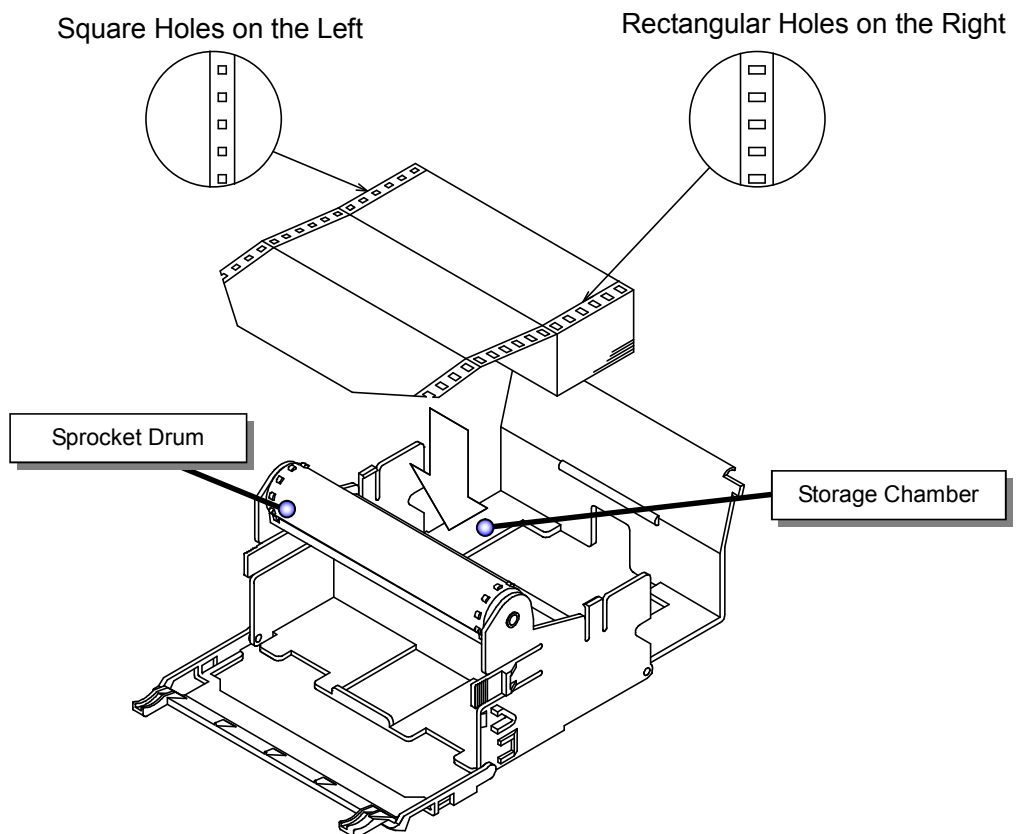


Fig. 5.1-8 Setting the Chart Paper

- (8) Align the Chart Paper with the Sprocket Drum.

Align the holes in the chart paper with the sprocket drum teeth. Set the chart paper along with the sprocket drum. Put the first ply of the chart paper into the chart receiver.

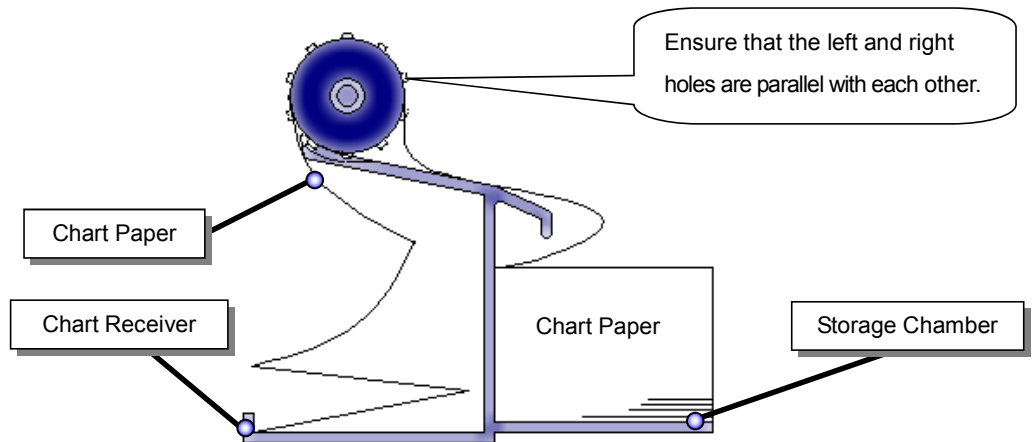


Fig. 5.1.9 Aligning the Chart Paper with the Sprocket Drum (Chart Holder Sectional View)

- (9) Close the Chart Cover and the Chart Guide.

Gently close the chart cover and the chart guide doors, following the direction of the arrows.

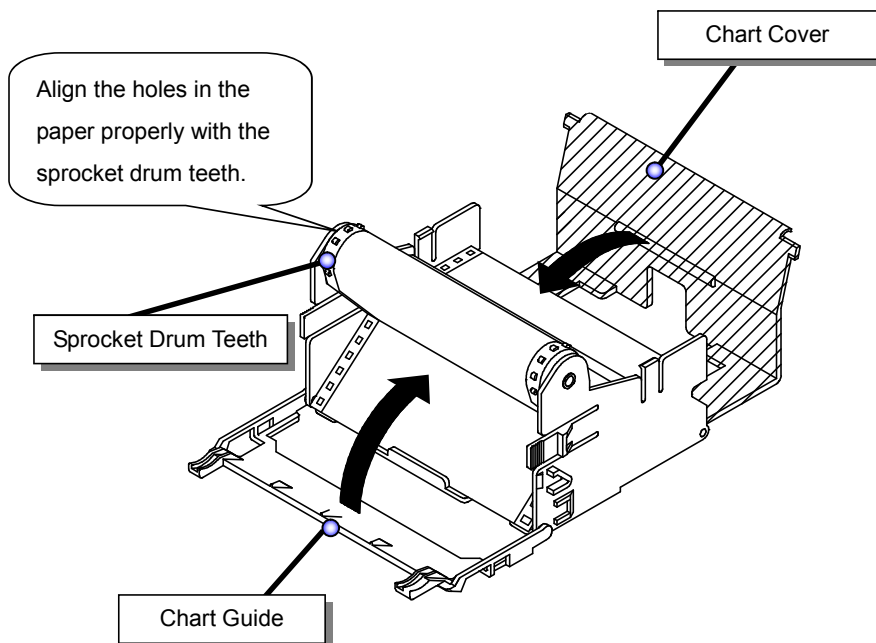


Fig. 5.1-10 Closing the Chart Cover and Chart Guide

(10) Turn the Sprocket Drum Gear.

Check paper feed by hand. Turn the sprocket drum gear to feed out the chart paper.

(4 sections of chart paper should be fed out.)

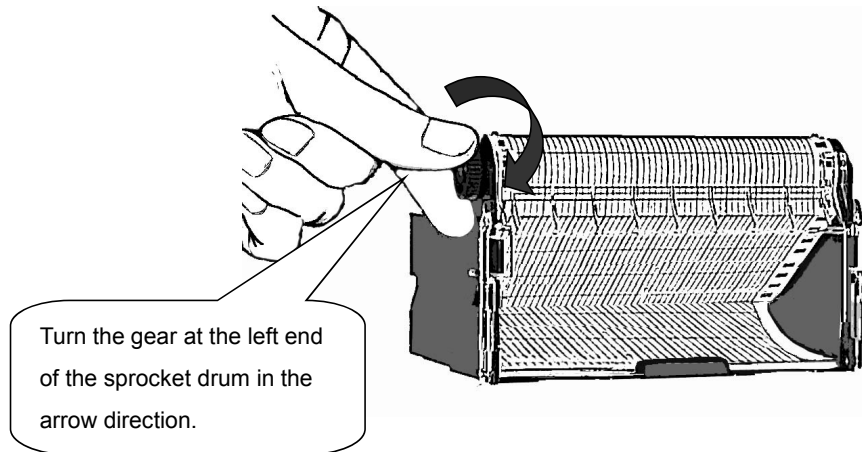


Fig. 5.1-11 Checking Paper Feed

(11) Put the Chart Holder back.

Insert the chart holder horizontally into the case until it is locked.

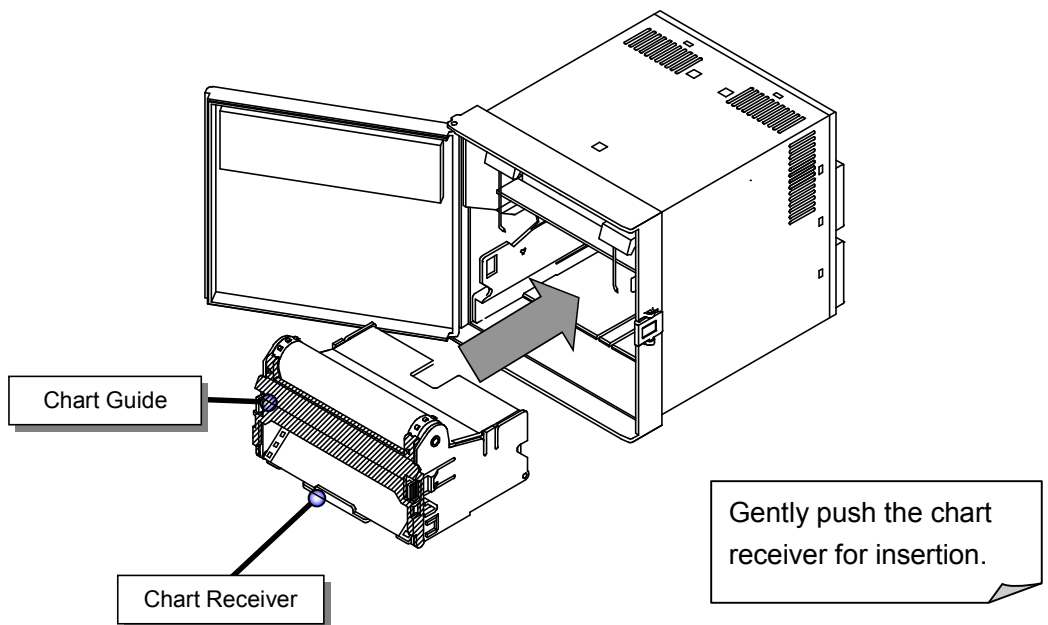


Fig. 5.1-12 Putting Back the Chart Holder

(12) Move the Pen down to close the Door.

Caution

Be careful when opening the door more than 90 degrees. Also make sure that the display cable does not get caught.

Move the pen down with the pen-up lever. Close the door and check that it is locked.

The pen-up lever is located at the inside right end of the case. Push it down using a finger.

(13) Press the “FEED” key to check Paper Feed.

Press the “FEED” key on the display keyboard to feed the chart paper.

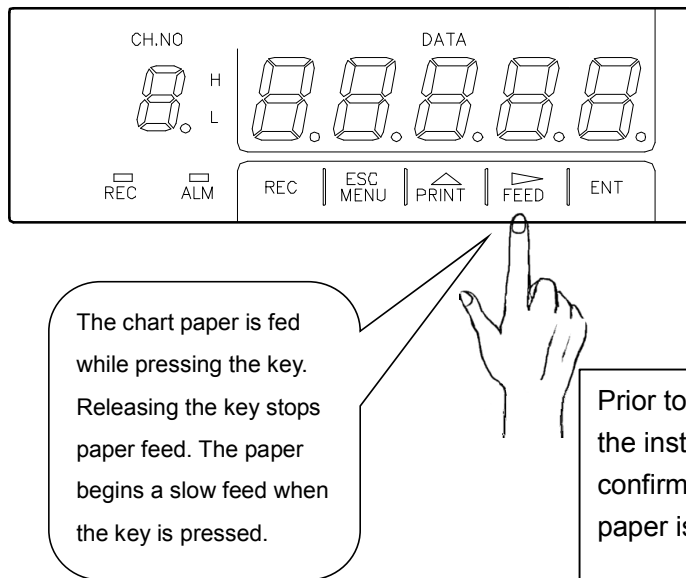


Fig. 5.1-13 Pressing the “FEED” key

(14) Press the “REC” key to restart operation.

5.2 Setting the Cartridge Pen



CAUTION

To replace the cartridge pen, be sure to press the “REC” key to stop recording.

- (1) Press the “REC” key for 3 seconds or longer.

With the power turned on, press the “REC” key for 3 seconds or longer.

Once recording stops, the REC indicator goes off. (See Fig. 5.1-1 on page 23.)

The pen(s) and printer automatically move, discontinuing paper feed.

For the HR-701, the pen (red) records at the center (50%).

For the HR-702, No.1 pen (red) records on the left side (approx. 15%), and No.2 pen (green) records on the right side (approx. 85%) respectively. (See Fig. 5.1-2 on page 23.)

- (2) Open the Door.

Push the door hook to unlock the door. Pull the door to open it. (See Fig. 5.1.3 on Page 24.)



WARNING

To avoid injury to fingers, be careful when opening/closing the door.



CAUTION

Maximum angle of the fully opened door is 135 degrees. Do not open the door any further, as the hinge will break.

- (3) Pull out the Cartridge Pen.

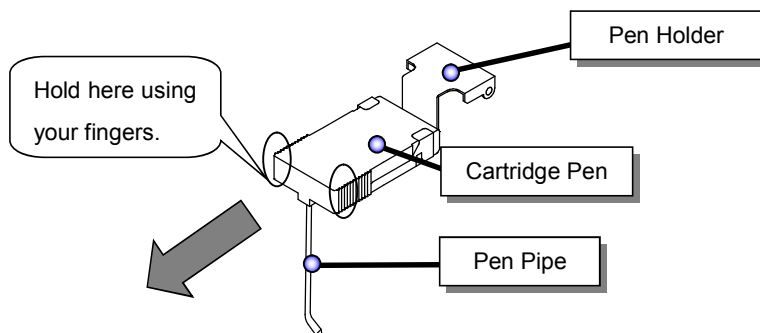


Fig. 5.2-1 Detaching the Cartridge Pen



[Note]

When pulling out the cartridge pen, do not hold the pen pipe. If it becomes bent, improper recording may result.

(4) Remove the Pen Cap.

Gently remove the pen cap from the new cartridge pen, taking care not to bend the pen pipe.

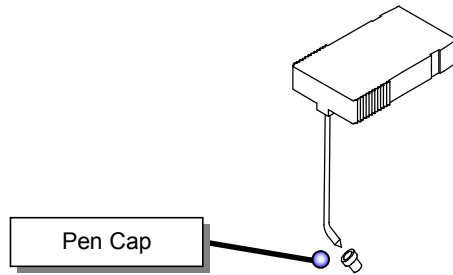


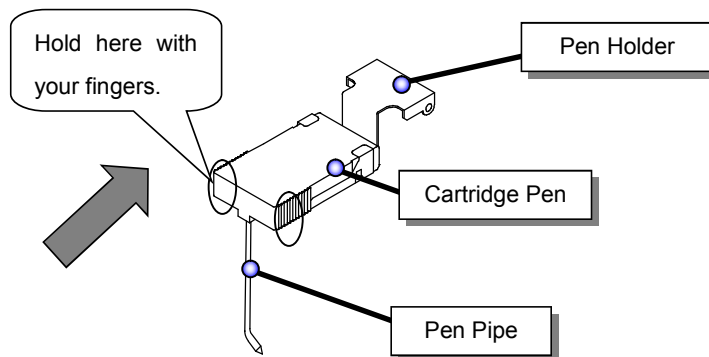
Fig. 5.2-2 Removing the Pen Cap

(5) Attach the new Cartridge Pen.

Attach the new cartridge pen to the pen holder. Push it in firmly until a clicking sound is heard.

Caution

If the cartridge pen is not attached properly, recording might skip when pens cross.



Attach No.1 pen (red) above and No.2 pen (green) below, respectively.

Fig. 5.2-3 Reattaching the Cartridge Pen

(6) Close the Door.

Caution

Be careful when opening the door more than 90 degrees. Also make sure that the display cable does not get caught.

(7) Press the "REC" Key to restart operation.

5.3 Setting the Ribbon Cassette

CAUTION

If recording operation is activated while the chart holder is removed, the ink ribbon may be damaged. To replace the ribbon cassette, be sure to press the "REC" key to stop recording. Be sure to move the cartridge pen up. Otherwise, it will be damaged.

- (1) Press the "REC" key for 3 seconds or longer.
Recording stops. With the power turned on, press the "REC" key for 3 seconds or longer. Once recording stops, the REC indicator goes off. (See Fig. 5.1-1 on page 23.)
The pen(s) and printer automatically move, discontinuing paper feed.
For the HR-701, the pen (red) records at the center (50%).
For the HR-702, No.1 pen (red) records on the left side (approx. 15%), and No.2 pen (green) records on the right side (approx. 85%) respectively. (See Fig. 5.1-2 on page 23.)
- (2) Open the Door.
Push the door hook to unlock the door. Pull the door to open it. (See Fig.5.1-3 on Page 24.)

WARNING

To avoid injury to fingers, be careful when opening/closing the door.

CAUTION

Maximum angle of the fully opened door is 135 degrees. Do not open the door any further, as the hinge will break.

- (3) Move the Pen up.
Push the pen-up lever upward to move pen tips away from the chart paper. (Move the pen up; See Fig.5.1-4 on page 24)
- (4) Pull out the Chart Holder.
Put your fingers onto the levers at both sides of the chart holder and pull it out. (See Fig.5.1-5 on page 25.) The guide shaft, printer, and the main shaft are laid out as shown in the figure below. (The main shaft is invisible if the ribbon cassette has been set.)

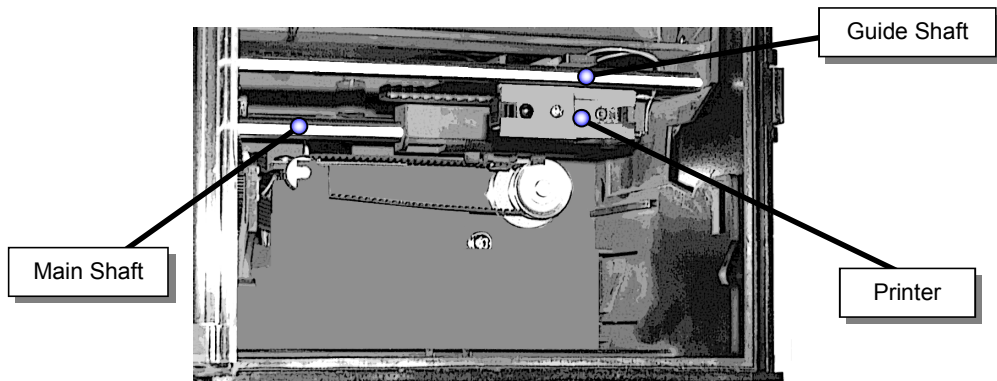


Fig. 5.3-1 Layout of Guide Shaft, Printer and Main Shaft

(5) Lower the Ribbon Cassette.

Detach both sides of the ribbon cassette from the guide shaft.

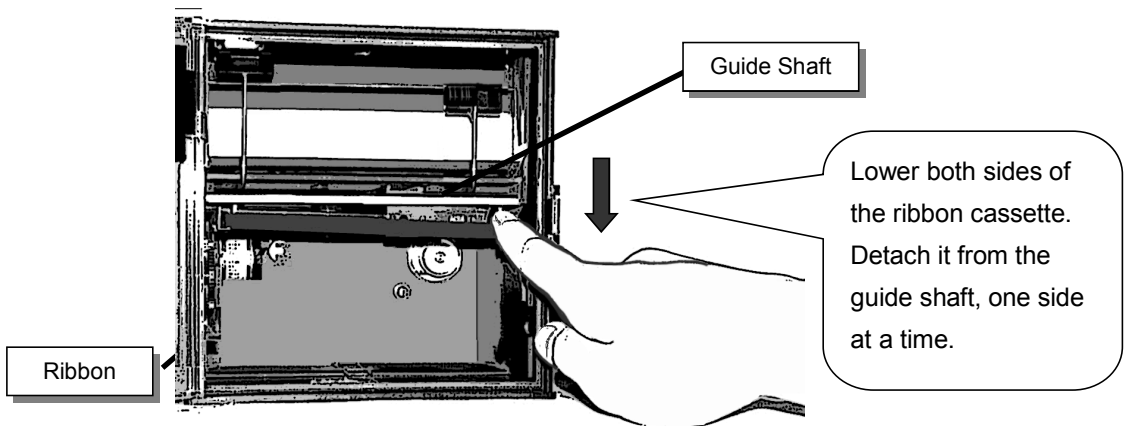


Fig. 5.3-2 Detaching from the Guide Shaft

(6) Pull the Ribbon Cassette down and out slantwise at an angle of approximately 30 degrees.

Detach the ribbon cassette from the main shaft.

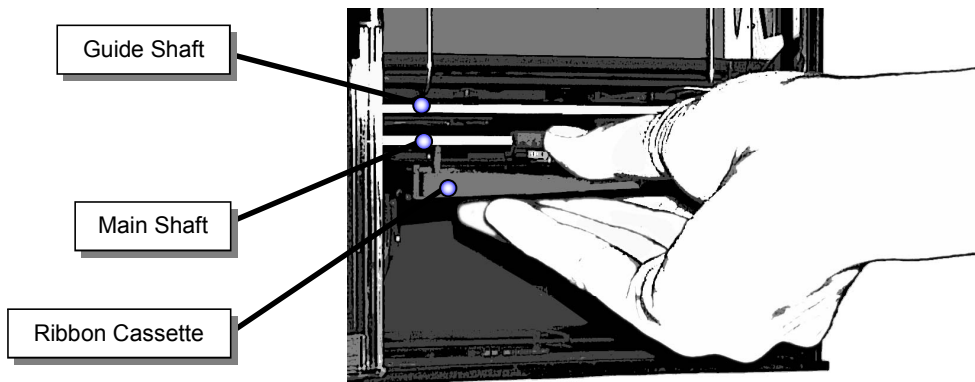


Fig. 5.3-3 Detaching from the Main Shaft

When viewed from the right side (section), the hook of the ribbon cassette has been engaged with the main shaft.

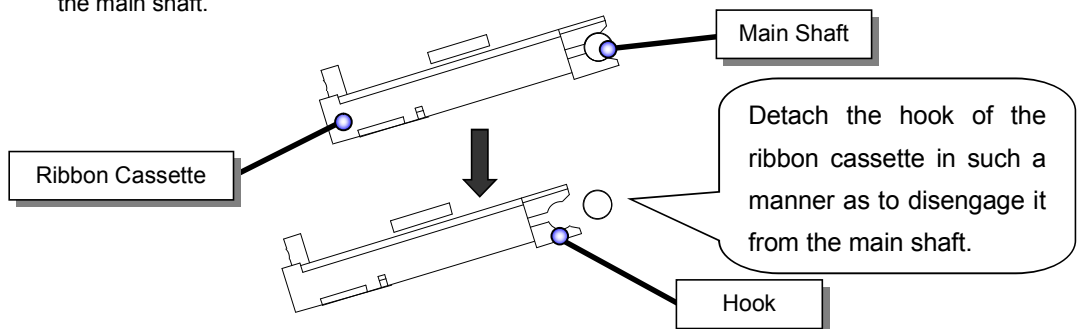


Fig. 5.3-4 Ribbon Cassette Sectional View

(7) Level the Ribbon Cassette.

Prior to pulling out the ribbon cassette, level it.

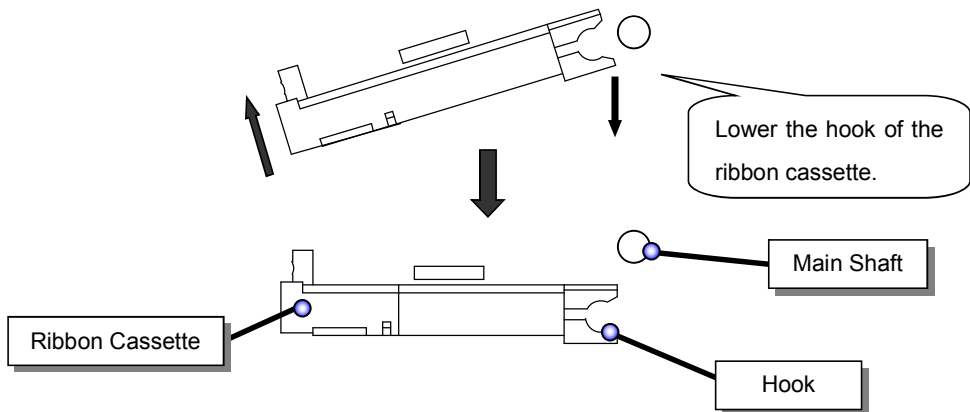


Fig. 5.3-5 Leveling the Ribbon Cassette (Ribbon Cassette Sectional View)

(8) Pull out the Ribbon Cassette.

Gently pull the ribbon cassette out horizontally. If the gear of the ribbon cassette touches the printer, move the printer further to the right.

(9) Tighten the Ink Ribbon.

Set the new ink ribbon. Turn the gear in the arrow direction to tighten the ink ribbon.

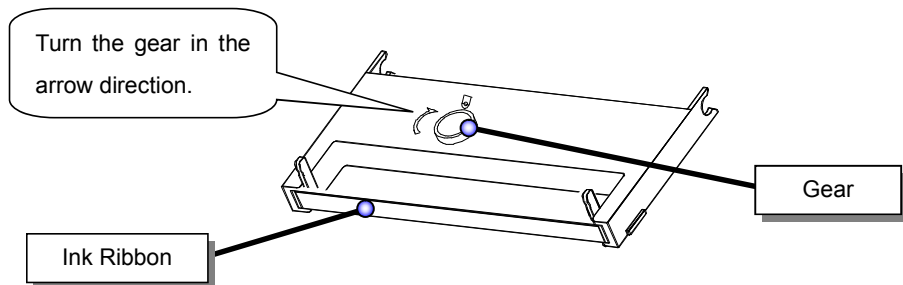


Fig. 5.3-6 Tightening the Ribbon

(10) Insert the Ribbon Cassette Horizontally.

Gently insert the ribbon cassette horizontally.

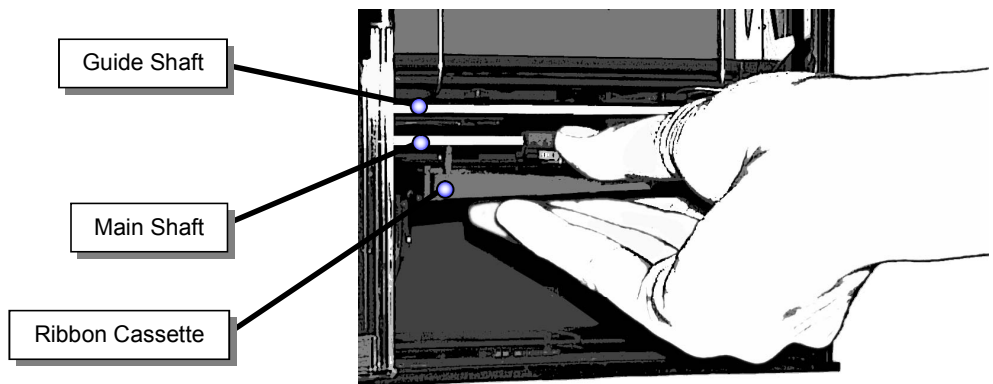


Fig. 5.3-7 Inserting the Ribbon Cassette

[Note]

If your hands become stained with ink when replacing the cartridge pen or ribbon cassette, wash with soap after finishing.

(11) Reattach the Ribbon Cassette to the Main Shaft.

Holding the ribbon cassette aslant, reattach it to the main shaft in such a manner that the hook of the ribbon cassette engages with the main shaft.

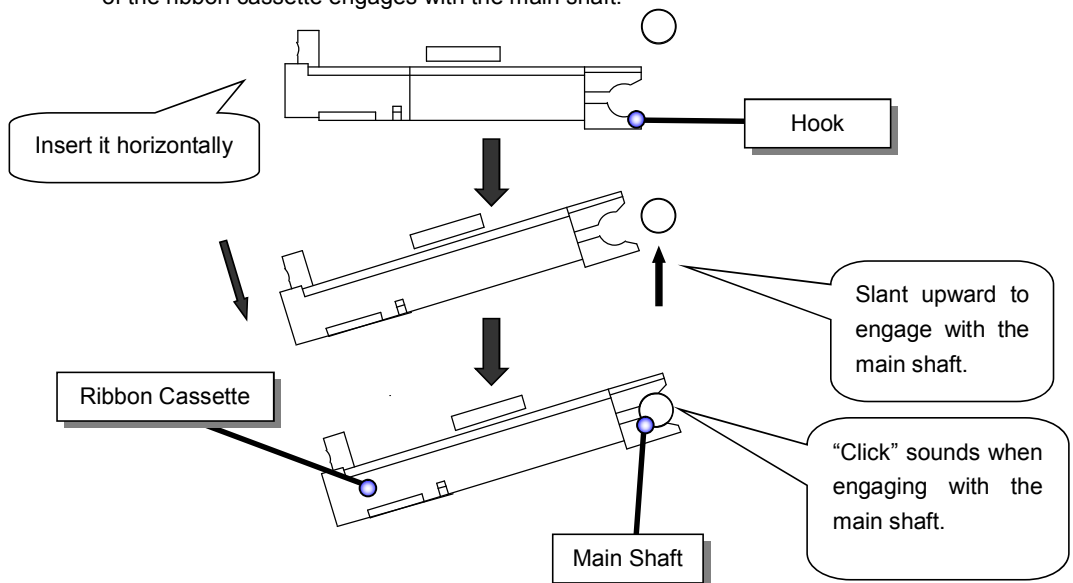


Fig. 5.3-8 Reattaching to the Main Shaft (Ribbon Cassette Sectional View)

(12) Push up the Ribbon Cassette.

Attach both sides of the ribbon cassette to the guide shaft. If the gear of the ribbon cassette is not properly engaged with the printer, slide the printer slightly.

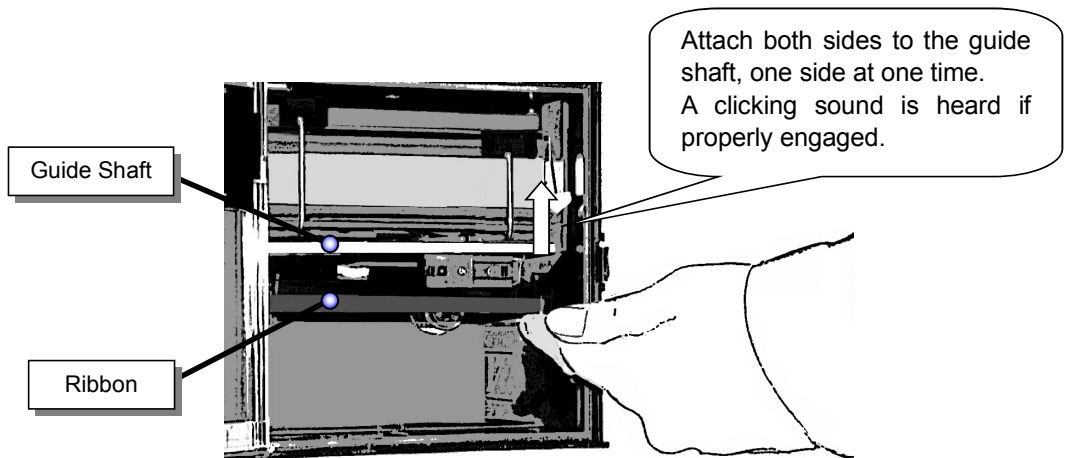


Fig. 5.3-9 Attaching to the Guide Shaft

(13) Put the Chart Holder back.

Insert the chart holder horizontally into the case until it is locked.

(See Fig. 5.1-12 on page 28.)

(14) Move the Pen down to Close the Door.



Caution

Be careful when opening the door more than 90 degrees. Also make sure that the display cable does not get caught.

Use the pen-up lever to lower the pen. Close the door and make sure that it is locked.

The pen-up lever is located at the inside right end of the case.

Push it down using a finger.

(15) Press the "REC" key to restart operation.

6. OPERATION

6.1 Operation

WARNING

Prior to switching the power on, make sure that the supply voltage meets the specifications for the instrument and the instrument is properly grounded.

CAUTION

Prior to switching the power on, make sure that the chart paper is set in the chart holder. If the printer is activated with no chart paper set, the sprocket drum (cylindrical part) of the chart holder may be damaged.

WARNING

When calibrating data, connect the equipment written in Section 9.5 of the instruction manual. Data calibration must be performed correctly.

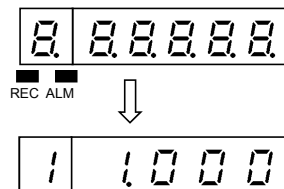
Operators possessing knowledge of electricity and control related matters should perform the calibration after careful reading of Sections 7.2 and 9.5 of the instruction manual.

(Shinko Technos Co., Ltd. is not liable for damages incurred if calibration is performed other than prescribed in the instruction manual.)

Once the power is turned on, the display on the front of the door lights. The instrument will be ready to run (user mode) in about 5 seconds, including the initial screen. If the REC indicator is not lit, press the "REC" key to start recording operation.

6.1.1 Status after Initial Screen

- (1) Display: The "REC" indicator retains its status prior to power-off.
- (2) Printout data: All printing data and analog recording data are cleared after the power has been switched off.
- (3) Alarm and Diagnosis: Alarm indications and output information are not recoverable after the power has been switched off.
- (4) Data and Channel number are indicated as the following Fig. 6.1.1.



Returns to the mode before power-OFF.

Fig. 6.1.1 Screen at Power-on

[Note]

- (1) If electric power failure occurs, initialization is performed after power recovery. The recorder reverts to the initial status above.
- (2) The printout data is eliminated in initialization. Printout operation does not continue after power recovery when the power is turned off during printout.
- (3) When the power is turned on, the display indicates "□" while reading data in Fig.6.1.1. The number of the indicated digits differs depending on the setting.

6.2 Recording

6.2.1 Recording Colors

Table 6.2.1 shows the recording colors for each channel in analog recording.

Table 6.2.1 Recording Colors

Channel No.	Color
1	Red
2	Green

6.2.2 Printing Color

Various digital printings are recorded in purple.

6.2.3 Pen Gap

Fig.6.2.3 indicates the gap between No.1 and No.2 pens.

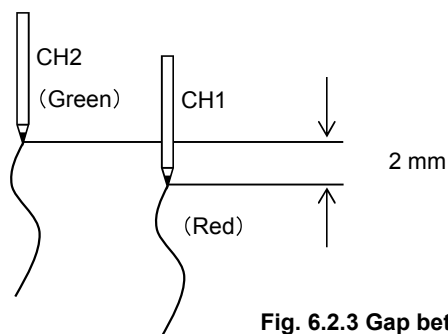


Fig. 6.2.3 Gap between Pens

6.2.4 Gaps between Pens and Printer

Fig. 6.2.4 indicates the gap between No.1/No.2 pens and printer.

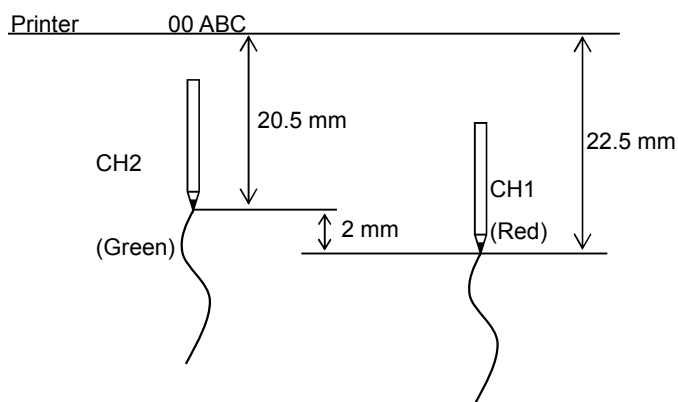


Fig. 6.2.4 Gaps between Pens and Printer

6.2.5 Printing Gap Correction

This is a function to correct the gap between the penpoint and the end of the tracing.

When setting this function ON, chart paper for the whole printout contents is automatically sent to the position in front of Pen 1 after the asynchronous printout is completed. (Fig. 6.2.5)

The printout contents can be checked.

For this function, only DI asynchronous printing and asynchronous log printing are available.

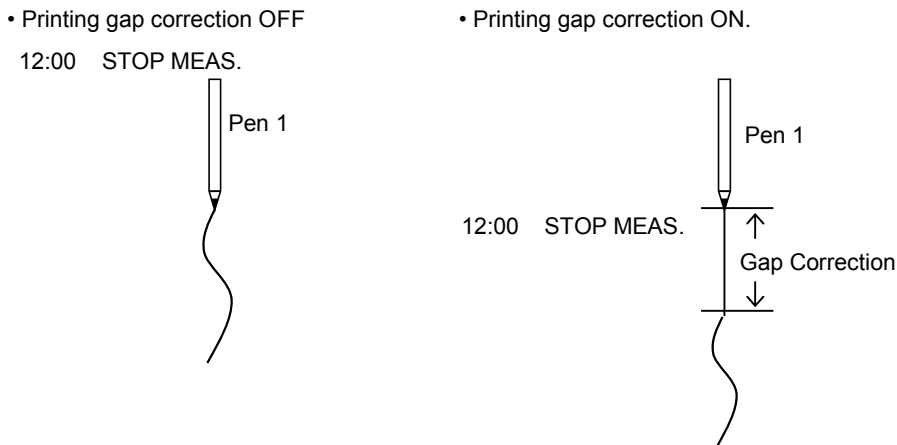


Fig. 6.2.5 Printing gap correction

6.3 How to Record

6.3.1 Starting/Stopping Recording

To start/stop recording, press the “REC” key.

To stop, press the “REC” key for 3 seconds or longer.

The “REC” indicator goes off when recording stops.

[Note]

- (1) When the power is turned on, the recorder continues from the state in which it was turned off.
- (2) When controlling recording start/stop through Digital Input (DI function, option: RE1), recording start/stop cannot be switched by the “REC” key.
- (3) When recording stops, No.1 pen (red) holds a left-side position (approx. 15 %) and No.2 pen (green) a right-side position (approx. 85 %) respectively. Paper feed is suspended, but the FEED key movement is enabled.

6.3.2 Feeding the Chart Paper

The chart paper is fed while the “FEED” key is pressed, and stops when released.

6.3.3 Printing Sample

Logging printing and Alarm printing

Recording Start/Stop printing examples

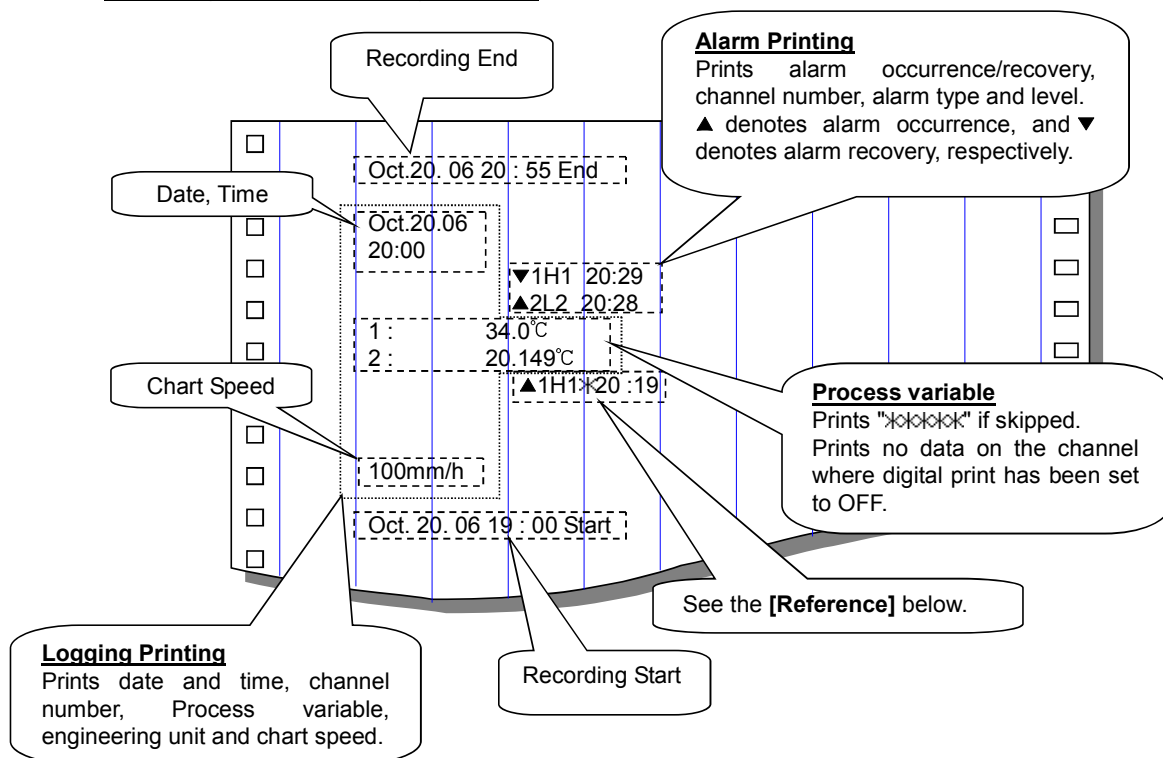


Fig. 6.3.3 Printing Sample

[Reference]

When other printing is active with current job, Alarm printing, Comment printing and Date-and-Time printing will queue.

HR-701 (HR-702) can store up to 6 items of Alarm Occurrence/Recovery printing and 5 items of Comment/Date-and-Time printing. If printing commands exceed those numbers, HR-701 (HR-702) prints a "*" at the end of the last printing. This mark means that any following items after the item with a "*" mark could not be printed.

For priority of respective printings, see "Priority" in Reference on the next page.

Synchronous printing: Performs digital printing with the same speed as the analog recording.

Asynchronous printing: Stops analog recording and performs digital printing. After digital printing is completed, restarts analog printing.

[Note]

Logging printing will not be in the printing queue. At the start time of Logging printing, if prior Logging printing is printing, the next log will not print. In this case, prolonging the printing interval of the Logging printing is recommended.

6.4 Digital Printing

Digital printings listed below are performed by key operation.

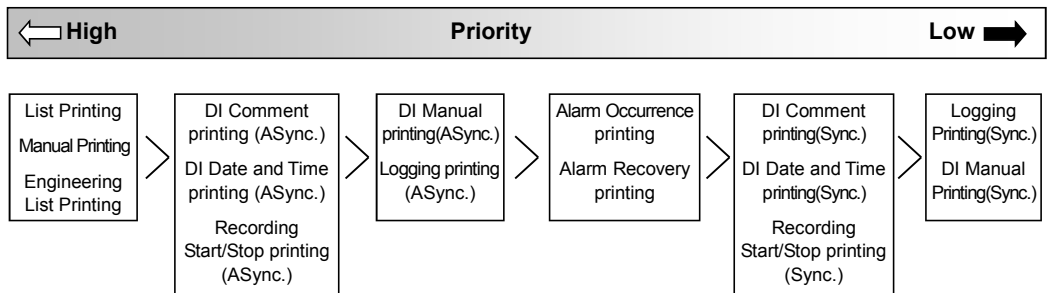
- Manual printing
- Engineering list printing
- List printing
- Recording Start/Stop printing

Digital printings listed below are performed by DI input.

- DI Manual printing
- DI Comment printing
- DI Date/Time printing

[Reference]

Printing is activated in the following priority. See the following Priority Order. When multiple types of printing are activated simultaneously, higher-priority printing takes effect first according to the following order.



The Synchronous printout synchronizes with the analog recording, and executes digital printout.

In the case of the asynchronous printout, an analog recording stops and a digital printout is executed.

After the digital printout is completed, an analog recording resumes.

6.4.1 Manual Printing

Prints the following data on the chart paper:

- Time/date (year, month, day)
- Channel number/Tag setting characters
- Activated alarm type/Latest Process variable/Engineering unit

(1) Manual printing operating procedure

- 1) Press the "PRINT" key.
- 2) Use the "PRINT" key to display "P R I N T", and press the "ENT" key.
- 3) Use the "PRINT" key to select "S E R I E S". Pressing the "ENT" key executes manual printing.

Once manual printing starts, the display automatically returns to the Data Display screen.

Upon termination of manual printing, the display returns to the status prior to starting manual printing.

[Note]

- (1) Analog recording continues while manual printing is running. Chart paper is fed.
- (2) If an alarm is activated while manual printing is running, alarm printing will start from the time when manual printing finished.

(2) Manual printing stopping procedure

- 1) Press the "PRINT" key.
- 2) Use the "PRINT" key to display "P R", and press the "ENT" key.
- 3) Use the "PRINT" key to select "S t P". Pressing the "ENT" key stops the manual printing.

However, for the line during printing, printing will continue until the line is completely printed.

Then Manual printing will stop, and the display will return to the status prior to starting manual printing.

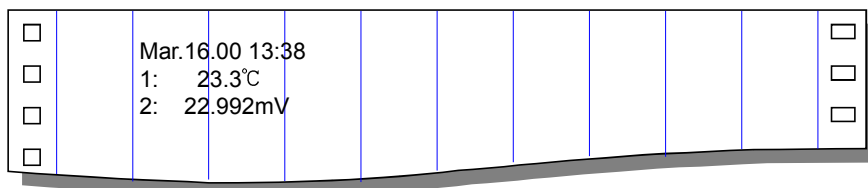


Fig. 6.4.1 Manual Printing

[Note]

For the channel where digital printing has been set to OFF, printing is not performed.

6.4.2 List Printing

Prints the following setup data of the instrument on the chart paper:

- Date/time/Chart speed/2nd chart speed
- Channel number/range/tag/scaling value/engineering unit.
- Alarm type
- Comment/Others

(1) List printing operating procedure

- 1) Press the "PRINT" key.
- 2) Use the "PRINT" key to display "L / S t", and press the "ENT" key.
- 3) Use the "PRINT" key to select "S t P r t". Pressing the "ENT" key executes the list printing.

Once list printing starts, the display automatically returns to the Data Display screen.

Upon termination of list printing, the display returns to the state prior to starting list printing.

[Note]

- (1) Analog recording continues while list printing is running. Chart paper is feed.
- (2) If an alarm is activated while list printing is running, alarm printing is activated from the time when list printing finished.

(2) List printing stopping procedure

- 1) Press the "PRINT" key.
- 2) Use the "PRINT" key to display "L I S T", and press the "ENT" key.
- 3) Use the "PRINT" key to select "S E T P". Pressing the "ENT" key stops list printing.

However, printing continues until the line is completely printed. Then list printing stops. And the display returns to the status prior to starting list printing.

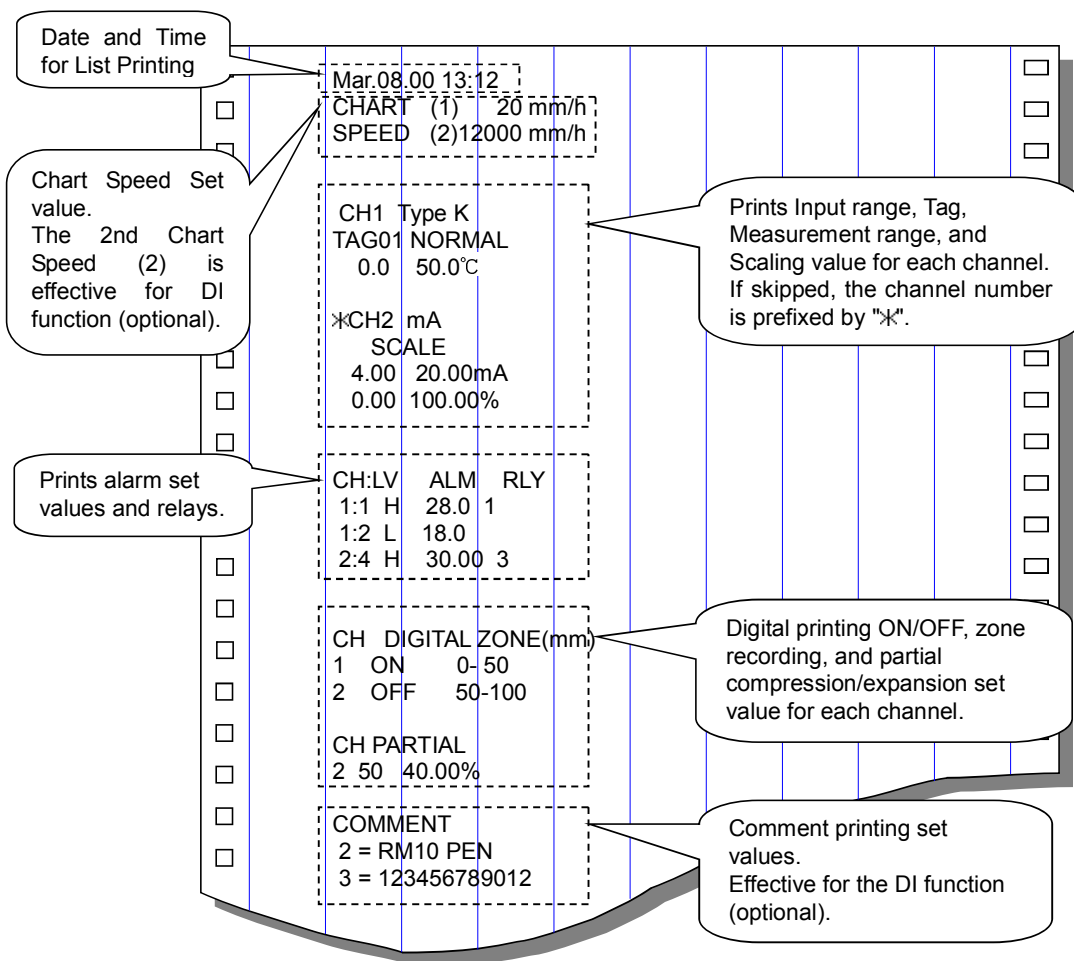


Fig. 6.4.2 List Printing

6.4.3 Engineering List Printing

Engineering list printing provides the following setting data of the instrument on the chart paper.

- Analog recording
- Digital printing
- Burnout/RJC, etc.

(1) Engineering list printing operating procedure

- 1) Press the "MENU" key.
- 2) Use the "PRINT" key to display "E L I S t". Then, press the "ENT" key.
- 3) Use the "PRINT" key to select "S t R t". Pressing the "ENT" key executes engineering list printing.

Once engineering list printing starts, the display automatically returns to the Data Display screen.

Upon termination of engineering list printing, the display returns to the status prior to starting engineering list printing.

[Note]

- (1) Analog recording continues while engineering list printing is running. Chart paper is fed.
- (2) If an alarm is activated while engineering list printing is running, alarm printing is performed from the time when engineering list printing finished.

(2) Engineering list printing stopping procedure

- 1) Press the "MENU" key.
 - 2) Use the "PRINT" key to display "ELI St". Then, press the "ENT" key.
 - 3) Use the "PRINT" key to select "St P". Pressing the "ENT" key stops engineering list printing.
- However, for the line during printing, the printing continues until the line is completely printed. Then Engineering list printing stops. And the display returns to the status prior to starting engineering list printing.

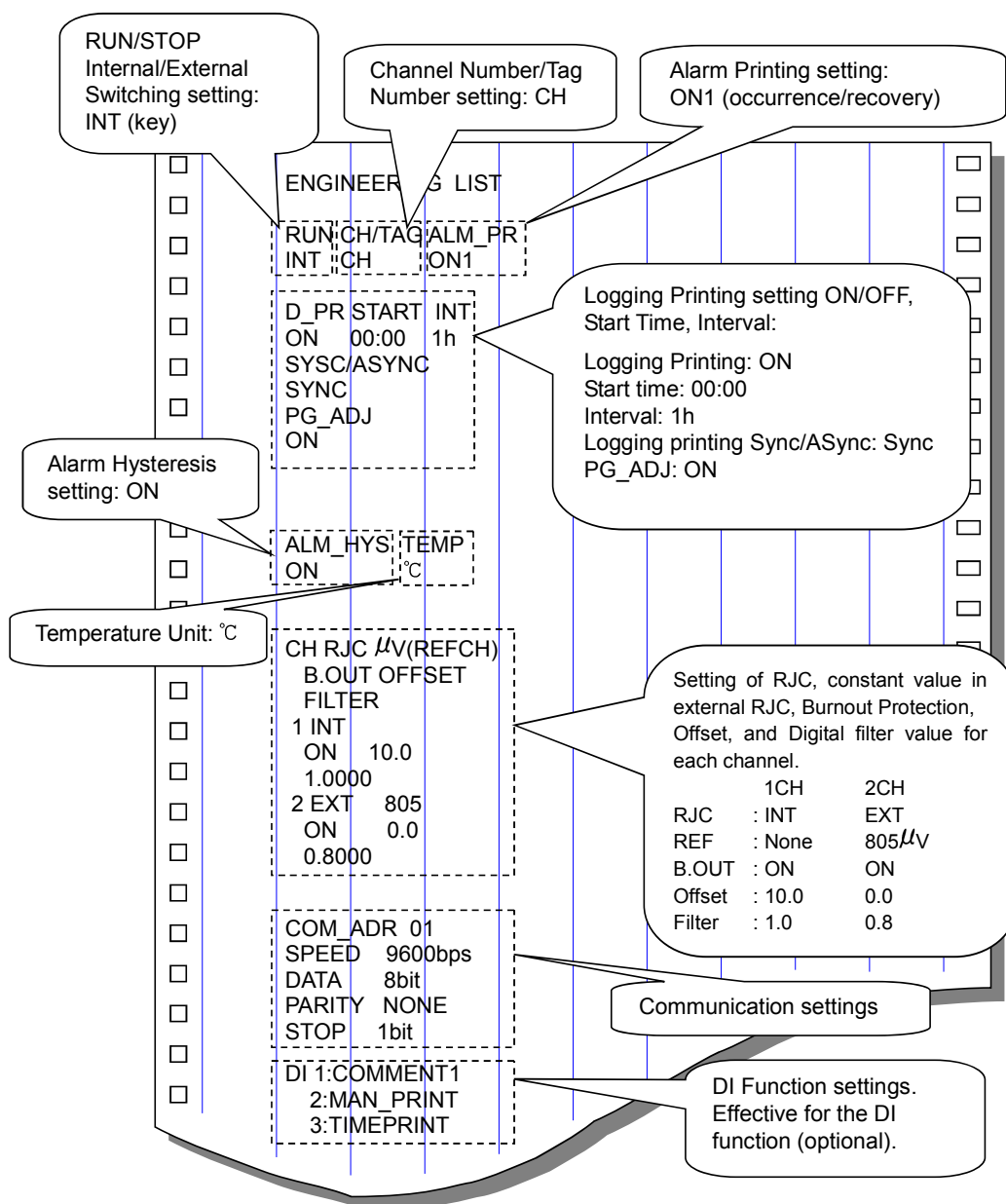


Fig. 6.4.3 Engineering List Printing

6.4.4 Recording Start/Stop Printing

Recording Start and Stop times are printed on the chart paper when recording starts and stops.

Recording Start/Stop printing can be set in Engineering Mode.

Refer to Section 7.2.6 (6) Recording Start/Stop printing.

[*SYn*]: Recording Start synchronous printing

Recording Stop printing is asynchronous.

[*ASyn*]: Recording Start/Stop asynchronous printing

[*OFF*]: Recording Start/Stop time are not printed.

(1) Recording start printing

Press the REC key in the Recording Stop status in order to enable recording status.

Printing will start.

If Recording Start/Stop printing is set to OFF, printing will be disabled.

(2) Recording stop printing

Press the REC key for 4 seconds or longer in the Recording Start status in order to enable recording stop status.

Printing will start.

If Recording Start/Stop printing is set to OFF, printing will be disabled.

[Note]

If DI function is used for Recording Start/Stop, printing will start by DI function, not via the keypad.

6.4.5 DI Manual Printing (DI option)

DI Manual printing occurs by turning the DI from OFF to ON. Current measured value and time will be printed on the chart paper.

Printing contents are the same as Section 6.4.1 Manual Printing.

(1) Select Manual Printing of DI function in Engineering Mode.

For detailed setting method, refer to Section 7.2.9 DI Functions.

[MAN-P]: Synchronous Manual printing

[AMAN-P]: Asynchronous Manual printing

(2) Turn the DI input ON.

DI Manual printing starts by turning the DI input from OFF to ON.

6.4.6 DI Date/Time Printing (DI option)

DI Date/Time printing starts by turning the DI input from OFF to ON. Current date and time will be printed on the chart paper.

(1) Select Date/Time printing of DI function in Engineering mode.

For detailed setting method, refer to Section 7.2.9 DI Functions.

[TIM-P]: Synchronous Date/Time printing

[ATIM-P]: Asynchronous Date/Time printing

(2) Turn the DI input ON.

DI Date/Time printing starts by turning the DI input from OFF to ON.

6.4.7 DI Comment Printing (DI option)

DI Comment printing starts by turning the DI input from OFF to ON. Comment printing can be performed on the chart paper.

- (1) Select Comment Printing of DI function in Engineering mode.

For detailed setting method, refer to 7.2.9 DI Functions.

[CMNT1], [CMNT2], [CMNT3]: Synchronous comment printing

[ACMT1], [ACMT2], [ACMT3]: Asynchronous comment printing

- (2) Turn the DI input ON.

DI Comment printing starts by turning the DI input from OFF to ON.

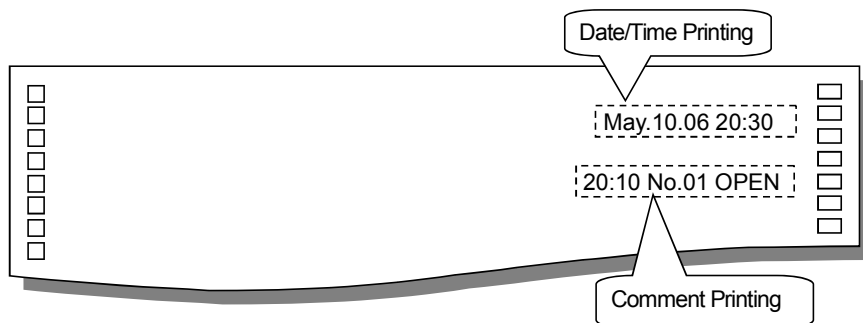


Fig. 6.4.7 Date/Time Printing, Comment Printing

6.5 Changing the Display

Display selection procedure

- (1) Press the "MENU" key to display "dl SP", then press the "ENT" key.
- (2) Use the "PRINT" key to select a required display from the menu below.
Then press the "ENT" key.
- (3) "CH□" is displayed for the manual display. Use the "PRINT" key to select a channel number,
then press the "ENT" key.

"AUTO"(AUTO): Auto display

"MAN"(MAN): Manual display

"DATE"(DATE): Date display

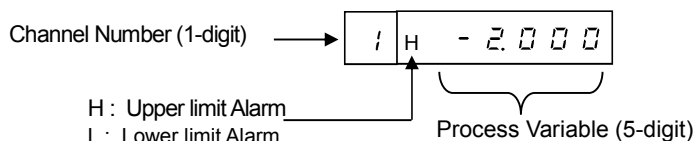
"TIME"(TIME): Time display

"OFF"(OFF): Display OFF

6.5.1 AUTO <Auto Display>

Indicates the process variable of each channel sequentially at intervals of 2.4 seconds.

(Data renewal period: 120 ms.)



6.5.2 MAN <Manual Display>

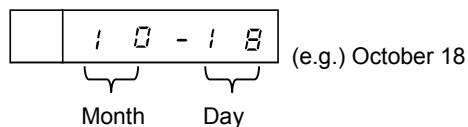
Indicates the Process variable of the specific channel, and updates it every measurement cycle (120 ms).

The data is the same as that of Auto display.

Pressing the "ENT" key changes to the next displayed channel number.

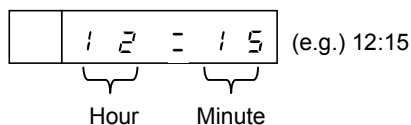
6.5.3 DATE <Date Display>

Indicates the month and day. Leap year is adjusted automatically.



6.5.4 TIME <Time Display>

Indicates the hour and minute.



6.5.5 OFF <Display OFF>

Turns off the process variable display. Key operation is the same as usual. To switch to other displays, repeat steps (1) through (3) mentioned above.

7. DEVICE SETTING

7.1 Setting the Setup Mode



WARNING

When calibrating data, connect the equipment according to Section 9.5 of the instruction manual. Data calibration must be performed correctly.

Operators possessing knowledge of electricity and control related matters should perform the calibration after careful reading of Sections 7.2 and 9.5 of the instruction manual.

(Shinko Technos Co., Ltd. is not liable for damages incurred if calibration is performed other than prescribed in the instruction manual.)

Key Operation for Entering the Setup Mode

Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter the setup mode.

The software version is indicated for approximate 1 second as below.

After that, the setting screen of the range is indicated.

P 2.10 (e.g.) Version number: 2.10

To return from the setup mode to the recording mode (user mode), press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer again.

The following shows a display map of the setup mode. Use the \triangle key to operate.

● 7.1.1 Setting the Range

Setting	Channel	Mode	
RANGE	Ch 1 Ch 2	Volt tC rtd SCALE Sqrt dECAd dELt SUMn nEArn SKIP	Current/Voltage Input Thermocouple Input RTD (Resistance temperature detector) Input Scaling Square Root Decade Difference Sum Average Skip

● 7.1.2 Setting the Alarm

Setting	Channel	Level	ON/OFF	Type	Set value	Option	
						Relay ON/OFF	Relay No.
ALARM	Ch 1	L 1	on	H	-2000	on	1
	Ch 2	L 2	off	L		off	2
		L 3					3
		L 4					

● 7.1.3 Setting the Unit

Setting	Channel	Char. No.	Code No.	
Unit	Ch1	1	Cd 6F	(°)
	Ch2	2	Cd 43	(C)
		3	Cd 00	End
		4		
		5		
		6		

● 7.1.4 Setting the Chart Speed

Setting	1st/2nd Chart speed	Chart speed
Chart	SPd - 1	1500
	SPd - 2	

● 7.1.5 Setting the Date and Time

Setting	Year	Month, Day	Time
CLOCK	y 2000	m 01 - 01	t 06 : 00

● 7.1.6 Copying the Setting Data

Setting	Channel to copy from	Channel to copy to
COPY	F Ch1	t Ch2

● 7.1.7 Setting Other Functions (Zone recording, Partial compression/expansion, Digital printing, Tag, Comments)

Setting	Mode	
Full	Zone	Zone Recording
	Part	Partial Compression/Expansion
	Print	Digital Printing
	Tag	Tag
	Comm	Comments

● Shift to the engineering mode

Setting	Password	
ENG	P 0000	Input a password to enter engineering mode.
		See the key operation on page 76.

Table 7.1 Default value of the setup mode

Setting items	Default value	Remarks
Range (all channels)	± 10 mV DC Scaling 0 to 100.0 (°C)	
Alarm (all channels)	All levels alarm OFF, relay OFF	
Engineering unit (all channels)	°C (BF 43 00)	
Chart speed	1st speed: 20 mm/h 2nd speed: 20 mm/h	
Time	2000/01/01 00:00	The present time has been set. (Japan standard time) GMT + 09:00
Zone setting (all channels)	0 to 100 (%)	
Partial compression/expansion (all channels)	OFF	
Digital printing (all channels)	ON	
Tag printing character (all channels)	"Blank up to the 5th character"	
Comments printing (1 to 3)	"Blank up to the 12th character"	

7.1.1 Setting the Range

(1) Setting method

With a multirange system, setting the range for each channel is possible.

Use the \triangle key to shift the mode mode from ① to ⑩ shown in the Table below.

Set the range from the following input signals. (Modes ① to ③)

DC voltage:	± 10 mV DC, 0 to 20 mV DC, 0 to 50 mV DC, ± 200 mV DC, ± 1 V DC, 0 to 5 V DC, ± 10 V DC
Direct current:	4 to 20 mA DC (External shunt resistor: 250 Ω)
Thermocouple:	B, R, S, K, E, J, T, C, Au-Fe, N, PR40-20, PL-II, U, L
RTD:	Pt100, JPt100

For the thermocouple and RTD, an optimum range is automatically selected by the set span point.

Sets scaling, square root, decade, interchannel sum/difference/average. (Modes ④ to ⑨)

Unnecessary channels can be skipped. (Mode ⑩)

Setting	Channel	Mode	Key
Range	Ch 1 Ch 2	① Hold (Current/Voltage input)	\triangle Key
		② TC (Thermocouple input)	
		③ RTD (Resistance temperature detector input)	
		④ SCALE (Scaling)	
		⑤ Sqrt (Square Root)	
		⑥ DECAD (Decade)	
		⑦ DELT (Difference)	
		⑧ SUM (Sum)	
		⑨ AVER (Average)	
		⑩ SKIP (Skip)	

[Note]

A decimal point position can be set only in the "scaling" and "square root" modes. When altering the decimal point position in Voltage/Current/Thermocouple/RTD input, set it in the "scaling" mode.

To fix the decimal point position, set it as follows.

Input	Digits after decimal point	Input	Digits after decimal point
mV	2 digits ***.00	Thermocouple	1 digit ****.0
± 1 , 0 to 5 V	3 digits ***.000	RTD	1 digit ****.0
± 10 V	2 digits ***.00	± 200 mV DC	1 digit ****.0
mA	2 digits ***.00		

(2) *H o L t* (Current/Voltage), *t C* (Thermocouple), *r t d* (Resistance Temperature Detector)

[Note]: When changing a decimal point position, change it during “(3) Scaling” (pages 55, 56).

Measures Current, Voltage, Thermocouple and RTD.

Example: When setting Thermocouple T for Channel 1 (T: -100 to 300 °C)

Display	Operation Keys	Description
	3 sec 	Press the MENU key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. After “ <i>r R n C E</i> ” appears on the display, press the “ENT” key.
		Use the key to select the desired channel. Press the “ENT” key.
		Use the key to select the mode. Press the “ENT” key.
		Use the key to select a type. Press the “ENT” key.
 (Zero setting)	 	Use the key to select a sign and numeral. Use the key to shift a digit. Press the “ENT” key.
 (Span setting)	 	Use the key to select a sign and numeral. Use the key to shift a digit. Press the “ENT” key.
		Press the “ENT” key. Setting is completed. To return to user mode, press the “MENU” key for 3 seconds or longer.

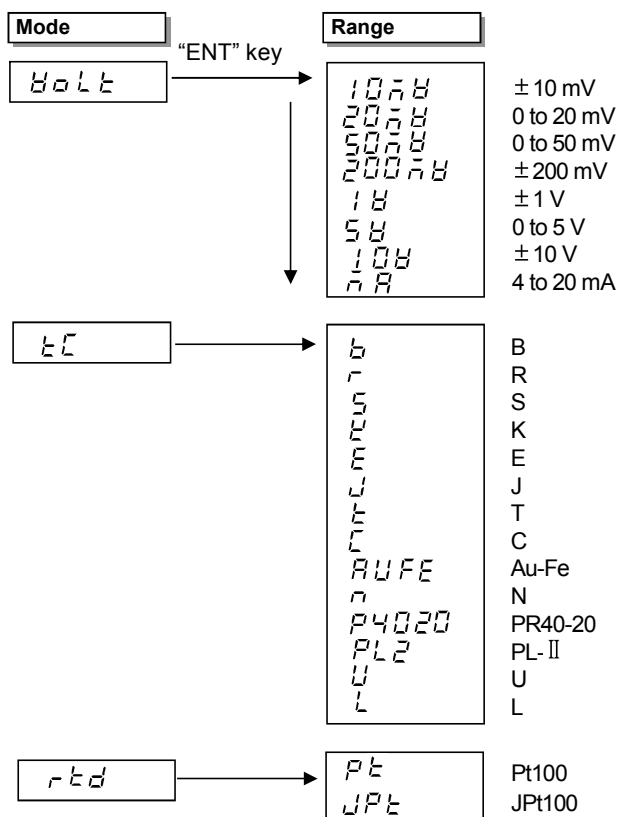
[Note]

- If an incorrect numeral is entered, or is displayed. Press the “ENT” key and re-enter a correct numeral.
- Perform range settings that do not need the scaling at this step of (2) *H o L t*, *t C*, *r t d*.
(Be especially sure to perform the thermocouple and RTD range setting for which decimal point position change is not necessary) (One digit after the decimal point is standard.)
Do not perform scaling here.

[Note]

In *Volts*, *Ω*, or *resd* mode, press the “ENT” key to select the range.

Use the Δ key to select a range type.



[Reference]

The following ranges (input types) have more than one measurement range, and their accuracy is different depending on the measurement range. An optimum range (input type) is automatically selected by the set span point.

Thermocouple (*Ω*): R, K, E, J, T
































RTD (*resd*): Pt100, JPt100

(3) *SCALE* (Scaling)

Converts the input of VOLT, TC and RTD to a corresponding value.








Setting the unit is possible. (See Section 7.1.3 Setting the Unit on page 65.)

Example: When setting the voltage of 0 to 40 mV and scaling of 000.00 to 100.00 for Channel 1

Display	Operation Keys	Description
 <i>r R n G E</i>	 3 sec  	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. " <i>r R n G E</i> " will appear. Then press the "ENT" key.
 <i>Ch 1</i>	  	Use the  key to select the desired channel. Press the "ENT" key.
 <i>SCALE</i>	  	Use the  key to select " <i>SCALE</i> ". Press the "ENT" key.
 <i>V o l t</i>	  	Use the  key to select " <i>V o l t</i> ". Press the "ENT" key. If " <i>t C</i> " or " <i>r t d</i> " is selected here, temperature input scaling can be performed.
 <i>50 m V</i>	  	Use the  key to select a range (50 mV). Press the "ENT" key.
 <i>L</i> <i>000.00</i> (Zero input value)	   	Use the  key to select a numeral. Use the  key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.


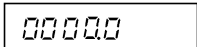
[Note]

For TC and RTD input, set the Zero input value equal to the Zero-side scale value.
(See ※1 on the next page.)


 <i>r</i> <i>040.00</i> (Span input value)	   	Use the  key to select a numeral. Use the  key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
--	--	--


[Note]


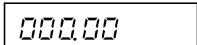
For TC and RTD input, set the Span input value equal to the Span-side scale value.
(See ※2 on the next page.)




 
(Zero-side scale value) (*1)



 


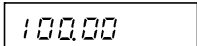
Use the  key to select a numeral.




Use the  key to shift a digit.


 
(Decimal point)


 



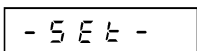
Press the  key again in the lowest digit (at right) to flash a decimal point. Use the  key to select a decimal point position. Press the “ENT” key.

 
(Span-side scale value) (*2)

Use the  key to select a numeral.

Use the  key to shift a digit. Press the “ENT” key.


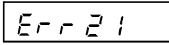

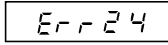

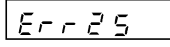
 



Press the “ENT” key. Setting is completed.

To return to user mode, press the “MENU” key for 3 seconds or longer.

[Note]

If an incorrect numeral is entered,  ,  
or   is displayed.

Press the “ENT” key and re-enter a correct numeral.

(4) $\sqrt{}$ (Square Root)

Calculates the square root of Volt input, and scales the value.

The unit can be set. (See Section 7.1.3 Setting the Unit on page 65.)

Example: Setting the voltage of 0 to 40 mV and scaling of 000.00 to 100.00 for Channel 1

Display	Operation Keys	Description
	3 sec 	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. "r R n E" will appear. Then press the "ENT" key.
		Use the key to select the desired channel. Press the "ENT" key.
		Use the key to select " $\sqrt{}$ ". Press the "ENT" key.
		Use the key to select a range (50 mV). Press the "ENT" key.
 (Zero input value)	 	Use the key to select a numeral. Use the key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
 (Span input value)	 	Use the key to select a numeral. Use the key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
 (Zero-side scale value)		Use the key to select a numeral. Use the key to shift a digit.
 (Decimal point)	 	Press the key again at the lowest digit (at right) to flash a decimal point. Use the key to select a decimal point position. Press the "ENT" key.
 (Span-side scale value)	 	Use the key to select a numeral. Use the key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
		Press the "ENT" key. Setting is completed. To return to user mode, press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer.

[Note]

If an incorrect numeral is entered, , or is displayed.

Press the "ENT" key and re-enter a correct numeral.

About Square Root Computation

The square root computation is as follows:

Each item is defined as follows:

SPAN_L : Span lower limit value (Span L)

SPAN_R : Span upper limit value (Span R)

SCAL_L : Scaling lower limit value (Scale L)

SCAL_R : Scaling upper limit value (Scale R)

IN : Input voltage

OUT : Output (Scaling value)

When an input value is 1 % or more (1 to 100 %)

$$OUT = (SCAL_R - SCAL_L) \times \sqrt{\frac{IN - SPAN_L}{SPAN_R - SPAN_L}} + SCAL_L$$

When an input value is less than 1 %

$$OUT = \frac{10 \times (SCAL_R - SCAL_L)}{SPAN_R - SPAN_L} \times (IN - SPAN_L) + SCAL_L$$

Example: When the setting on the previous page is performed, the display shows as follows.

Input voltage (mV)	0	10	20	30	40
Display (%)	0.00	50.00	70.71	86.63	100.00

[Note]


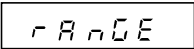




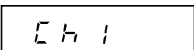



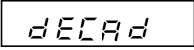












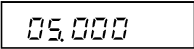




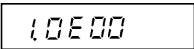




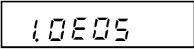




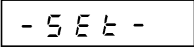

At near zero point, digital indicating value may not stabilize in relation to scaling factor and display digits.

(5) *dECAd* (Decade)


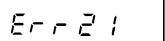

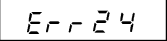

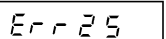
Performs scaling of VOLT input and displays the index number. The unit can be set as well.

(See Section 7.1.3 Setting the Unit on page 65.)

Example: Setting the voltage of 0 to 5 V and decade of 1.0×10^0 to 1.0×10^5 for Channel 1

Display	Operation Keys	Description
 	  3 sec 	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. "r R n C E" will appear. Then press the "ENT" key.
 	 	Use the Δ key to select the desired channel. Press the "ENT" key.
 	 	Use the Δ key to select "d E C A d". Press the "ENT" key.
 	 	Use the Δ key to select a range (5 V). Press the "ENT" key.
  (Zero input value)	  	Use the Δ key to select a numeral. Use the \triangleright key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
  (Span input value)	  	Use the Δ key to select a numeral. Use the \triangleright key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
  (Zero-side scale value)	  	Use the Δ key to select a numeral. Use the \triangleright key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
  (Span-side scale value)	  	Use the Δ key to select a numeral. Use the \triangleright key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
 		Press the "ENT" key. Setting is completed. To return to user mode, press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer.

[Note]

If an incorrect numeral is entered,  ,  
or   is displayed.

Press the "ENT" key and re-enter a correct numeral.

About Decade Display

Each item is defined as follows:

SPAN_L : Span lower limit value (Span L)

SPAN_R : Span upper limit value (Span R)

SCAL_L : Scaling lower limit value (Scale L)

SCAL_R : Scaling upper limit value (Scale R)

IN : Input voltage

OUT : Output (Scaling value)

} XXEYY
XX: Mantissa section (1.0 to 9.9)
YY: Exponent section (-19 to 19)
Up to 5 decades.
[(Scaling upper limit) – (Scaling lower limit)
is 1.0E5 or less.]

Decade display adheres to the following relational expression.

$$\text{OUT} = \text{IN} \times \frac{\text{LGSCAL}_R - \text{LGSCAL}_L}{\text{SPAN}_R - \text{SPAN}_L} + \frac{\text{SPAN}_R \times \text{LGSCAL}_L - \text{SPAN}_L \times \text{LGSCAL}_R}{\text{SPAN}_R - \text{SPAN}_L}$$

LGSCAL_L : Log₁₀(SCAL_L)

LGSCAL_R : Log₁₀(SCAL_R)

[Note]

Decade output is used for display and printing. It is not reflected in pen recording.

Example: When the setting on the previous page is performed, the display is shown as follows.

Input voltage (V)	0.0	1.0	2.5	3.0	5.0
Display	1.0E0	1.0E1	3.2E2	1.0E3	1.0E5

(6) *dELt* (Difference), *Si n* (Sum), *āEPn* (Average)

Calculates the input of VOLT, TC, RTD or SCALE, and output it.

Example: Subtracting Ch1 input data from Ch2 input data to set the difference value to Ch2.

(0 to 40 mV). "Ch2 (input) - Ch1 (input)" is recorded and displayed on Ch2.

Display	Operation Keys	Description
	3 sec 	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. "rAnGE" will appear. Then press the "ENT" key.
 (Setting channel)		Use the key to select the desired channel. Press the "ENT" key.
		Use the key to select "dELt". Press the "ENT" key.
 (Reference channel)		Use the key to select the "channel you want to subtract." Press the "ENT" key.
 (Zero input value after difference operation)	 	Use the key to select a numeral. Use the key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
 (Span input value after difference operation)	 	Use the key to select a numeral. Use the key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
		Press the "ENT" key. Setting is completed. To return to user mode, press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer.

[Note]

When an incorrect numeral is entered, , or displayed.

Press the "ENT" key and re-enter a correct numeral.

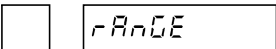

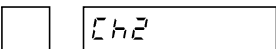





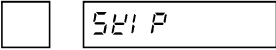




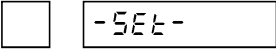

About Difference, Sum and Average

- The setting channel must be larger than the one which computes the "difference, sum or average" value. Set up only Channel 2.
- The range and scale of the channel to be set is the same as those of the reference channel which computes the "difference, sum or average" value.
- A range value after computation cannot exceed the maximum range of the instrument.
- For the reference channel, only the voltage, current, thermocouple, RTD, and their scaling ranges can be set.


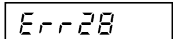
(7) SKIP (Skip)

Set SKIP to the channel for which display and recording are not required.

Example: When skipping Channel 2

Display	Operation Keys	Description
	 3 sec	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. "rANGE" will appear. Then press the "ENT" key.
	   	Use the  key to select the desired channel. Press the "ENT" key.
	  	Use the  key to select "SKIP". Press the "ENT" key. Press the "ENT" key. Setting is completed.
		To return to user mode, press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer.

[Note]

- If all channels are set to Skip,   is displayed.
At least one channel should be set to Measurement.
- Measurement can be conducted on a skipped channel, however, indication, printing or alarm assessment cannot be performed. If input is not connected, be sure to short-circuit the input terminals.
- To return the skipped settings to the measurement settings, set the measurement range again.

7.1.2 Setting the Alarm

Setting items

The following 2 alarm types can be set to each channel.

Up to 4 alarm points (4 levels) can be set per channel.

Once alarm point is set, the "ALM" lights when PV (process variable) reaches alarm point, and simultaneously the alarm is printed on the chart paper, indicating an alarm occurrence.

H : Upper limit alarm When the process variable is higher than the alarm set point, an alarm is issued.

L : Lower limit alarm When the process variable is lower than the alarm set point, an alarm is issued.

Operation

Setting	Channel	Level	ON/OFF	Type	Set Value	Option	
ALARM	Ch1	L1	on	H	-2000	on	1
	Ch2	L2	off	L		off	2
		L3					3
		L4					

Example: When setting Channel 1 alarm point (Level 1) to the following:

Upper limit alarm, alarm set point of -2.000, Alarm output relay No. 1

Display	Operation Keys	Description
ALARM	MENU 3 sec	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. Use the Δ key to display "ALARM".
		Press the "ENT" key.
Ch1		Use the Δ key to select the desired channel. Press the "ENT" key.
L1		Use the Δ key to select an alarm level. Press the "ENT" key. Up to 4 levels can be set.
on		Use the Δ key to select alarm setting ON. Press the "ENT" key. Setting to "off" displays "ALARM" and completes setting.
H		Use the Δ key to select an alarm type. Press the "ENT" key.
-2.000		Set an alarm point. Use the \triangleright key to shift a digit, and use the Δ key to select a numeral. Once setting is completed, press the "ENT" key. A decimal point position is fixed depending on the range.

[Note]

When the "ENT" key is pressed during the alarm point setting process, display will switch to the next setting display.

Setting hereinafter is valid only for the model for which an alarm output (option: LH3) has been ordered. If the option has not been ordered, press the “ENT” key until “-SEt-” is displayed. Then, press the “ENT” key again. Setting is completed.

Display	Operation Keys	Description
<div>!</div> <div>on</div>	<div> <div>△</div> <div>PRINT</div> <div>ENT</div> </div>	<p>When an alarm occurs, the alarm output is issued from the alarm output relay. Use the △ key to select alarm output ON, and press the “ENT” key.</p> <p>If the alarm output is not used, select OFF, and press the “ENT” key.</p>
<div>!</div> <div>!</div>	<div> <div>△</div> <div>PRINT</div> <div>ENT</div> </div>	<p>If the alarm output is set to ON, set the relay number. Use the △ key to select the relay number out of 1 to 3, and press the “ENT” key.</p>
<div></div> <div>-SEt-</div>	<div> <div>ENT</div> </div>	<p>Press the “ENT” key. Setting is completed.</p> <p>To continue to set other channels, press the △ key to select the channel, and start setting. To return to the user mode, press the “MENU” key for 3 seconds or longer.</p>

[Note]

For Alarm printing, the channel number is printed even if the tag printing has been set.

7.1.3 Setting the Unit

Setting Items

Sets the input unit for each channel.

[Note]

To change the unit in the range of *Wolt*, *ℓC* or *rt d*, set the range to *SCALE*.

Operation

Setting	Channel	Char. No.	Code No.	
Unit	Ch1	1	cd bF	(°)
	Ch2	2	cd 43	(ℓ)
		3	cd 00	End
		4		
		5		
		6		

Example: Setting the unit (°C) for Channel 1

Display	Operation Keys	Description
	3 sec 	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. Use the key to display "Unit". Then press the "ENT" key.
		Use the key to select the desired channel. Then, press the "ENT" key.
		Use the or key to select the 1st character of the code number, and press the "ENT" key. (See the Character Code Table on the next page.)
		Set the 2nd character in the same manner.
		When the number of unit characters is less than 6, enter the code (00) to finish. Press the "ENT" key.
		Press the "ENT" key. Setting is completed. To return to user mode, press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer.

[Note]

The unit setting is effective only when the range setting is *SCALE*, *Sqrt*, *decAd*, *delt*, *Si On* and *NEARn* (including *delt*, *Si On* and *NEARn* when *SCALE* is selected as a range setting of the reference channel).

For other range settings, the unit is automatically determined according to the range.

(1) Character Code Table

	2✱	3✱	4✱	5✱	6✱	7✱	A✱	B✱	C✱	D✱	E✱	F✱
✱0	SP	0	@	P		p	0	0		Π		π
✱1	!	1	A	Q	a	q	1	1	Α	Ρ	α	ρ
✱2	"	2	B	R	b	r	2	2	Β	Σ	β	σ
✱3	#	3	C	S	c	s	3	3	Γ	Τ	γ	τ
✱4	\$	4	D	T	d	t	4	4	Δ	Υ	δ	υ
✱5	%	5	E	U	e	u	5	5	Ε	Φ	ε	φ
✱6	&	6	F	V	f	v	6	6	Ζ	Χ	ξ	χ
✱7	'	7	G	W	g	w	7	7	Η	Ψ	η	ψ
✱8	(	8	H	X	h	x	8	8	Θ	Ω	θ	ω
✱9	)	9	I	Y	i	y	9	9	Ι		ι	
✱A	✱	:	J	Z	j	z			Κ		κ	
✱B	+	;	K	[	k	{	+	+	Λ		λ	
✱C	,	<	L	¥	l	|	±	∓	Μ	△	μ	
✱D	—	=	M	]	m	}			Ν	▲	ν	
✱E	.	>	N	^	n	—	-	-	Ξ	▽	ξ	
✱F	/	?	O	—	o		ο	ο	Ο	▴	ο	

Setting example: The code number for "C" is "43".

7.1.4 Setting the Chart Feed Speed

Setting Items

Sets the chart feed speed. Select it from the table below.

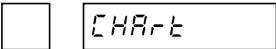





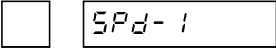




Table 7.1.4 Chart feed speed (Unit: mm/h)

5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	75
80	90	100	120	150	160	180	200	240	300
360	375	450	600	720	750	900	1200	1500	1800
2400	3000	3600	4500	4800	5400	6000	7200	9000	10800
12000									

Operation

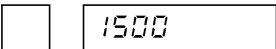




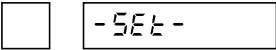

Setting	1st/2nd Chart speed	Chart speed
CHART	SPD-1	1500
	SPD-2	

Example: When setting the 1st chart feed speed to 1500 mm/h

Display	Operation Keys	Description
	 3 sec   	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. Use the  key to display "CHART", and press the "ENT" key.
	  	Use the  key to select the 1st chart feed speed, and press the "ENT" key.

[Note]

To alter the chart feed speed with the DI function (option: RE1), set the 2nd chart feed speed.
If the DI function (option: RE1) is not ordered, the 2nd chart feed speed setting becomes invalid.

Display	Operation Keys	Description
	  	Use the  key to set the 1st chart feed speed, and press the "ENT" key.
		Press the "ENT" key. To return to user mode, press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer.

[Note]

Restriction of printing
by chart feed speed:

Printing type	Chart speed (mm/h)
Alarm occurrence printing, Alarm recovery printing, Affix printing, DI Comment printing (Synchronous), DI Date/Time printing (Synchronous), DI Manual printing (Synchronous), Recording Start printing (Synchronous)	5 to 100 (mm/h)
Logging printing (Synchronous)	10 to 100 (mm/h)

When the chart feed speed is 0 mm/h, it is printed with forcible chart feed. (When the chart speed is higher than 120 mm/h, the Table shown above is not printed.) List Printing, Engineering List Printing, Manual Printing (key), DI Comment printing (Asynchronous), DI Date/Time printing (Asynchronous), DI Manual printing (Asynchronous), Logging printing (Asynchronous) and Recording Start/Stop printing (Asynchronous) are printed regardless of the chart feed speed.

7.1.5 Setting the Date and Time**Setting Items**

The following describes how to set the date/time of the internal clock.

Setting	Year	Month, Day	Time
CLOCK	y 2000	MO 1-01	t 06:00

Example: When setting the date and time to January 1st, 2000, 6:00.

Display	Operation Keys	Description
CLOCK	3 sec 	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. Use the key to display "CLOCK", and press the "ENT" key.
y 2000	 	Set the year. Use the key to select a numeral, and use the key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
MO 01-01	 	Set the month and day. Follow the same process as above.
t 06:00	 	Set the time (Hour:Minute). Follow the same process as above.
-5Err-		Press the "ENT" key. To return to user mode, press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer.

[Note]

If a non-existent date or time is entered, Err22 is displayed.
Press the "ENT" key and re-enter a correct numeral.

7.1.6 Copying the Setting Data

Setting Items

The following figure describes how to copy the setting data of Channel 1 to Channel 2.

Operation

Setting	Channel to copy from	Channel to copy to
COPY	F Ch1	Ch2

Example: When copying the setting data of Channel 1 to Channel 2.

Display	Operation Keys	Description
<div><div></div><div>COPY</div></div>	<div>ESC MENU 3 sec</div> <div><div>△</div><div>PRINT</div><div>ENT</div></div>	Press the MENU key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. Use the △ key to display "COPY", and press the "ENT" key.
<div><div>F</div><div>Ch1</div></div>	<div><div>△</div><div>PRINT</div><div>ENT</div></div>	Use the △ key to select the channel to copy from. Press the "ENT" key.
<div><div>Ch2</div><div>Ch2</div></div>	<div><div>△</div><div>PRINT</div><div>ENT</div></div>	Use the △ key to select the channel to copy to, and press the "ENT" key.
<div><div></div><div>-SEt-</div></div>	<div>ENT</div>	Press the "ENT" key. To return to user mode, press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer.

[Note]

Copy the setting data of Channel 1 to Channel 2.
Copying from Channel 2 to Channel 1 is impossible.

7.1.7 Setting Other Functions

Other functions can be set as the following.

Setting Items

(1) *Zone* (Zone recording)

The data for each channel can be recorded separately in another area so as not to overlap.

(2) *Part* (Partial compression/expansion)

Records the measured data of the channel, partially compressed or expanded.

(3) *Print* (Digital printing)

Specify ON or OFF whether the measured data for each channel is printed or not.

(4) *Tag* (Tag)

Sets the tag, which is to be printed instead of a channel number, for logging printing or manual printing.

For tag setting, up to 5 characters can be used (See page 66 for Character Code Table) for each channel.

(5) *Comm* (Comments)

Sets the comments to be printed by the DI function (option: RE1).

There are 3 kinds of comments, and setting up to 12 characters (See Page 66 for Character Code Table) for each channel is possible.

Operation

Setting	Mode	
<i>ALL</i>	<i>Zone</i>	Zone Recording
	<i>Part</i>	Partial Compression/Expansion
	<i>Print</i>	Digital Printing
	<i>Tag</i>	Tag
	<i>Comm</i>	Comments

(1) ZONE (Zone Recording)

Example: Setting the instrument so that Channel 1 zero/span will be recorded at the position of 20 to 50 %

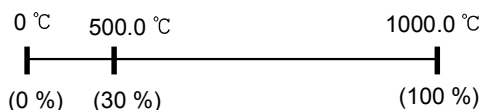
Display	Operation Keys	Description
RUN	3 sec	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. Use the Δ key to display "RUN", and press the "ENT" key.
ZONE		Use the Δ key to display "ZONE", and press the "ENT" key.
CH1		Use the Δ key to select the desired channel, and press the "ENT" key.
L 020 (Left-end Position setting)		Set a zero point printing position in percentage (%). Use the Δ key to select a numeral, and use the \triangleright key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
R 050 (Right-end Position setting)		Set a span point printing position in percentage (%). Use the same process as the zero point printing position setting.
-SEt-		Press the "ENT" key. Setting is completed. To return to user mode, press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer.

[Note]

If an incorrect numeral is entered, Err21 or Err26 is displayed. Press the "ENT" key and re-enter a correct numeral.

(2) *PART* (Partial Compression/Expansion)

Example: Setting Channel 1 scale of "0 to 1000.0 °C" to 500.0 °C at a boundary point of 30 %



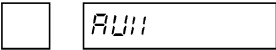





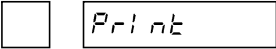




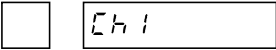




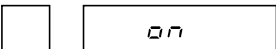




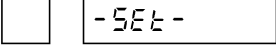

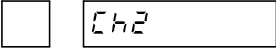



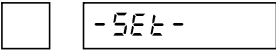

Display	Operation Keys	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> RUN	<div>ESC MENU 3 sec</div> <div>PRINT ENT</div>	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. Use the Δ key to display "RUN", and press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> PART	<div>Δ</div> <div>PRINT ENT</div>	Use the Δ key to select "PART", and press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> Ch 1	<div>Δ</div> <div>PRINT ENT</div>	Use the Δ key to select the desired channel, and press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> ON	<div>Δ</div> <div>PRINT ENT</div>	Use the Δ key to select "ON", and press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> 030	<div>Δ \triangleright</div> <div>PRINT FEED</div> <div>ENT</div>	Set a boundary point position in percentage (%). Use the Δ key to select a numeral, and use the \triangleright key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> 0500.0	<div>Δ \triangleright</div> <div>PRINT FEED</div> <div>ENT</div>	Set a boundary point position to "0500.0". Use the Δ key to select a numeral, and use the \triangleright key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> -Set-	<div>ENT</div>	Press the "ENT" key. Setting is completed. To return to user mode, press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer.

[Note]

If an incorrect numeral is entered, E Error! is displayed.
Press the "ENT" key and re-enter a correct numeral.

(3) Print (Digital Printing)

Example: Setting the channel data printing (logging printing, manual printing) to "ON" (printing enabled) for all channels

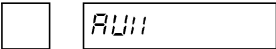



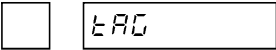


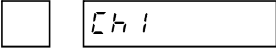


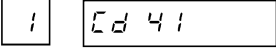



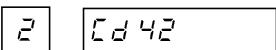



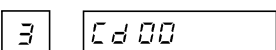



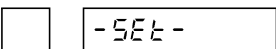

Display	Operation Keys	Description
	 3 sec   	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. Use the  key to display "All", and press the "ENT" key.
	  	Use the  key to display "Print", and press the "ENT" key.
	  	Use the  key to select the desired channel, and press the "ENT" key.
	  	Use the  key to switch from "OFF" to "on", and press the "ENT" key.
		Press the "ENT" key. Setting is completed.
	  	Repeat the settings for channel 2.
		

[Note]

When the channel, for which skip is selected during the range setting, is set ON, "*" is printed.

(4) $\overline{L}AC$ (Tag)

Example: Setting "AB" for Channel 1

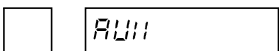


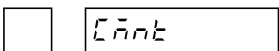




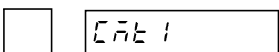




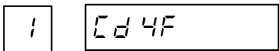






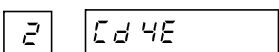




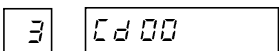









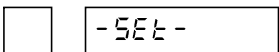

Display	Operation Keys	Description
	 3 sec  	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. Use the \triangle key to display "RUN", and press the "ENT" key.
	 	Use the \triangle key to display " $\overline{L}AC$ ", and press the "ENT" key.
	 	Use the \triangle key to select the desired channel, and press the "ENT" key.
 (Setting of 1st Character)	  	Set "4 1" as the 1st character. Use the \triangle key to select a code, and use the \blacktriangleright key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
 (Setting of 2nd Character)	  	Set the 2nd character in the same manner.
 (Setting of 3rd Character)	  	Set "00" as the 3rd character and press the "ENT" key.
		Press the "ENT" key. Setting is completed. To return to user mode, press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer.

[Note]

When the number of tag characters is less than 5, add "00" code at the last character.
See page 66 for Character Code Table.

(5) Comment (Comments)

Example: Setting "ON" for Comment 1 (Comment 1)

Display	Operation Keys	Description
	 3 sec	Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode. Use the  key to display "RUN", and press the "ENT" key.
	  	Use the  key to display "Comment", and press the "ENT" key.
	  	Use the  key to select a comment number. Display "Comment 1" and press the "ENT" key.
 (Setting of the 1st Character)	   	Set "4F" as the 1st character. Use the  key to select a code, and use the  key to shift a digit. Press the "ENT" key.
 (Setting of the 2nd Character)	   	Set "4E" as the 2nd character. Use the same process as the 1st character setting.
 (Setting of the 3rd Character)	   	Set "00" as the 3rd character. Use the same process as the 1st character setting.
 (Setting of the 9th Character)		
 (Setting of the 10th Character)		
 (Setting of the 11th Character)		
 (Setting of the 12th Character)		
		Press the "ENT" key. Setting is completed. To return to user mode, press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer.

[Note]

- When the number of tag characters is less than 12, add "00" code next to the last character. See page 66 for Character Code Table.
- If DI (Option: RE1) is not ordered, comment printing does not function. Do not set the comment printing.

7.2 Setting Engineering Mode



WARNING

When calibrating data, connect the equipment as written in Section 9.5 of the instruction manual. Data calibration must be performed correctly.

Operators possessing knowledge of electricity and control related matters should perform the calibration after careful reading of Sections 7.2 and 9.5 of the instruction manual.

(Shinko Technos Co., Ltd. is not liable for any damages incurred if calibration is performed other than described in the instruction manual.)

Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode

Press the "MENU" key for 3 seconds or longer to enter setup mode.

Use the \triangle key to select "E n C", and press the "ENT" key then to display "0000".

Use the \triangle key to alter a numeral, and the \triangleright key to shift a digit. Enter the password "2222", then press the "ENT" key. "r E S E t" will be flashing.

Press the "ENT" key. After reset, the mode becomes engineering mode.

The following figure shows a display map of the Engineering mode. Use the \triangle key to operate.

● 7.2.1 Alarm Hysteresis

Setting	ON/OFF	
ALHYS	on off	Sets the hysteresis width Cancels the hysteresis width

● 7.2.2 Burnout ON/OFF

Setting	Channel	ON/OFF	
burnt	Ch1 Ch2	on off	Sets burnout. Cancels burnout.

● 7.2.3 Channel Offset

Setting	Channel	OFFSET	
offset	Ch1 Ch2	00000	Enters an offset value

● 7.2.4 Reference Junction Compensation

Setting	Channel	Function	
rJC	Ch1 Ch2	Int Ext Ch	Internal Compensation External Compensation External channel Input Compensation

● 7.2.5 Digital Filter

Setting	Channel	Function
FILTER	Ch1 Ch2	10000

Digital Filter value

● 7.2.6 Settings Related to Recording

Setting	Function
run	runto tag ALARM dGtPr PCAdj runPr Recording start/stop INT/EXT selection Channel/Tag printing selection Alarm printing ON/OFF Logging printing ON/OFF Printing gap correction ON/OFF Recording Start/Stop printing (OFF/Synchronous/Asynchronous)

● 7.2.7 Setting the Communication Function

Setting	Setting the Communication Function
com	Protocol Local Address Communication speed Data Length Parity Bit Stop Bit

● 7.2.8 Initializing the Setup Data and Calibration Data

Setting	YES/NO	
init	YES	Initializes Setup mode.
	no	
	CAL	Returns to the calibration value at the time of shipment.

● 7.2.9 DI Functions

Setting	DI No.	Function
di	di 1	off
	di 2	rcd
	di 3	SPEED
		Comment 1 printing (Synchronous)
		Comment 2 printing (Synchronous)
		Comment 3 printing (Synchronous)
		Manual printing (Synchronous)
		Date and time printing (Synchronous)
		Comment 1 printing (Asynchronous)
		Comment 2 printing (Asynchronous)
		Comment 3 printing (Asynchronous)
		Manual printing (Asynchronous)
		Date and time printing (Asynchronous)

● 7.2.10 Temperature Unit selection

Setting	Temp Unit
temp	C
	F

Centigrade Unit
Fahrenheit Unit

● 7.2.11 Point Calibration

Setting	Function
P ADJ	Zero
	FULL

Zero point calibration
Span point calibration

● 7.2.12 Data Calibration

Setting	Function
d ADJ	VOLT
	RTD
	RJC

Voltage calibration
RTD (Resistance temperature detector) calibration
Internal reference junction compensation calibration

● 7.3 Terminating the Engineering Mode

Setting	Function
End	Store
	Abort

Saves the set value.
Cancels the set value.

[Note]

When terminating Engineering mode, if "End" is selected and the power was turned off without selecting "Store", the setting will become invalid. For "End" operation, see Section 7.3 on page 93.

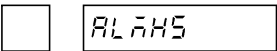



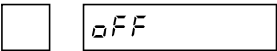


Table 7.2 Default value of engineering mode

Setting items	Default value	Remarks
Alarm hysteresis	ON (0.5 %)	
Burnout (all channels)	OFF	
Channel offset (all channels)	0.0	
RJC (all channels)	Internal compensation INT	
Digital filter value	K=1.0000	
REC (recording):		Use the "REC" key.
RUN/STOP trigger	INT	
Channel/Tag printing	Ch	
Alarm printing	OFF	
Logging Printing	ON	
Logging Printing interval	6H	
Logging Printing reference time	00:00	
Logging Printing Sync./ASync.	SYNC (Synchronous)	
Printing gap correction	OFF	
Recording Start/Stop printing	OFF	
COM (communication):		
Protocol	Original	
Address	01	
Communication speed	9600	
Data length	8 bits	
Parity bit	None	
Stop bit	1 bit	
DI function (Ch1 to Ch3)	OFF	
Temperature unit	°C (centigrade unit)	

7.2.1 Alarm Hysteresis

0.5 % hysteresis can be set as a value upon alarm activation and alarm recovery. (Common to all alarms)

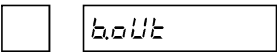



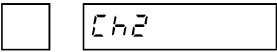


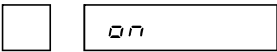


Example: Turning alarm hysteresis OFF.

Display	Operation Keys	Description
	  	Enter engineering mode (See the "Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode" on p.76). Use the \triangle key to display "ALHYS", and press the "ENT" key.
	 	Use the \triangle key to display "OFF", and press the "ENT" key.

7.2.2 Burnout ON/OFF

Burnout High for each channel (to deflect the recording over the span) can be set.

Example: Setting Burnout High for Channel 2

Display	Operation Keys	Description
	  	Enter the engineering mode (See the "Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode" on page 76). Use the \triangle key to display "burn", and press the "ENT" key.
	 	Use the \triangle key to display "CH2", and press the "ENT" key.
	 	Use the \triangle key to select "ON", and press the "ENT" key.

7.2.3 Channel Offset

For channel offset setting, set the value to be added to an actual process variable.

The input value can be set from -19999 to 99999.

Example: Adding the value (3.0) to Channel 2

Display	Operation Keys	Description
		Enter engineering mode (See the “Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode” on page 76). Use the Δ key to display "OFFSET", and press the “ENT” key.
		Use the Δ key to select "CH2", and press the “ENT” key.
		Use the Δ key to alter a sign/numerical value or shift a decimal point. Use the \triangleright key to shift a digit. Once the numerical value is determined, press the “ENT” key.

7.2.4 Reference Junction Compensation

The following describes how to set the method for compensating an electromotive force generated between a thermocouple wire or compensation lead wire and a terminal. There are three compensating methods as follows:

- A method of compensation using the built-in temperature sensing element (INT: Internal compensation).
- A method of compensation by keeping an external compensator's temperature constant (EXT: External compensation). For external reference junction compensation voltage, -19999 to 19999 μV can be set as an input.
- By connecting the terminal of the external junction box to one input of the recorder, compensates the input of the other channel. (CH: Channel input compensation)

For this recorder, internal compensation (INT) default value has been set.

Example: Setting the external compensator's temperature constant voltage for Ch2 to 391 μV
(Thermocouple T input, external compensator's compensating temperature 10 $^{\circ}C$,
Electromotive force input 391 μV)

Display	Operation Keys	Description
		Enter engineering mode (See the “Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode” on page 76). Use the Δ key to display "rJC", and press the “ENT” key.
		Use the Δ key to select "CH2", and press the “ENT” key.
		Use the Δ key to select "EXT", and press the “ENT” key.
		Use the Δ key to alter a numerical value, and the \triangleright key to shift a digit. Once the numerical value is determined, press the “ENT” key.
		Once setting is completed, the recorder will return to channel setting mode.

Example: When Channel 1 input compensates Channel 2 reference junction

Display	Operation Keys	Description
rw	 	Enter engineering mode (See the “Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode” on page 76). Use the Δ key to display “rw”, and press the “ENT” key.
ch2		Use the Δ key to select “ch2”, and press the “ENT” key.
ch		Use the Δ key to select “ch”, and press the “ENT” key.
ch1		Use the Δ key to select “ch1”, and press the “ENT” key.
ch2		Once setting is completed, the recorder will return to Channel setting mode.

7.2.5 Digital Filter

Apply a digital filter to a process variable to record the first lagged value.

From 99.5 % response time (T_1), the filter constant (K) is obtained by the following formula.

$$K = \frac{0.64}{T_1}$$

Example: When 99.5 % response time is 50 seconds; $K = \frac{0.64}{50} = 0.0128$

Display	Operation Keys	Description
Filter	 	Enter engineering mode (See the “Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode” on page 76). Use the Δ key to select “Filter” and press the “ENT” key.
00128	 	Use the Δ key to select digital filter value “00128”. Press the “ENT” key.
-Set-		Setting is completed. Press the MENU key for 3 seconds or longer to return to user mode.

7.2.6 Settings Related to Recording

Recording RUN/STOP trigger, channel/tag printing, alarm printing, logging printing, scale printing ON/OFF and Recording start/stop printing can be set.

(1) Recording RUN/STOP Trigger Setting

Recording RUN/STOP trigger can be set by the "REC" key or by the DI.

Example: When setting Recording RUN/STOP trigger by the DI.

Display	Operation Keys	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> run	ENT △ PRINT ENT	Enter engineering mode (See the "Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode" on page 76). Use the △ key to display "run", and press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> runstop	△ PRINT ENT	Use the △ key to select "runstop", and press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> ext	△ PRINT ENT	Use the △ key to display "ext", and press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> runstop		Once setting is completed, the recorder will return to the Recording RUN/STOP Setting screen.

[Note]

Default value: rec (REC key)

If Recording Start/Stop is set to "EXT (EXT)" as in the example above, select "RUN/STOP trigger recd (RCD)" as the DI function. See pages 87, 88 for the DI function.

If "EXT" is selected, the "REC" key will not function.

(2) Channel/Tag Printing Selection

In the case of logging printing or manual printing, this sets tag printing or channel printing.

Example: Setting the tag printing

Display	Operation Keys	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> run	ENT △ PRINT ENT	Enter engineering mode (See the "Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode" on page 76). Use the △ key to display "run", and press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> tag	△ PRINT ENT	Use the △ key to select "tag", and press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> tag	△ PRINT ENT	Use the △ key to display "tag", and press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> tag		Once setting is completed, the recorder will return to Channel/Tag setting screen.

(3) Alarm Printing ON/OFF

Sets the alarm printing ON/OFF.

ON1: Prints the alarm occurring and alarm recovering.

ON2: Prints only the alarm occurring.

Example: When setting both alarm occurring and alarm recovering printings

Display	Operation Keys	Description
run	 	Enter engineering mode (See the “Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode” on page 76). Use the key to display “run”, and press the “ENT” key.
ALAR	 	Use the key to select “ALAR”, and press the “ENT” key.
on1	 	Use the key to display “on1”, and press the “ENT” key.
ALAR		Once setting is completed, the recorder will return to Alarm Printing Setting screen.

(4) Logging Printing ON/OFF















Sets the logging printing ON/OFF.

In the case of logging printing ON, this sets the printing start time and printing interval.

Logging printing Synchronous/Asynchronous can be set as well.

Setting	ON/OFF	Printing Start time	Interval	Sync/ASync
LogPr	on	00:00	10n 1n	Sync
	off		15n 1n	ASync
			20n 1n	
			30n 1n	
			1H	
			2H	
			3H	
			4H	
			6H	
			8H	
			12H	
			24H	








Example: Setting the logging printing Synchronous to start at 18:00 every day

Display	Operation Keys	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> run	  	Enter engineering mode (See the “Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode” on page 76). Use the Δ key to display "run", and press the “ENT” key.
<input type="checkbox"/> datePr	 	Use the Δ key to select "datePr", and press the “ENT” key.
<input type="checkbox"/> on	 	Use the Δ key to display "on", and press the “ENT” key.
<input type="checkbox"/> 18:00 (Printing start time)	  	Use the Δ key to alter a numeral, and \triangleright key to shift a digit. Then, set the time and press the “ENT” key.
<input type="checkbox"/> 24H (Interval)	 	Use the Δ key to display "24H", and press the “ENT” key. (Select from 10 min, 15 min, 20 min, 30 min, 1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 24H)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sync (Synchronous/Asynchronous)	 	Select Sync with the Δ key, and press the “ENT” key.
<input type="checkbox"/> datePr		Once setting is completed, the recorder will return to the Logging Printing setting screen.

(5) Printing Gap Correction ON/OFF

Sets printing gap correction. This function is available only for DI asynchronous printing and asynchronous logging printing.

Example: When setting the printing gap correction to ON.

Display	Operation keys	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> run	  	Enter engineering mode (See the “Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode” on page 76). Use the Δ key to display "run", and press the “ENT” key.
<input type="checkbox"/> PGAdJ	 	Use the Δ key to select "PGAdJ", and press the “ENT” key.
<input type="checkbox"/> on	 	Use the Δ key to display "on", and press the “ENT” key.
<input type="checkbox"/> PGAdJ		Once setting is completed, the recorder will return to the Printing gap correction setting screen.

(6) Recording Start/Stop Printing (OFF/Synchronous/Asynchronous)

Prints recording start and stop time on the chart paper.

For Recording Start/Stop printing, OFF, Synchronous or Asynchronous can be selected.

Example: Recording Start/Stop Synchronous printing

Display	Operation keys	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>rUn</i>	<input type="button" value="ENT"/> <input type="button" value="PRINT"/> <input type="button" value="ENT"/>	Enter engineering mode (See the "Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode" on page 76). Use the Δ key to display " <i>rUn</i> ", and press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>rUnPr</i>	<input type="button" value="PRINT"/> <input type="button" value="ENT"/>	Use the Δ key to select " <i>rUnPr</i> ", and press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>SynC</i>	<input type="button" value="PRINT"/> <input type="button" value="ENT"/>	Use the Δ key to display " <i>SynC</i> ", and press the "ENT" key.
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>rUnPr</i>		Once setting is completed, the recorder will return to the Recording Start/Stop Printing Setting screen.

Selection item:

OFF (Recording Start/Stop OFF): Recording Start/Stop is not printed.

SynC (Recording Start/Stop Synchronous printing):

Recording Start is printed at preset chart speed. However, Recording Stop can be printed regardless of the preset Chart feed speed.

ASynC (Recording Start/Stop Asynchronous printing):

Recording Start/Stop is printed regardless of the preset Chart feed speed.

How to print Recording Start:

Press the REC key after recording stops.

Recording Start time will be printed automatically.

It will not be printed if "Recording Start/Stop "OFF" has been set.

How to print Recording Stop:

Stop recording by pressing the REC key for 3 sec or longer.

Recording Stop time will be printed automatically.

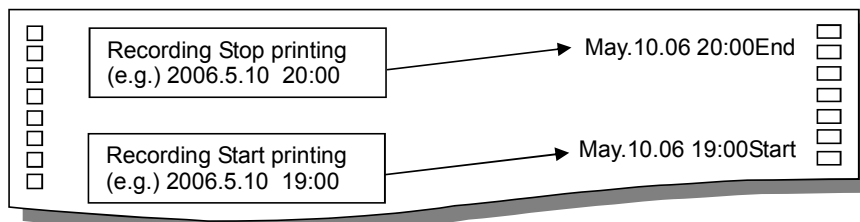
It will not be printed if Recording Start/Stop "OFF" has been set.

DI function:

If DI function is used for Recording RUN/STOP, Recording Start/Stop cannot be performed using the REC key.

Perform Recording RUN/STOP using external DI terminals.

Printing sample:


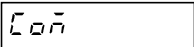




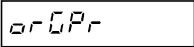



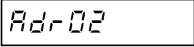



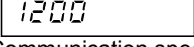



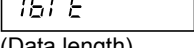



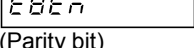



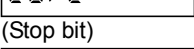






7.2.7 Setting the Communication Function

Sets Protocol, Local Address, Communication speed, Data Length, Parity Bit and Stop Bit.

Example: Protocol: Original, Local Address: 02, Communication speed: 1200 bps,

Data Length: 7 bits, Parity Bit: Even, Stop Bit: 2 bits

Display	Operation Keys	Description
 	  	Enter engineering mode (See the "Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode" on page 76). Use the Δ key to display "Eon", and press the "ENT" key.
  (Protocol)	 	Use the Δ key to display "orCP", and press the "ENT" key. (Select Original or MODBUS RTU.)
  (Local address)	 	Use the Δ key to display "Adr02", and press the "ENT" key. (Select from <i>Adr01</i> to <i>Adr32</i>)
  (Communication speed)	 	Use the Δ key to display "1200", and press the "ENT" key. (Select 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400.)
  (Data length)	 	Use the Δ key to display "7bit", and press the "ENT" key. (Select 7 bits or 8 bits.)
  (Parity bit)	 	Use the Δ key to display "EVEN", and press the "ENT" key. (Select from EVEN, ODD and NONE)
  (Stop bit)	 	Use the Δ key to display "2bit", and press the "ENT" key. (Select 1 bit or 2 bits.)
 		Once setting is completed, the recorder will return to Communication Function Setting screen.


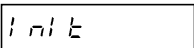








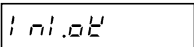


[Note]

For MODBUS RTU (*Mod.Pn*), be sure to set the Data length to 8 bits (*8bit*).

7.2.8 Initializing the Setup Data and Calibration Data

If "YES" is selected, the calibration data is not initialized, but the setup data reverts to the default value. If "CAL" is selected, the calibration data reverts to the default value, but the setup data does not initialize. Take extra caution when executing this function.

Example: Initializing the Setup Data.

Display	Operation Keys	Description
 	  	Enter engineering mode (See the "Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode" on page 76). Use the Δ key to display "init", and press the "ENT" key.
 	 	Use the Δ key to select "YES", and press the "ENT" key.
 	 	Initialization is completed.

7.2.9 DI Functions

Allocates functions to 3 DI terminals. There are 12 DI functions as follows.

No function	: \overline{OFF}	
Manual printing (Sync.)	: $\overline{MAN-P}$	(Positive edge: Printing starts)
Manual printing (ASync.)	: $\overline{AMAN.P}$	(Positive edge: Printing starts)
RUN/STOP trigger	: \overline{RCD}	(ON: RUN, OFF: STOP)
Date/Time printing (Sync.)	: $\overline{TIM-P}$	(Positive edge: Printing starts)
Date/Time printing (ASync.)	: $\overline{ATIM.P}$	(Positive edge: Printing starts)
Chart feed speed selection	: \overline{SPEED}	(ON: Spd-1, OFF: Spd-2)
Comment printing 1 to 3 (Sync.)	: $\overline{C1}, \overline{C2}, \overline{C3}$	(Positive edge: Printing starts)
Comment printing 1 to 3 (ASync.)	: $\overline{AC1}, \overline{AC2}, \overline{AC3}$	(Positive edge: Printing starts)

About DI function

By closing 3 DI terminals (D1, D2, D3) and the COM terminal, the following operations can be carried out.

Setting method

(1) Manual printing (Sync.) $\overline{MAN-P}$ (MAN-P)

Temporary channel value, date/time are printed on the chart paper.

Printing channel will be determined depending on whether the Digital printing function is turned ON or OFF in Setup mode.

Refer to Section "7.1.7 Setting other functions: (4) Digital printing".

Preset Chart feed speed is used for printing.

Printing starts upon closing the DI terminals and the COM terminal (ON).

(2) Manual printing (ASync.) $\overline{AMAN.P}$ (AMAN.P)

Temporary channel value, date and time are printed on the chart paper.

Printing channel will be determined depending on whether the Digital printing function is turned ON or OFF in Setup mode.

Refer to Section "7.1.7 Setting other functions: (4) Digital printing".

Temporary channel value, date/time are printed regardless of the preset Chart feed speed.

During printing, measured value recording will not be performed.

Printing starts upon closing the DI terminals and the COM terminal (ON).

(3) RUN/STOP trigger \overline{RCD} (RCD)

Recording RUN/STOP can be operated externally by DI terminals.

Recording starts upon closing the DI terminals and the COM terminal (ON).

Recording stops upon opening the DI terminals and the COM terminal (OFF).

(4) Date/Time printing (Sync.) $\overline{TIM-P}$ (TIM-P)

Current date and time are printed on the chart paper.

Preset Chart feed speed is used for printing.

Printing starts upon closing the DI terminals and the COM terminal (ON).

(5) Date/Time printing (ASync.) $\overline{ATIM.P}$ (ATIM.P)

Current date and time are printed on the chart paper.

Date and time will be printed regardless of the preset Chart feed speed.

During printing, measured value recording will not be performed.

Printing starts upon closing the DI terminals and the COM terminal (ON).

(6) Chart feed speed selection *SPEED* (SPEED)

Chart feed speed can be operated in 2 stages by DI terminals. Refer to Section "7.1.4 Setting the Chart feed speed". The 1st chart feed speed can be selected by closing the DI terminals and the COM terminal (ON). The 2nd chart feed speed can be selected by opening the DI terminals and the COM terminal (OFF).

(7) Comment printing 1 to 3 (Sync.) *CMNT 1, CMNT 2, CMNT 3* (CMNT 1 to 3)

The preset comments (comment 1, 2, 3) are printed on the chart paper.

Refer to Section "7.1.7 Setting other functions: (6) Comments".

Comments are printed by the preset Chart feed speed.

Depending on the Chart feed speed, some comments may not be printed (e.g. where Chart feed speed is too slow.). Refer to Section "7.1.4 Setting the Chart feed speed".

Printing starts upon closing the DI terminals and the COM terminal (ON).

It is possible to print up to 16 characters for Dot printing type, and up to 12 characters for Pen writing type.

(8) Comment printing 1 to 3 (Async.) *ACMT 1, ACMT 2, ACMT 3* (ACMT 1 to 3)

The preset comments (comment 1, 2, 3) are printed on the chart paper.

Refer to Section "7.1.7 Setting other functions: (6) Comments".

Comments are printed regardless of the preset Chart feed speed.

During printing, measured value recording will not be performed.

Printing starts upon closing the DI terminals and the COM terminal (ON).









It is possible to print up to 16 characters for Dot printing type, and up to 12 characters for Pen writing type.

Notes when operating Recording RUN/STOP

When operating Recording RUN/STOP externally using the DI function, select "(3) RUN/STOP trigger *RCD* (RCD)" of the DI function (p.85), and DI setting in engineering mode has to be set to *EXT* (EXT). [Refer to Section "7.2.6 Settings related to Recording (1) Recording RUN/STOP Trigger setting" on page 82.]

For priority order and buffer action of Comment, Manual and Date/Time Printing, refer to Sections "6.3.3 Printing sample" and "6.4 Digital printing".

Example: Setting comment printing 3 for DI3

Display	Operation Keys	Description
 <i>DI1</i>		Enter engineering mode (See the "Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode" on page 76). Use the Δ key to display " <i>DI1</i> ", and press the "ENT" key.
 <i>DI3</i>		Use the Δ key to select " <i>DI3</i> ", and press the "ENT" key.
 <i>CMNT3</i>		Use the Δ key to display " <i>CMNT3</i> ", and press the "ENT" key.
 <i>DI3</i>		Once setting is completed, the recorder will return to the DI3 Function Setting screen.


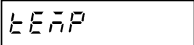












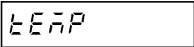
[Note]

- (1) Although "DI synchronous printing" does not print in STOP status, "DI asynchronous printing" does print in STOP status.
- (2) Be sure to set to OFF if the DI option is not ordered. Do not set to any other settings except OFF.

7.2.10 Temperature Unit Selection

Sets the temperature unit.

Example: Setting the temperature unit to Fahrenheit (°F).

Display	Operation keys	Description
 	   	Enter engineering mode (See the “Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode” on page 76). Use the  key to display "tE n P", and press the “ENT” key.
 	  	Use the  key to select "F", and press the “ENT” key.
 		Once setting is completed, the recorder will return to the Temperature Unit Setting screen.

[Note]

If the temperature unit is changed, all setup data will revert to default values.

7.2.11 Point Calibration

Calibrates the pen recording position.

Zero: Calibration of the zero point position

FULL: Calibration of the span point position

Example: Calibrating the zero point of Channel 1 pen recording

Display	Operation Keys	Description
PADJ		Enter engineering mode (See the "Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode" on page 76). Use the key to display "PADJ", and press the "ENT" key.
Zero		Use the key to select "Zero", and press the "ENT" key.
Ch 1		Use the key to select "Ch 1", and press the "ENT" key.
27853		The instrument starts to feed and trace the chart paper. With the (move left) and (move right), adjust the 0 mm position of the chart paper and the recording position. Press the "ENT" key. Display indicates the preset counter value.
Zero		Once setting is completed, the recorder will return to the Zero Point Calibration screen.

Example: Calibrating the span point of Channel 1 pen recording

Display	Operation Keys	Description
PADJ		Enter engineering mode (See the "Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode" on page 76). Use the key to display "PADJ", and press the ENT key.
FULL		Use the key to select "FULL", and press the "ENT" key.
Ch 1		Use the key to select "Ch 1", and press the "ENT" key.
5 04992		The instrument starts to feed and trace the chart paper. With the (move left) and (move right), adjust the 100 mm position of the chart paper and the pen recording position. Press the "ENT" key. Display indicates the preset counter value.
FULL		Once setting is completed, the recorder will return to the Span Point Calibration screen.

7.2.12 Data Calibration

Calibrate the voltage, RTD (resistance temperature detector), and reference junction compensation.

volt : Calibration of voltage

rtd : Calibration of RTD (resistance temperature detector)

rjc : Calibration of RJC (reference junction compensation)




[Note]

- Every channel requires calibration.
- This instrument has been carefully calibrated. If an indicated value is not normal, check the settings again.

Example: Calibrating the voltage at Channel 1

Display	Operation Keys	Description
<i>dRdU</i>		Enter engineering mode (See the "Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode" on page 76). Use the Δ key to display " <i>dRdU</i> ", and press the "ENT" key.
<i>volt</i>		Use the Δ key to select " <i>volt</i> ", and press the "ENT" key. Select a channel to which equipment for calibration such as an mV generator is connected, and press the "ENT" key.
<i>u</i> <i>ch1</i>		
<i>u</i> <i>00mV</i>		Enter 0 mV. After 30 seconds, make sure that the ALM indicator is unlit, and press the "ENT" key.
<i>u</i> <i>15mV</i>		Enter 15 mV. After 10 seconds, make sure that the ALM indicator is unlit, and press the "ENT" key.
<i>u</i> <i>25mV</i>		Enter 25 mV. After 10 seconds, make sure that the ALM indicator is unlit, and press the "ENT" key.
<i>u</i> <i>35mV</i>		Enter 35 mV. After 10 seconds, make sure that the ALM indicator is unlit, and press the "ENT" key.
<i>u</i> <i>55mV</i>		Enter 55 mV. After 10 seconds, make sure that the ALM indicator is unlit, and press the "ENT" key.
<i>u</i> <i>200mV</i>		Enter 200 mV. After 10 seconds, make sure that the ALM indicator is unlit, and press the "ENT" key.
<i>u</i> <i>1V</i>		Enter 1 V. After 10 seconds, make sure that the ALM indicator is unlit, and press the "ENT" key.
<i>u</i> <i>5V</i>		Enter 5 V. After 10 seconds, make sure that the ALM indicator is unlit and press the "ENT" key.
<i>u</i> <i>10V</i>		Enter 10 V. After 10 seconds, make sure that the ALM indicator is unlit, and press the "ENT" key.
<i>store</i>		If the calibration is correct, select " <i>store</i> " with the Δ key, and if incorrect, select " <i>abort</i> ", with the Δ key. Then, press the "ENT" key.

Example: Calibrating the RTD at Channel 2

Display	Operation Keys	Description
 d Rdu	ENT △ PRINT ENT	Enter engineering mode (See the “Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode” on page 76). Use the △ key to display “d Rdu”, and press the “ENT” key.
 rtd	△ PRINT ENT	Use the △ key to select “rtd”, and press the “ENT” key.
r ch2	△ PRINT ENT	Select a channel to which equipment for calibration such as a dial resistor is connected, and press the “ENT” key.
r r 100	ENT	Enter 100 Ω. After 10 seconds, make sure that the ALM indicator is unlit, and press the “ENT” key.
r r 150	ENT	Enter 150 Ω. After 10 seconds, make sure that the ALM indicator is unlit, and press the “ENT” key.
r r 300	ENT	Enter 300 Ω. After 10 seconds, make sure that the ALM indicator is unlit, and press the “ENT” key.
 Store	△ PRINT ENT	If the calibration is correct, select “Store” with the △ key, and if incorrect, select “Abort” with the △ key. Then, press the “ENT” key.

[Note]

During calibration, the ALM indicator shows the following conditions.

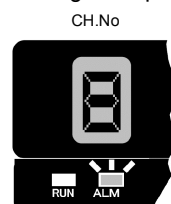
(1) When the ALM indicator is unlit:

The calibration is within the range.



(2) When the ALM indicators flashing:

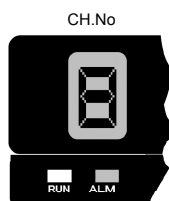
The recorder is assessing the input value now.



(3) When the ALM indicator is lit:

The calibration is out of the range.

Make sure that the connection is proper and input is correct.



- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | : The indicator is unlit. |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | : The indicator is lit. |

If calibration is performed outside of the input range, $EEEE 11$ (voltage) or $EEEE 12$ (RTD) is displayed when the unit returns to Measurement mode.

In that case, calibrate again, or return the calibration value to the factory default value.

(Refer to “7.2.8 Initializing the Setup Data and Calibration Data”.)

Example: Setting the terminal temperature for Channel 1

Display	Operation Keys	Description
d Rdu	ENT	Enter engineering mode (See the "Key Operation to Enter Engineering Mode" on page 76). Use the Δ key to display "d Rdu", and press the "ENT" key.
r uC	Δ PRINT ENT	Use the Δ key to select "r uC", and press the "ENT" key.
r Ch1	Δ PRINT ENT	Select the Channel to be set, and press the "ENT" key.
r 24.5	ENT	Measures and displays the current terminal temperature. Press the "ENT" key, and the display turns to temperature setting.
r 25.0	Δ PRINT \triangleright ENT	Use the Δ key to alter a numeral, and \triangleright key to shift a digit. Then, press the "ENT" key.
Store	Δ PRINT ENT	For detailed calibration, see Section "9.5 Calibration (Data calibration): Calibration of Reference Junction Compensation" on page 110.
Store	Δ PRINT ENT	If the calibration is correct, select "Store" with the Δ key, and if incorrect, select "Abort" with the Δ key. Then, press the ENT key.

7.3 Terminating Engineering Mode

Example: The following describes how to save the setting data.

Display	Operation Keys	Description
End	Δ PRINT ENT	Use the Δ key to display "End", and press the "ENT" key.
Store	ENT	Use the Δ key to select "Store", and press the "ENT" key. The settings of the engineering mode have been saved. Recording starts under the new settings.

[Note]

When terminating Engineering mode, if "End" is selected and the power was turned off without selecting "Store", the settings will become invalid. Selecting "Abort" invalidates the settings, and starts recording under the previous settings.

8.1 General Description

8.1.1 General Description of Functions

This Recorder has the following communication functions.

(1) Process variable output

Process variable, alarm status, etc.

(2) Setting value output

Reads the setup data such as a range and chart speed.

(3) Setting value input

Writes the setup data such as a range and chart speed.

(4) Controlling recorder via communication (Partial)

Printing start/stop, recording start/stop and switching display are possible via the communication function.

For functions (2) to (4), see the separate volume "Communication Command Manual".

Settings in Engineering mode cannot be performed by the communication function.

8.1.2 Transmission Specifications

(1) Communication method: Start-stop synchronization, Half-duplex communications

(2) Connection: One-to-one (RS-232C), One-to-N (RS-485); N = 1 to 32

(3) Protocol: Original, MODBUS RTU (Selectable)

(4) Communication speed: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bps

(5) Start bit: 1 bit

(6) Stop bit: 1 or 2 bits

(7) Parity: Even, Odd or None

(8) Data length: 7 or 8 bits (For MODBUS RTU: 8 bits fixed)

8.2 Original Protocol

8.2.1 Data Structure

(1) Character structure

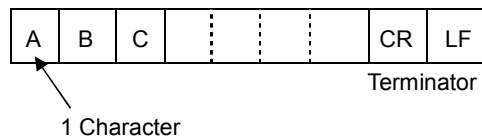
In order to send one data (byte) in start-stop synchronous communication, the following data format is used.

Start Bit (1) + Data Bit (7 or 8) + Parity Bit (1) + Stop Bit (1 or 2)

(2) Data format

As communication data, multiple characters are sent by adding terminators to them.

Upon receiving these terminators, the recorder starts analyzing the communication data.



(3) Error detection

If the recorder receives data as a result of a signal error such as a parity error and framing error due to noise or hardware problems, this data will be ignored. Consequently, a data format error will result, as the data was not sent in the normal data format. That command will not be executed in the receiving function, and no response will result in the transmitting function. The data format error status can be confirmed by the ESC S command (described later).

(4) Control codes

ESC: 1B HEX (hexadecimal)

This code is used for an escape sequence such as link opening/closing.

This code cannot be treated as a part of the text data.

CR: 0D HEX (hexadecimal)

This data is added to the end of the text data together with the LF data.

This code cannot be treated as a part of the text data.

LF: 0A HEX (hexadecimal)

This data is added to the end of the text data together with the CR data.

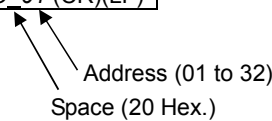
This code cannot be treated as a part of the text data.

8.2.2 Opening/Closing the Link

To communicate with the recorder, a connection between the host computer and the recorder must be established. In the case of one-to-N communications, it is necessary to inform each recorder to which recorder the text is being sent. If a link open command is sent to multiple recorders through their sending function, all recorders which have received the command will send data. As a result, normal data cannot be received.

(1) Open Command

(ESC)O 01 (CR)(LF)

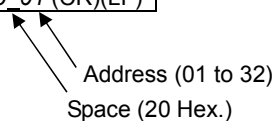


Address (01 to 32)
Space (20 Hex.)

To communicate with the recorder, the host computer must issue this command and must memorize that it has issued this command.

(2) Close Command

(ESC)C 01 (CR)(LF)



Address (01 to 32)
Space (20 Hex.)

When sending data to the recorder to which the open command has not been issued, the host computer must issue this command to the recorder to which the open command has been issued.

8.2.3 Outputting the Process Variable

(1) Specifying the Process Variable Output

TS0(CR)(LF)

Once this command is received, the recorder transfers the process variable to the transmission buffer when the (ESC) T command is received.

(2) Updating the Data

(ESC)T(CR)(LF)

Once this command is received, the recorder transfers the updated process variable to the transmission buffer.

(3) Specifying the Process Variable Output Order (For BINARY Mode Output)

BO0(CR)(LF) Outputs from the upper byte.

BO1(CR)(LF) Outputs from the lower byte.

The recorder outputs from the lower byte, unless otherwise specified.

(4) Outputting the Data

`FM0, S_CH, E_CH (CR) (LF)` Specifies the ASCII mode output.

`FM1, S_CH, E_CH (CR) (LF)` Specifies the BINARY mode output.

S_CH: Output start channel 01 to 02

E_CH: Output end channel 01 to 02

When the number of channels is one, specify (S_CH) = (E_CH).
(e.g.) FM0, 01, 02(CR) (LF) ASCII, Ch1 to Ch2 output

(5) Process Variable Transmission Format (ASCII)

`DATE (YY) (MM) (DD) (CR) (LF)` Date

Year Month Day

`TIME (HH) (MM) (SS) (CR) (LF)` Time

Hour Minute Second

`(DS1) (DS2) (ALM1) (ALM2) (ALM3) (ALM4) (UNIT 1 to 6) (CHNo.), (DATA) (CR) (LF)`

① DS1: Data information 1 (1 byte)

N: Normal

D: Difference computation data

S: Sum computation data

M: Average computation data

R: Square root computation data

C: Decade computation data

O: Overrange (Data = ± 99999)

S: Skip (All data: Space)

② DS2: Data information 2 (1 byte)

E: Final data

_(Space): Other data

③ ALM 1 to 4: Alarm information (1 byte each, 4 bytes in total)

H: Upper limit alarm

L: Lower limit alarm

_(Space): Alarm OFF or alarm setting OFF

④ UNIT 1 to 6: UNIT (6 bytes)

Returns the setting unit with codes. (When sending the 7-bit data, 1 bit of information will be omitted.)

⑤ CH No.: Channel number (2 bytes)

01 to 02

⑥ DATA: Process variable

Sign (1 byte): "+" or "-"

Data mantissa section (6 bytes): 00000 to 99999

Data exponent section (4 bytes): E (Sign: 1 byte) (Multiplier: 2 bytes)

(Example) +99999E - 02

(6) Process Variable Transmission Format (BINARY)

Output bytes	Date and time	Process variable 1	Process variable 6
--------------	---------------	--------------------	--------------------

Output bytes (2 bytes): 5 x n (specified number of channels)+6

① Date and time (6 bytes):

1)	2)	3)	4)	5)	6)
----	----	----	----	----	----

1) Year : 00H to 63H (00H for the year 2000)

2) Month : 01H to 0CH

3) Day : 01H to 1FH

4) Hour : 00H to 17H (24-hour format)

5) Minute : 00H to 3BH

6) Second : 00H to 3BH

② Process variable (5 bytes):

CH No.	A2	A1	A4	A3	DATA1	DATA2
--------	----	----	----	----	-------	-------

CH No. (1 byte): Channel number 01H to 02H

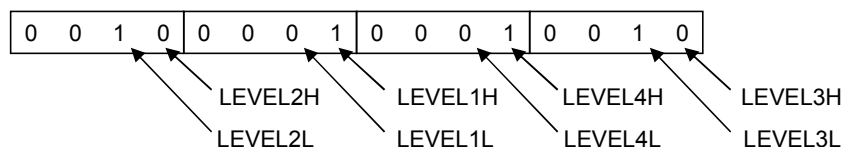
A1 to A4 (2 bytes): Alarm type activated at each alarm level

1: Upper limit alarm

2: Lower limit alarm

0: Alarm OFF or alarm setting OFF

(Example) Bit Sequence.



LEVELxH: Upper limit alarm bit at the alarm level x

LEVELxL: Lower limit alarm bit at the alarm level x

DATA1, DATA2 (2 bytes): Process variable

-32000 to +32000 (2-byte hexadecimal data)

The higher and lower bytes can be reversed by the BO command.

If Skip is specified, 8080H will be output.

[Note]

- (1) Output data over -32000 to +32000 constitutes overflow. The overflow 7E7E is output on the plus side, and 8181 is output on the minus side (Excluding the Decade channel).
- (2) Irrespective of the BO command, data output of the Decade channel is as follows. The upper byte outputs a mantissa (10 to 99). The lower byte outputs an exponent (-19 to 19). A decimal point position is fixed on the 1 digit after the decimal point.

8.2.4 Outputting the Unit and Decimal Point Position Data

(1) Specifying the Unit and Decimal Point Position Data Output

TS2(CR) (LF)

Once this command is received, the recorder transfers the unit and decimal point position data to the transmission buffer, when the (ESC) T command is received.

(2) Updating the Data

(ESC)T(CR) (LF)

Once this command is received, the recorder transfers the updated unit and decimal point position data to the transmission buffer.

(3) Outputting the Data

LF, S_CH, E_CH (CR) (LF)

S_CH: Output starting channel 01 to 02

E_CH: Output ending channel 01 to 02

(e.g.) LF, 01, 02(CR) (LF) Unit and decimal point place data output for Ch1 and Ch2

When the number of channels is 1, specify (S_CH) = (E_CH).

(4) Data Format

(DS1)(DS2)(CHNo.) (UNIT1 to 6)(DP) (CR) (LF)

① DS1 : Data information 1 (1 byte)

N : Normal

D : Difference computation data

S : Sum computation data

M : Average computation data

R : Square root computation data

C : Decade computation data

O : Overrange (Data = ± 99999)

S : Skip (All data: Space)

② DS2 : Data information 2 (1 byte)

E : Final data

_(Space): Other data

③ CH No.: Channel number (2 bytes); 01 to 02

④ UNIT 1 to 6: UNIT

The set unit is returned by codes.

(When sending the 7-bit data, 1 bit information is omitted.)

⑤ DP: Decimal point information (1 byte); 0 to 4

[Note]

Depending on the range setting, the decimal point position may differ from that of the display screen.

8.2.5 Outputting the Status

If the open-link recorder has a data error on its link, it will save the error as a communication error in the internal status area. The (ESC S) command reads this status. Issuing this command clears an on-going error.

(1) Status Output Command

ESC S(CR) (LF)

Upon receiving this command, outputs will be the status of commands received so far.

(2) Status Output

E R X X CR LF

XX: 00 to 19

Table 8.2.5 Status output list

Status factor Status output	Status factor		
	A/D END	Syntax error	Chart paper-empty
ER 00 CrLf			
ER 01 CrLf			
ER 02 CrLf		O	
ER 03 CrLf		O	
ER 04 CrLf			
ER 05 CrLf			
ER 16 CrLf			O
ER 17 CrLf			O
ER 18 CrLf		O	O
ER 19 CrLf		O	O

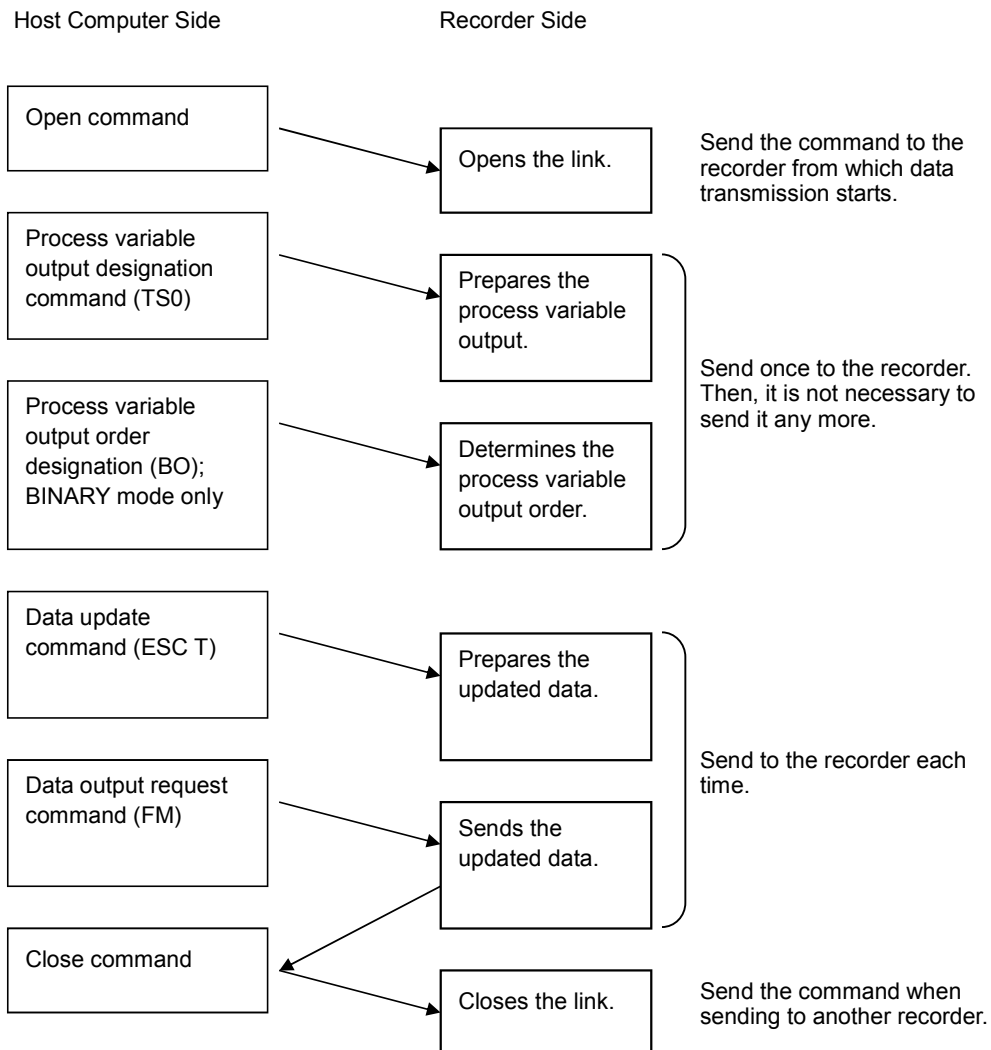
O: Factor by which the status is ENABLED.

A/D END: This occurs when AD conversion is completed. However, this does not occur for the pen writing recorder.

Syntax error: This occurs during a communication error or a command error.

Chart paper-empty: This occurs when chart paper-empty is detected.
(When chart paper-empty option has been ordered.)

8.2.6 Data Reception Example



8.3 MODBUS RTU Protocol

The MODBUS protocol is a communication protocol developed for PLCs by Modicon Inc. (AEG Schneider Automation International S.A.S). It is described in the protocol specification (PI-MBUS-300 Rev. J). Refer to this document for information on the MODBUS protocol specification.

8.3.1 Data Structure

Slave address (1 byte)	Function code (1 byte)	Data (variable)	CRC (2 bytes)
---------------------------	---------------------------	--------------------	------------------

8.3.2 Function Codes

The following function codes are available on this product:

Code	Function	Maximum data length	MODBUS-specific function (reference)
03H	Setting data read	123 words	Data read from holding register
04H	Input data read	123 words	Data read from input register
06H	One-time data write	1 word	Data write to holding register
10H	Continuous data writes	123 words	Data write to holding register

8.3.3 Error Response

In accordance with the communication protocol for the pertinent function code, if an error occurs during command transmission, an error response is returned in the fixed format described in this section.

■ Example of slave response (function code = 06H, command error = 10H)

Component	Data length	Data
Slave address (only for MODBUS RTU)	1	-
Function code + 80H	1	86H
Error code	1	10H
Error check (only for MODBUS RTU)	2	CRC
Total number of bytes	5	-

■ Error codes and their occurrence conditions

Error code	Description	Occurrence condition(s)
01H	Invalid function code	An unsupported function code is specified.
02H	Invalid register address	The relative address range exceeds "9999."
03H	Invalid number of registers	- The length of the accessed data is "0" or the sum of the relative address and data length exceeds the limit. - It is assumed that two or more function codes, each executable for one area, are involved. - Data longer than 2 words is specified for a one-time write command. - The data length exceeds 123 words.
04H	Device error	The received data is shorter than the predefined data length.
10H	Command error	An attempt at a write over an area exceeding the writable range.

8.3.4 Reading from the Input Register Area

The input register area is a read-only area. The current measured value and the current time are mapped. Specify the start address (relative) and data count (assuming that one word is two bytes) of the data to be read.

Function code: 04H

- Example of master transmission (with a start address of 0032H and a data count of 2 words)

Component		Data length	Data
Slave address		1	—
Function code		1	04H
Data	Relative start address (high-order)	1	00H
	Relative start address (low-order)	1	32H
	Read data count (high-order)	1	00H
	Read data count (low-order)	1	02H
Error check		2	CRC (16 bits)
Total number of bytes		8	

- Example of slave response (with a start address of 0032H and a data count of 2)

Component		Data length	Data
Slave address		1	—
Function code		1	04H
Data	Number of data bytes	1	04H
	Data 1 (high-order)	1	00H
	Data 1 (low-order)	1	09H
	Data 2 (high-order)	1	00H
	Data 2 (low-order)	1	0AH
Error check		2	CRC (16 bits)
Total number of bytes		9	

[Input Register Area Map] Function code: 04H

Address	Relative address (HEX)	Name	Arrangement	Description	Remarks
30001	0	Model type(1/8)	1	ASCII	Multipoint type: "MULTI" Pen type : "PEN" Subsequently blank
30002	1	Model type(2/8)	2		
30003	2	Model type(3/8)	3		
30004	3	Model type(4/8)	4		
30005	4	Model type(5/8)	5		
30006	5	Model type(6/8)	6		
30007	6	Model type(7/8)	7		
30008	7	Model type(8/8)	8		
30009	8	Software version(1/16)	1	ASCII	Version information on a system.
30010	9	Software version(2/16)	2		
30011	A	Software version(3/16)	3		
30012	B	Software version(4/16)	4		
30013	C	Software version(5/16)	5		
30014	D	Software version(6/16)	6		
30015	E	Software version(7/16)	7		
30016	F	Software version(8/16)	8		
30017	10	Software version(9/16)	9		
30018	11	Software version(10/16)	10		
30019	12	Software version(11/16)	11		
30020	13	Software version(12/16)	12		
30021	14	Software version(13/16)	13		
30022	15	Software version(14/16)	14		
30023	16	Software version(15/16)	15		
30024	17	Software version(16/16)	16		
30025	18	MODBUS map version	1	Binary	
30026	19	Reserve			
30027	1A	Reserve			
30028	1B	Reserve			
30029	1C	Reserve			
30030	1D	Reserve			
30031	1E	Reserve			
30032	1F	Reserve			
30033	20	Reserve			
30034	21	Reserve			
30035	22	Reserve			
30036	23	Reserve			
30037	24	Reserve			
30038	25	Reserve			
30039	26	Reserve			
30040	27	Reserve			
30041	28	Reserve			
30042	29	Reserve			
30043	2A	Reserve			
30044	2B	Reserve			
30045	2C	Reserve			
30046	2D	Reserve			
30047	2E	Reserve			
30048	2F	Reserve			
30049	30	Reserve			

Address	Relative address (HEX)	Name	Arrangement	Description	Remarks
30050	31	Reserve			
30051	32	Year		0 to 99	Every second update
30052	33	Month		1 to 12	
30053	34	Day		1 to 31	
30054	35	Hour		0 to 24	
30055	36	Minute		0 to 59	
30056	37	Second		0 to 59	
30057	38	Recording status		0 to 1	0:Recording not in progress 1:Recording in progress
30058	39	Chart sensor status		0 to 1	0:With chart 1:Without chart
30059	3A	Manual print status		0 to 1	0:Print stops 1:During printing
30060	3B	List print status		0 to 1	0:Print stops 1:During printing
30061	3C	Engineering list print status		0 to 1	0:Print stops 1:During printing
30062	3D	Reserve			
30100	63	Reserve			
30101	64	Channel status	CH01	00bit: Alarm 1, 1= ON 0= OFF 01bit: Alarm 2, 1= ON 0= OFF	
30102	65		CH02	02bit: Alarm 3, 1= ON 0= OFF 03bit: Alarm 4, 1= ON 0= OFF	
30103	66	Reserve			
30104	67	Reserve			
30105	68	Reserve			
30106	69	Reserve			
30107	6A	Measurement data(BIN)	CH01	-32000 to 32000	For data larger or smaller than ± 32000 , the minus side will be 8181H, and the plus side will be 7E7EH.
30108	6B		CH02		
30109	6C	Reserve			
30110	6D	Reserve			
30111	6E	Reserve			
30112	6F	Reserve			
30113	70	Decimal point	CH01	0 to 4	
30114	71		CH02		
30115	72	Reserve			
30116	73	Reserve			
30117	74	Reserve			
30118	75	Reserve			
30119	76	Measurement data(Float)	CH01	Float (high-order 2 byte)	
30120	77			Float (low-order 2 byte)	
30121	78		CH02	Float (high-order 2 byte)	
30122	79			Float (low-order 2 byte)	
30123	7A	Reserve			
30124	7B	Reserve			
30125	7C	Reserve			
30126	7D	Reserve			
30127	7E	Reserve			

Address	Relative address (HEX)	Name	Arrangement	Description	Remarks
30128	7F	Reserve			
30129	80	Reserve			
30130	81	Reserve			
30131	82	Unit (1/4)	CH01		Current unit
30132	83	Unit (2/4)			
30133	84	Unit (3/4)			
30134	85	Unit (4/4)			
30135	86	Unit (1/4)	CH02		Current unit
30136	87	Unit (2/4)			
30137	88	Unit (3/4)			
30138	89	Unit (4/4)			
30139	8A	Reserve			
...	...				

8.3.5 Reading from or Writing to the Holding Register Area

The holding register area is a read-write area. Parameter settings and the start and stop command of the recording state are mapped. For read, specify the start address (relative) and data count (assuming that one word is two bytes) of the data to be read. For write, specify the start address and the data to be written.

For details, refer to the Communication Command Manual for the Hybrid Recorder HR-700.

9. MAINTENANCE

Check the following items in order to use this instrument effectively.

- Inspection
- Cleaning
- Replacing Consumables
- Adjusting Pen Recording Position
- Calibration

9.1 Inspection

Inspect the condition of operation periodically for effective use.

When any defect is found, see Chapter “10. Troubleshooting”.

- Check whether pen recording is out of range.
- Check whether the recording indication is off course.
 - Check whether there are any large errors in indicated values or the pen recording position.
 - Check whether there is improper pen recording.
 - Check whether there are any blurred pen recordings or printouts.
 - Check whether printout is correct.
- Check whether the chart paper has been fed properly.
 - Check whether the chart paper is folded properly.
 - Check whether the feed holes in the chart paper are torn off or broken.
 - Check whether the chart speed is normal.
- Check whether there are any abnormal sounds.

9.2 Cleaning

Many parts of this instrument are made of plastic. Use a dry cloth to wipe the parts clean.

[Note]

Do not use any organic solvents.

9.3 Replacing Consumables

Replace consumables according to the following list.

No.	Name	Type	Period	Remarks	Quantity
1	Chart paper	H-10100	33 days	When chart speed is 20 mm/h	1
2	Ribbon cassette	HPSR001H0002C	6 months	Logging printing every 3 hours	1
3	Cartridge pen	WPSR196A000001A	2 months	1 pen, about 2km in a beeline	1
4	Cartridge pen	WPSR196A000002A	2 months	2-pen, about 2km in a beeline	1

[Note]

- (1) Over time ribbon colors will begin to fade. To ensure clear recording, replace the ribbon cassette as soon as possible.
- (2) Use the ribbon cassette within one year after its purchase. Over time, ribbon colors will begin to fade.
- (3) If color is noticeably faint before the changing period, replace the cartridge pen.

9.4 Adjusting the Pen Recording Position (Point Calibration)

The following describes how to adjust pen position on the chart paper.

It is advised to adjust recording position annually for accurate recording.

How to Adjust

Leave the recorder as it is, and adjust it according to the instructions in Section 7.2.11 Point calibration. (See p.90)

9.5 Calibration (Data Calibration)

Calibrate a process variable input every year in order to keep measurement accurate.

[Note]

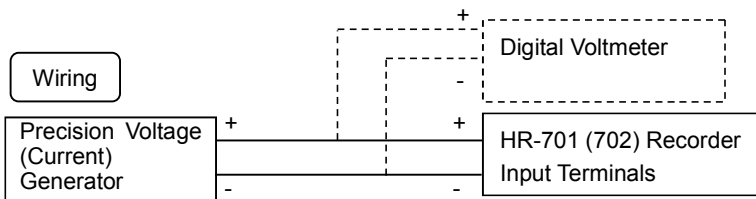
Prior to calibration, allow warm-up for at least 30 minutes after switching the power ON.

Devices required for calibration

- Precision voltage (current) generator (Jointly use a digital voltmeter with accuracy of $\pm 0.02\%$ or less as required)
- Precision dial resistor

(1) Calibration of Voltage

Conduct calibration for voltage, current or thermocouple input. For thermocouple input, calibrate reference junction compensation together.



Conduct calibration according to the instructions in Section 7.2.12 Data Calibration (Calibration of the voltage). (See p.91)

[Note]

- ① Calibrate at every channel.
- ② When a shunt resistor is attached to the input terminal block in the case of current input, detach it prior to calibration.

(2) Calibration of RTD (Resistance Temperature Detector)



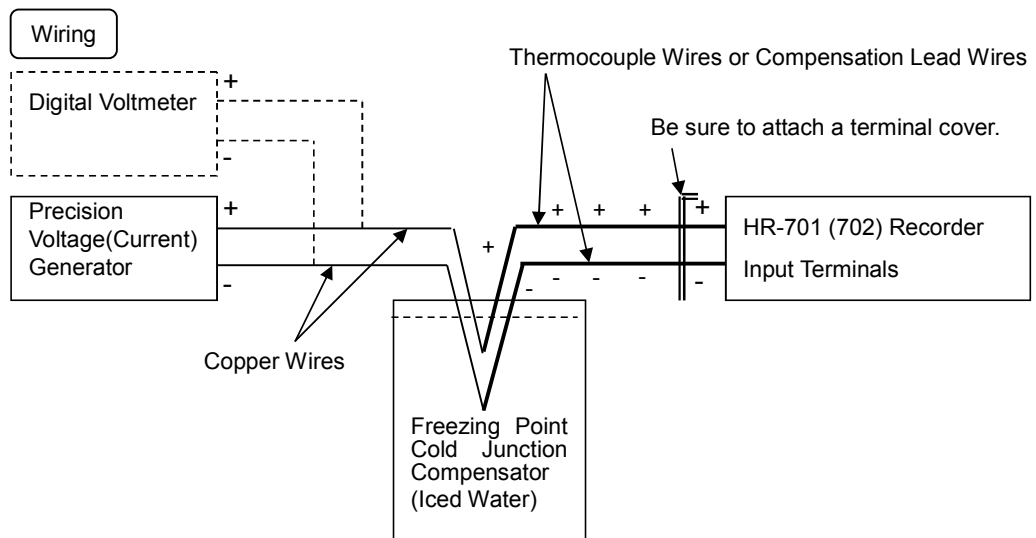
Conduct calibration according to the instructions in 7.2.12 Data Calibration (Calibration of the RTD). (See p.91)

[Note]

The dispersion of resistance for each wire must be 6 m Ω or less.

(3) Calibration of Reference Junction Compensation

Calibrate the reference junction compensation in the case of thermocouple input.



(Example) Connecting the input to Channel 1, and setting the calibration when the thermocouple input value is -0.5°C (input 0°C), and the measured RJC temperature is 24.5°C .

- 1) Check the Process variable when impressing $0.000\text{ mV} \pm 2\text{ }\mu\text{V}$ to Channel 1 by the voltage generator beforehand. (In this example, it is -0.5°C .)
- 2) Check the terminal temperature of Channel 1 at the data calibration in the engineering mode (Reference junction compensation). (In this example, it is 24.5°C .)
- 3) Add the difference (0.5°C) to the true value, then set as a correct RJC temperature.
 $[24.5 - (-0.5) = 25.0^{\circ}\text{C}]$

Calibrate RJC according to the instructions in Section 7.2.12 Data Calibration (Calibration of RJC).

(See p.91.)

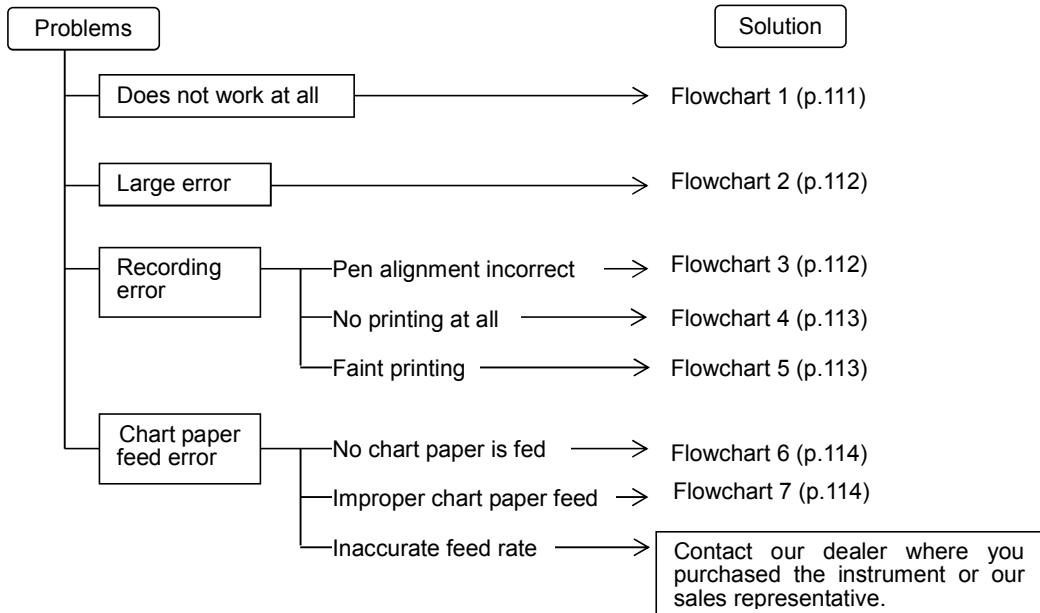
[Note]

- (1) This calibration is conducted when compensation by the recorder's built-in temperature sensing element (INT: internal compensation) is selected as a reference junction compensation method.
- (2) Wire Channels 1 and 2 to calibrate.
- (3) After wiring, attach the terminal covers and wait for 5 minutes or longer. Then, perform calibration.

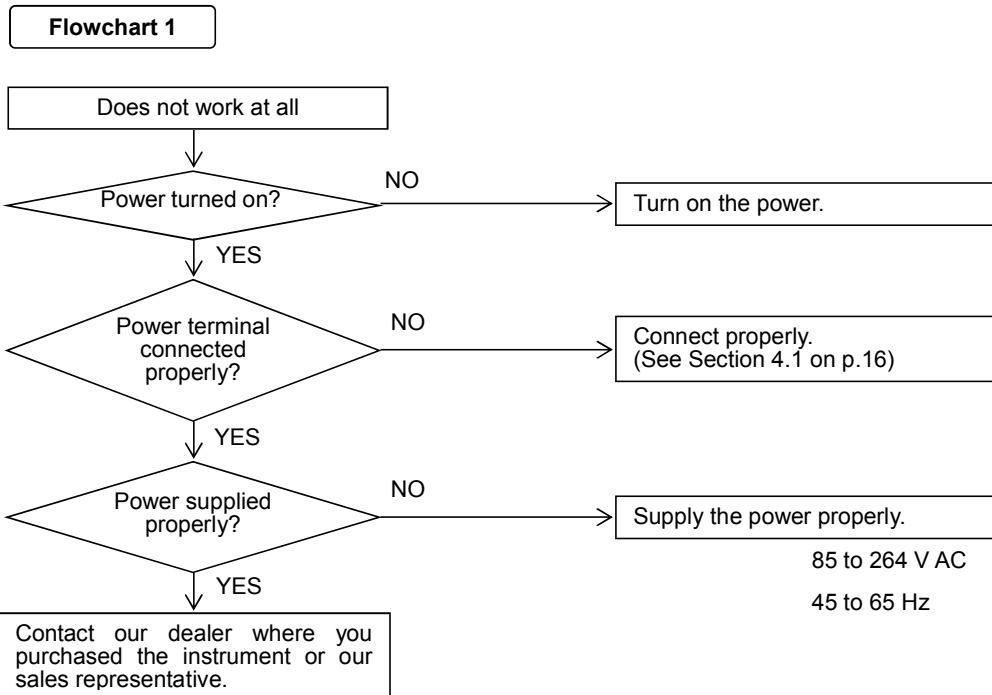
10. TROUBLESHOOTING

10.1 Troubleshooting

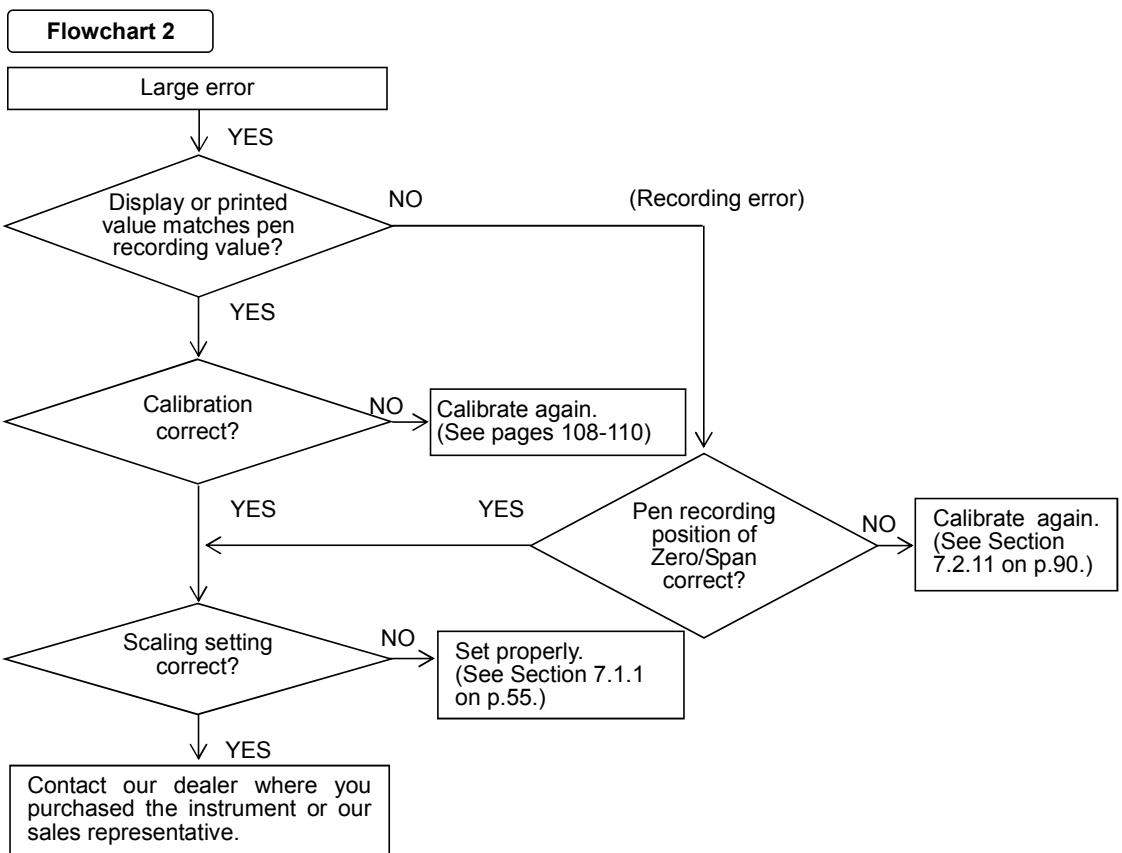
10.1.1 Problems



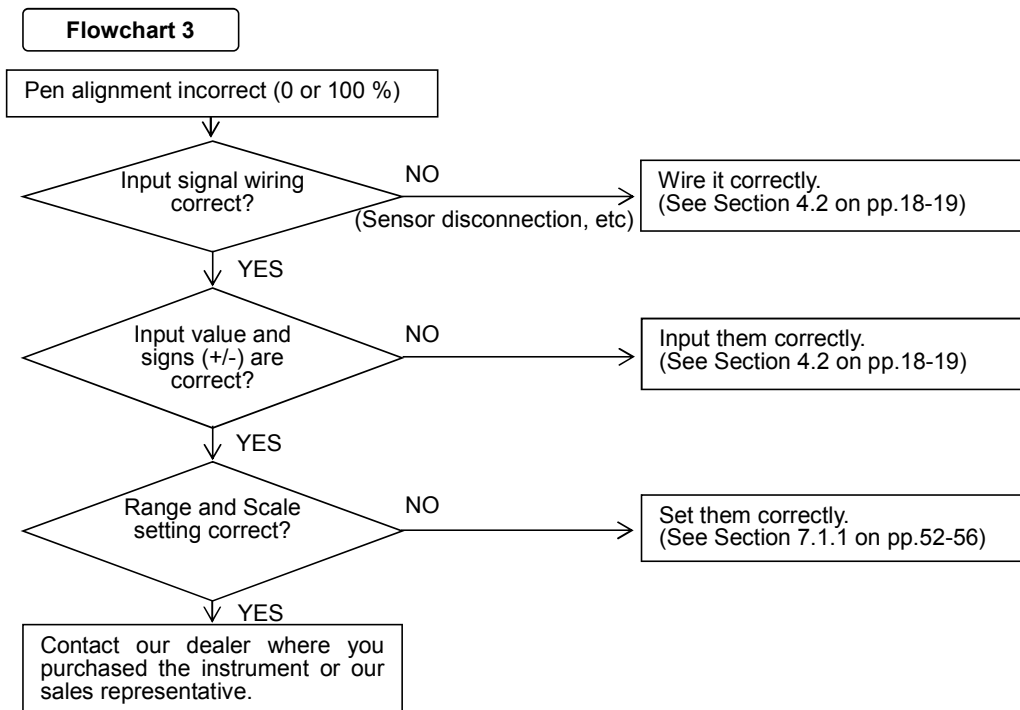
10.1.2 When the Recorder Does not Work at All



10.1.3 When There is a Large Error

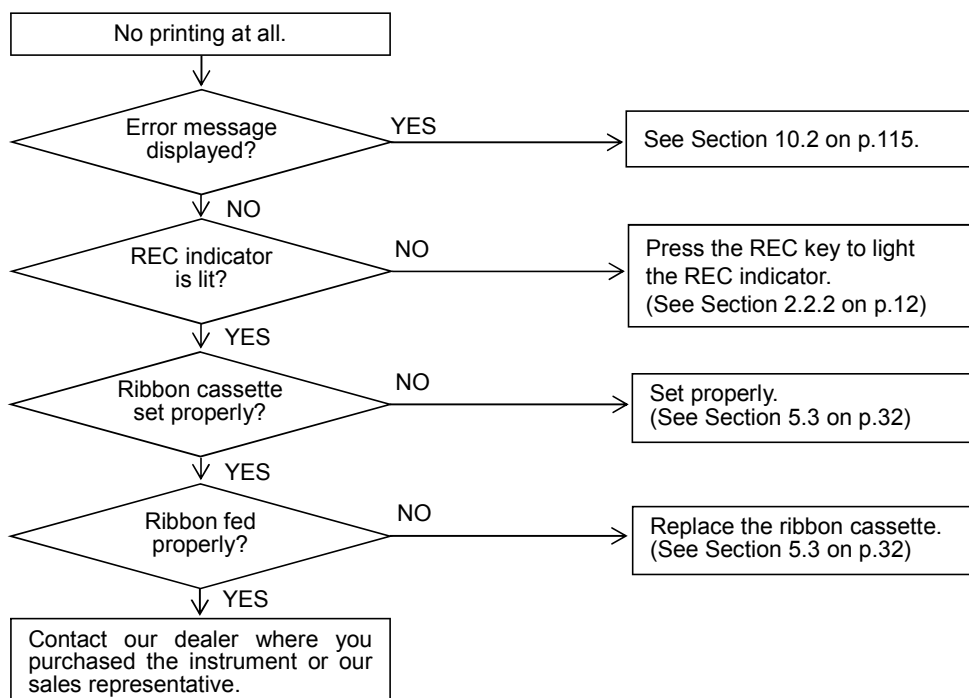


10.1.4 When Pen Alignment is Incorrect



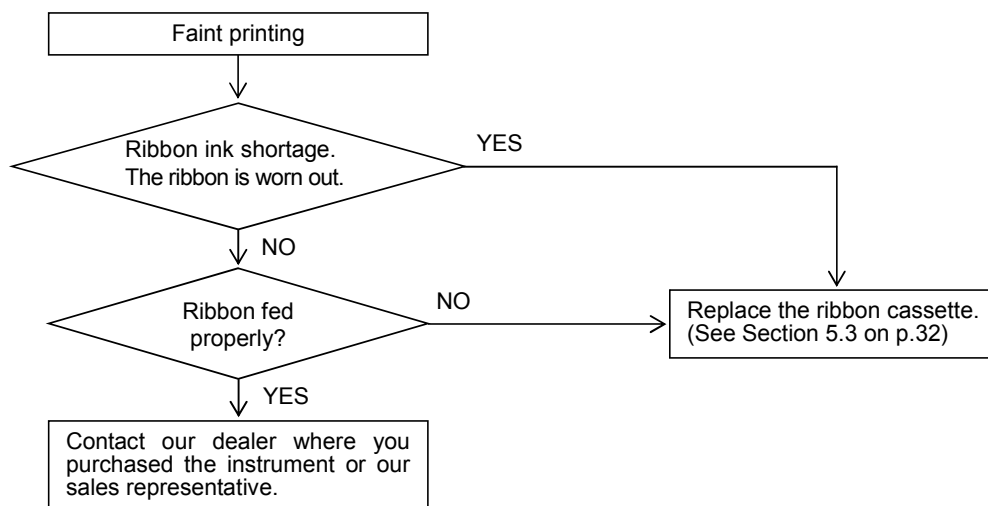
10.1.5 When Nothing is Printed

Flowchart 4

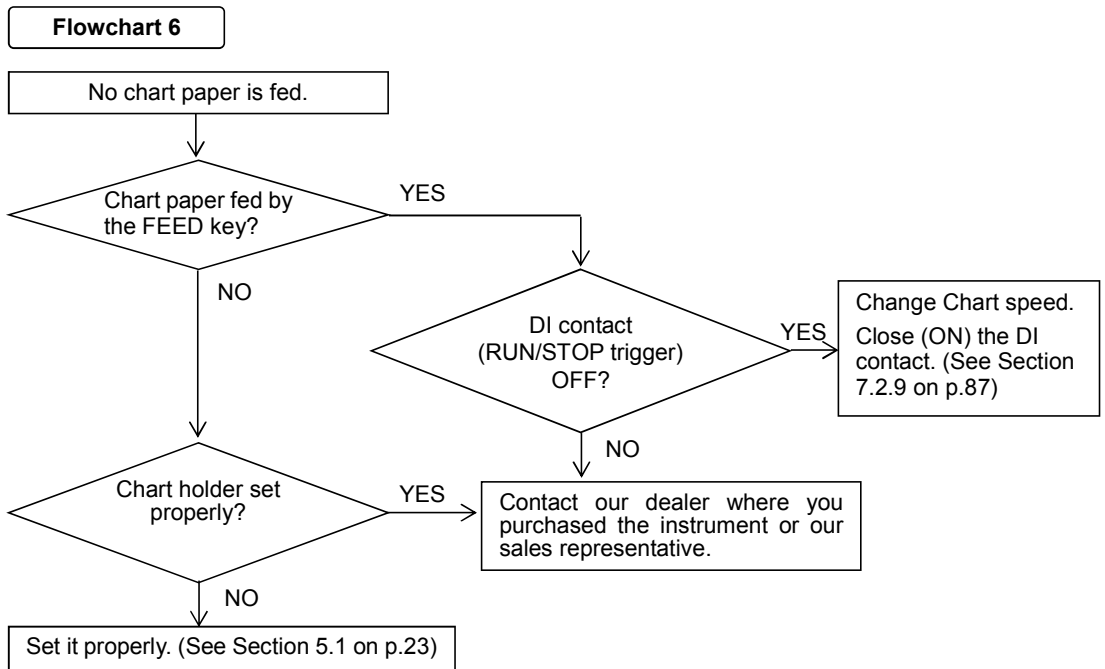


10.1.6 When Printing is Faint

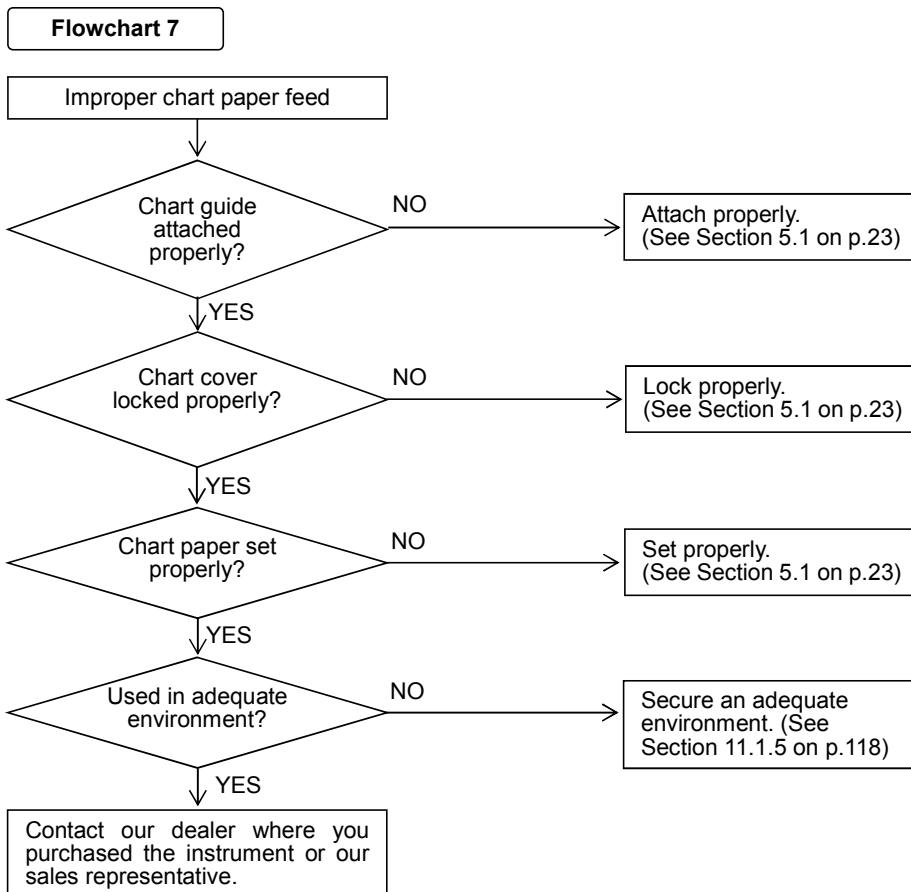
Flowchart 5



10.1.7 When the Chart Paper is not Fed at All



10.1.8 When the Chart Paper is not Fed Properly



10.2 Self-Diagnosis Function (ERROR)

This instrument always performs self-diagnosis on the items listed in Table 10.2.1 below. When an error is found after self-diagnosis, a relevant error number is displayed.

10.2.1 Self-Diagnosis Items

Table 10.2.1 List of Self-Diagnosis Items

Type	Error message	Parts	Diagnosis	Solution
Hard ware error	EErr01	Zero point sensor	Zero point position of servomotor cannot be detected.	Contact our dealer where you purchased the instrument or our sales representative.
	EErr02	ADC	Conversion end error, Initialization error	
	EErr03	IC for clock	The clock battery has run down [Note1]	
	EErr04	WDT	Watchdog timer error	
	EErr05	EED WRITE	Non-volatile memory writing error	
	EErr06	EED READ1	Non-volatile memory reading error (Setup data)	
	EErr07	EED READ2	Non-volatile memory reading error (Engineering data)	
	EErr08	EED READ3	Non-volatile memory reading error (ADC Calibration data)	
	EErr10	RJC error	Measurement error of temperature sensing element of RJC	
Operation error	EErr11	Area error	Input range error when calibrating voltage	Review the input connections, and perform calibration within the input range.
	EErr12	Area error	Input range error when calibrating RTD	
	EErr21	Area error	Input value is outside of the setting range.	Set properly.
	EErr22	Time error	Clock time setting error	
	EErr23	Setting range error	Setting the channel (CH1) to which the sum/difference/average operation cannot be set.	
	EErr24	Area error	Span L \geq Span R	
	EErr25	Area error	Scale L \geq Scale R	
	EErr26	Area error	Zone L \geq Zone R or Zone R–Zone L is less than 5 mm.	
	EErr27	Setting channel error	The reference channel range of the sum/difference/average operation is not for Volt, TC, RTD and SCALE.	
	EErr28	All channels skip error	All channels have been set to Skip.	
Other	EErr41	Calibration value input error	Not calibrated with the specified input.	Calibrate it with a correct input.

[Note 1] The battery life lasts approx. 10 years, however, this is subject to the type of environment in which it is used.

10.2.2 Error Display

- When multiple errors occur, their serial error numbers are automatically displayed.
- When an error is recovered, the error display can be cancelled by pressing the “REC” key.



CAUTION

While an error is indicated, Auto, Manual and Date/Time are not indicated.

11. SPECIFICATIONS

11.1 Common Specifications

11.1.1 Input signal

DC voltage: ± 10 mV DC, 0 to 20 mV DC, 0 to 50 mV DC, ± 200 mV DC,
 ± 1 V DC, 0 to 5 V DC, ± 10 V DC
Thermocouple: B, R, S, K, E, J, T, C, Au-Fe, N, PR40-20, PL-II, U, L
RTD: Pt100, JPt100
Direct current: 4 to 20 mA DC (External shunt resistor: 250 Ω (Sold separately))

11.1.2 Performance and Characteristics

Digital indication accuracy rating: See Section 11.2.1.
Dead band: Within 0.2 %
Input impedance: 10 M Ω min. in mV, TC input (without burnout)
200 k Ω min. in mV, TC input (with burnout)
1 M Ω min. in voltage input
250 Ω in mA input [Externally install a shunt resistor (sold separately).]
Allowable signal source resistance:
10 k Ω max. in mV, TC input (without burnout)
100 Ω max. in mV, TC input (with burnout)
1 k Ω max. in Voltage input
10 Ω max. (per line) in RTD input
Normal mode rejection ratio: 60 dB min. (50/60 \pm 0.1 Hz)
Common mode rejection ratio : 140 dB min. (50/60 \pm 0.1 Hz)
Insulation resistance: 0.5 kV DC 20 M Ω min. between each terminal and grounding terminal
Withstand Voltage: 1.5 kV AC for 1 minute between power terminal and grounding terminal
0.5 kV AC for 1 minute between input terminal and grounding terminal
0.2 kV AC for 1 minute between input terminals
Interchannel maximum noise voltage: 200 V AC at 50/60 Hz
Vibration resistance: 10 to 60 Hz, 1 m/s² max.
Shock resistance: 2 m/s² max.
Clock precision: ± 50 ppm max. (Under the Reference operating conditions)
The error due to power ON/OFF is not included.
Chart feed accuracy: ± 0.1 % max.

11.1.3 Structure

Mounting: Panel mounting (vertical panel)

Allowable backward inclination: Within 30°

Material (Color)

Case: Polycarbonate (Black), Glass 10 % UL94-V0

Door: Polycarbonate UL94-V2 (Transparent)

Dust-proof, drip-proof (IEC60529-IP65)

11.1.4 Power Source

Rated supply voltage range: 100 to 240 V AC

Working supply voltage range: 85 to 264 V AC

Rated power frequency: 50/60 Hz

Working frequency range: 45 to 65 Hz

Table 11.1.4 Power consumption

	100 V AC	Max. power consumption
1 pen	Approx. 20 VA	Approx. 30 VA
2 pens	Approx. 25 VA	Approx. 35 VA

11.1.5 Normal Operating Conditions

Ambient temperature: 0 to 50 °C

Ambient humidity: 20 to 80 %RH

Supply voltage: 85 to 264 V AC

Supply frequency: 45 to 65 Hz

Vibration: 10 to 60 Hz 0.2 m/s² max.

Shock: Unacceptable

Magnetic field: 400 A/m max. (DC and AC: 50/60 Hz)

Noise: Normal mode (50/60 Hz)

DC voltage, Thermocouple: Peak value lower than the span width
of the measurement range

RTD: 50 mV max.

Common mode (50/60 Hz): 250 V AC max.

Interchannel maximum noise voltage: 200 V AC at 50/60 Hz

Posture: Allowable backward inclination: Within 30°, Right-and-left level

Warm-up time: 30 minutes minimum from the time of power-on

11.1.6 Alarm Output (Option: LH3)

Number of output: 3 points (Built-in option, normally open)

Alarm type: 2 types (H, L), total 4 levels/channel

Contact point capacity: 250 V AC, 3 A max. (Resistive load)

30 V DC, 3 A max. (Resistive load)

125 V DC, 0.5 A max. (Resistive load)

Hysteresis width: 0.5 %

Setting accuracy: The same as Digital indication accuracy

11.1.7 Low Voltage Directive, EMC Directive

Low Voltage Directive: EN61010-1

EMC Directive: EN61326-1 Class A

At the EN61000-4-3 test condition:

DC voltage, Direct current range: Accuracy Ratings + 3 digit

Thermocouple range: Accuracy Ratings + 5 digit

Resistance temperature detector range: Accuracy Ratings + 10 digit

11.1.8 DI Function (Option: RE1)

A maximum of 3 points can be set.

11.1.9 Paper-empty Detection Function (Option: FL1)

Detects the chart paper-empty to output an alarm.

11.2 Standard Setting Specifications

11.2.1 Measurement Range

The arbitrary setup is possible by the front keypad.

Digital indication accuracy rating is described in Table 11.2.1 below under the Reference operating conditions.

Reference operating conditions:

Ambient temperature: $23 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$

Ambient humidity: $55 \pm 10\% \text{RH}$

Power supply voltage: 85 to 264 V AC

Power-supply frequency: 50/60 Hz $\pm 1\%$

Warm-up time: 30 minutes minimum

(Performance is based on a state of no vibration or shocks.)

Terminal block reference junction compensation accuracy is not included in the digital indication accuracy rating.

Terminal block reference junction compensation accuracy:

B, R, S, PR40-20, Au-Fe: $\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$

K, E, J, T, C, N, PL-II, U, L: $\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$

Table 11.2.1 Measurement Range

Type	Range	Measurement range	Measurement		
			Indication (Digital)		Recording (Analog)
			Accuracy	Max. resolution	Accuracy
DC voltage, current Input		-10 to 10 mV	$\pm(0.2\% \text{ of rdg} + 3 \text{ digit})$	10 μV	Digital indication accuracy $\pm(0.3\% \text{ of span})$
		0 to 20 mV	$\pm(0.2\% \text{ of rdg} + 3 \text{ digit})$	10 μV	
		0 to 50 mV	$\pm(0.2\% \text{ of rdg} + 2 \text{ digit})$	10 μV	
		-200 to 200 mV	$\pm(0.2\% \text{ of rdg} + 3 \text{ digit})$	100 μV	
		-1 to 1 V	$\pm(0.1\% \text{ of rdg} + 3 \text{ digit})$	1 mV	
		0 to 5 V	$\pm(0.2\% \text{ of rdg} + 2 \text{ digit})$	1 mV	
		-10 to 10 V	$\pm(0.3\% \text{ of rdg} + 3 \text{ digit})$	10 mV	
		4 to 20 mA	$\pm(0.2\% \text{ of rdg} + 2 \text{ digit})$	0.01 mA	
Thermocouple	B	0.0 to 1820.0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\pm(0.15\% \text{ of rdg} + 1^{\circ}\text{C})$ 400 to 600 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Accuracy is not guaranteed within a range of 0 to less than 400 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.1 $^{\circ}\text{C}/0.18^{\circ}\text{F}$	Digital indication accuracy $\pm(0.3\% \text{ of span})$
		32.0 to 3308.0 $^{\circ}\text{F}$	$\pm(0.15\% \text{ of rdg} + 1.8^{\circ}\text{F})$ 752 to 1112 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 3.6^{\circ}\text{F}$ Accuracy is not guaranteed within a range of 32 to less than 752 $^{\circ}\text{F}$		
	R1	0.0 to 1760.0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\pm(0.15\% \text{ of rdg} + 1^{\circ}\text{C})$ However, 0 to 100 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 3.7^{\circ}\text{C}$ 100 to 300 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$		
		32.0 to 3200.0 $^{\circ}\text{F}$	$\pm(0.15\% \text{ of rdg} + 1.8^{\circ}\text{F})$ However, 32 to 212 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 6.7^{\circ}\text{F}$ 212 to 572 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\pm 2.7^{\circ}\text{C}$		

Type	Range	Measurement range	Measurement		
			Indication (Digital)		Recording (Analog)
			Accuracy	Max. resolution	Accuracy
Thermocouple	R2	0.0 to 1200.0 °C	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.8 °C) However, 0 to 100 °C, ±3.7 °C 100 to 300 °C, ±1.5 °C	0.1 °C/0.18 °F	Digital indication accuracy ±(0.3 % of span)
		32.0 to 2192.0 °F	±(0.15 % of rdg + 1.44 °F) However, 32 to 212 °F, ±6.7 °F 212 to 572 °F, ±2.7 °F		
	S	0.0 to 1760.0 °C	±(0.15 % of rdg + 1 °C) However, 0 to 100 °C, ±3.7 °C 100 to 300 °C, ±1.5 °C		
		32.0 to 3200.0 °F	±(0.15 % of rdg + 1.8 °F) However, 32 to 212 °F, ±6.7 °F 212 to 572 °F, ±2.7 °F		
	K1	-200.0 to 1370.0 °C	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °C) However, -200 to -100 °C, ±(0.15 % of rdg + 1 °C)		
		-328.0 to 2498.0 °F	±(0.15 % of rdg + 1.3 °F) However, -328 to -148 °F, ±(0.15 % of rdg + 1.8 °F)		
	K2	-200.0 to 600.0 °C	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.4 °C) However, -200 to -100 °C, ±(0.15 % of rdg + 1 °C)		
		-328.0 to 1112.0 °F	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °F) However, -328 to -148 °F, ±(0.15 % of rdg + 1.8 °F)		
	K3	-200.0 to 300.0 °C	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.3 °C) However, -200 to -100 °C, ±(0.15 % of rdg + 1 °C)		
		-328.0 to 572.0 °F	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.5 °F) However, -328 to -148 °F, ±(0.15 % of rdg + 1.8 °F)		
	E1	-200.0 to 800.0 °C	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.5 °C)		
		-328.0 to 1472.0 °F	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.9 °F)		
	E2	-200.0 to 300.0 °C	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.4 °C)		
		-328.0 to 572.0 °F	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °F)		
	E3	-200.0 to 150.0 °C	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.3 °C)		
		-328.0 to 302.0 °F	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.5 °F)		
	J1	-200.0 to 1100.0 °C	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.5 °C) However, -200 to -100 °C, ±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °C)		
		-328.0 to 2012.0 °F	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.9 °F) However, -328 to -1480 °F, ±(0.15 % of rdg + 1.3 °F)		
	J2	-200.0 to 400.0 °C	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.4 °C) However, -200 to -100 °C, ±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °C)		
		-328.0 to 752.0 °F	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °F) However, -328 to -1480 °F, ±(0.15 % of rdg + 1.3 °F)		
	J3	-200.0 to 200.0 °C	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.3 °C) However, -200 to -100 °C, ±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °C)		
		-328.0 to 360.0 °F	±(0.15 % of rdg + 0.5 °F) However, -328 to -1480 °F, ±(0.15 % of rdg + 1.3 °F)		

Type	Range	Measurement range	Measurement			
			Indication (Digital)		Recording (Analog)	
			Accuracy	Max. resolution	Accuracy	
Thermocouple	T1	-200.0 to 400.0 °C	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.5 °C) However, -200 to -100 °C, ± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °C)		0.1 °C/0.18 °F	Digital indication accuracy ± (0.3 % of span)
		-328.0 to 752.0 °F	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.9 °F) However, -328 to -1480 °F, ± (0.15 % of rdg + 1.3 °F)			
	T2	-200.0 to 200.0 °C	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.4 °C) However, -200 to -100 °C, ± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °C)			
		-328.0 to 392.0 °F	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °F) However, -328 to -148 °F, ± (0.15 % of rdg + 1.3 °F)			
	C	0.0 to 2320.0 °C	± (0.15 % of rdg + 1 °C)			
		32.0 to 4208.0 °F	± (0.15 % of rdg + 1.8 °F)			
	Au-Fe	1.0 to 300.0 K	± (0.15 % of rdg + 1 K) However, 1 to 20 K ±2.4 K		0.1 K	
	N	0.0 to 1300.0 °C	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °C)		0.1 °C/0.18 °F	
		32.0 to 2372.0 °F	± (0.15 % of rdg + 1.3 °F)			
	PR40-20	0.0 to 1880.0 °C	± (0.15 % of rdg + 1 °C) However, 0 to 300 °C, ±37.6 °C 300 to 800 °C, ±18.8 °C			
		32.0 to 3416.0 °F	± (0.15 % of rdg + 1.8 °F) However, 32 to 572 °F, ±67.7 °F 572 to 1472 °F, ±33.8 °F			
	PL-Ⅱ	0.0 to 1390.0 °C	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °C)			
		32.0 to 2534.0 °F	± (0.15 % of rdg + 1.3 °F)			
	U	-200.0 to 400.0 °C	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.5 °C) However, -200 to -100 °C, ± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °C)			
		-328.0 to 752.0 °F	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.9 °F) However, -328 to -148 °F, ± (0.15 % of rdg + 1.3 °F)			
	L	-200.0 to 900.0 °C	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.5 °C) However, -200 to -100 °C, ± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.7 °C)			
		-328.0 to 1652.0 °F	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.9 °F) However, -328 to -148 °F, ± (0.15 % of rdg + 1.3 °F)			
Resistance temperature detector	Pt100-1	-200.0 to 650.0 °C	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.3 °C)			
		-328.0 to 1202.0 °F	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.6 °F)			
	Pt100-2	-200.0 to 200.0 °C	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.2 °C)			
		-328.0 to 392.0 °F	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.4 °F)			
	JPt100-1	-200.0 to 630.0 °C	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.3 °C)			
		-328.0 to 1166.0 °F	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.6 °F)			
	JPt100-2	-200.0 to 200.0 °C	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.2 °C)			
		-328.0 to 392.0 °F	± (0.15 % of rdg + 0.4 °F)			

For Input types (R, K, E, J, T, Pt100, JPt100), an input type is automatically selected depending on the measurement range.

B,R,S,K,E,J,T,N: JIS C 1602-1995 (IEC584-1)

C(WRe5-26): ASTM E988-1996

Au-Fe: ASTM E1751-2009

PR40-20: ASTM E1751-2009

PL-Ⅱ: ASTM E1751-2009

U: DIN43710: 1985 (Cu-CuNi)

L: DIN43710: 1985 (Fe-CuNi)

Pt100: JIS C 1604-1997 (IEC751)

JPt100: (JIS C 1604-1981)

11.2.2 Accuracy at the Computation

(1) Scaling

The accuracy rating at the scaling is shown as the following formula.

Scaling accuracy (digits) = \pm [Range accuracy rating (digits) x Scaling factor +2 digits]

$$\text{But, Scaling factor} = \frac{\text{Scaling span (digits)}}{\text{Measurement range span (digits)}}$$

(Example 1) When VOLT range is -1.000 to 1.000V and Scaling range is 0.00 to 100.00 .

Range accuracy rating = 0.1% x 1.000 V + 3 digits

(Input $+1.000\text{ V}$) = 4 digits

$$\text{Scaling factor} = \frac{10000-0}{1000-(-1000)} = 5$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Therefore, Scaling accuracy} &= \pm(4 \times 5 + 2) \\ &= \pm 22 \text{ digits}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Analog recording accuracy} &= \pm \left[4 + \{1000 - (-1000)\} \times \frac{0.3}{100} \right] \\ &= \pm 10 \text{ digits} \\ &= \pm 0.01 \text{ V}\end{aligned}$$

(Example 2) When Type K is 0.0 to $200.0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and Scaling is 0.00 to 200.00 .

Range accuracy rating = 0.15% x $200.0 + 0.3\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

(Input $200\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$) = $0.6\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

= 6 digits

$$\text{Scaling factor} = \frac{20000-0}{2000-0} = 10$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Therefore, Scaling accuracy} &= \pm(6 \times 10 + 2) \\ &= \pm 62 \text{ digits} \\ &= \pm 0.62\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}\end{aligned}$$

(2) Square Root Computation

The square root computation is shown as the following formula.

Display value = $10 \sqrt{\text{Process variable}}$

Display value accuracy rating: \mathcal{E}

Process variable accuracy: e

Process variable: x (converting into %).

$$\text{Display value} = 10 \sqrt{x \pm e} \div \sqrt{10} \times \pm \frac{10e}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\text{Therefore, Display value accuracy } \mathcal{E} = \frac{5e}{\sqrt{x}}$$

For input 4 to 20 mA, the square root computation accuracy \mathcal{E} is as the following formula.

$$\text{Measuring 100 \% } \mathcal{E}_{100} = \frac{5e}{\sqrt{100}} = \frac{5(0.2+0.125)}{10} = 0.16 \% \text{ rdg}$$

$$\text{Measuring 50 \% } \mathcal{E}_{50} = \frac{5e}{\sqrt{50}} = \frac{5(0.1+0.167)}{7.07} = 0.19 \% \text{ rdg}$$

$$\text{Measuring 9 \% } \mathcal{E}_9 = \frac{5e}{\sqrt{9}} = \frac{5(0.018+1.39)}{3} = 2.3 \% \text{ rdg}$$

$$\text{Measuring 1 \% } \mathcal{E}_1 = \frac{5e}{\sqrt{1}} = 5(0.002+12.5) = 62.5 \% \text{ rdg}$$

If the process variable is low, as above, its accuracy rating is not valid.

(3) Decade

The accuracy rating at the decade computation is defined as the logarithm of display value.

Under normal operating conditions, the accuracy rating is less than 1 digit, and it cannot be read.

(4) Difference, Sum and Average

The accuracy rating of Difference, Sum and Average is shown as the following formula.

Difference and Sum: Reference channel accuracy rating x 2

Average : Reference channel accuracy rating

(Example) When Reference channel VOLT is 00.00 to 10.00 V and Difference is -10.00 to 10.00.

Reference channel accuracy rating = $\pm(0.3 \% \times 10.00 \text{ V} + 3 \text{ digits})$

= $\pm(1000 \times 0.003 + 3)$

= $\pm 6 \text{ digits}$

Difference accuracy rating = $\pm 6 \times 2 = \pm 12 \text{ digits}$

11.2.3 Individual Specifications

Table 11.2.3 Specification Items

Block	Item	Specification
Input	Measuring Point	1, 2
	Input Sampling	120 ms
	Display Interval	2.4 sec (Data update period 120 ms)
Record & Printer	Recording Form	Disposable felt pen
	Printing Form	Wire dot (one color ink ribbon)
	Recording Width	100 mm
	Step Response Time	1.0 sec max. (95 % response to IEC 1143)
	Chart Paper	Length: 16 m, Width: 114 mm, Folding width: 40 mm The length of the Clean Chart is 12 m.
	Chart Speed	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, 75, 80, 90, 100, 120, 150, 160, 180, 200, 240, 300, 360, 375, 450, 600, 720, 750, 900, 1200, 1500, 1800, 2400, 3000, 3600, 4500, 4800, 5400, 6000, 7200, 9000, 10800, 12000 mm/h
	Recording Color	1 pen (Red), 2 pen (Green)
	Printing Color	Purple
	Weight	2.5 kg max.
	Power Consumption	35 VA max.

11.2.4 Standard Functions

Table 11.2.4 Standard Functions

Item	Description
Analog indication	None
Analog recording	Analog recording by pen.
Engineering unit indication	None
Digital indication	Indicates Channel No., Process variable, Chart speed, Alarm setting value on the display.
Logging printing	Prints Date, Time, Chart speed, Process variable and Engineering unit at a programmed interval. Synchronous printing/Asynchronous printing can be selected depending on the setting.
List printing	Prints Chart speed, Sensor type, Measurement range, Engineering unit, Alarm value, Comment, Printing description, Logging printing ON/OFF, Zone, Partial Compression/Expansion.
Engineering list printing	Prints Channel or Tag printing, Alarm function, Logging printing ON/OFF, Reference time, Interval, Logging printing Sync./ASync., Printing gap correction ON/OFF, Alarm hysteresis, Burnout, DI function (Option)
Manual printing	Prints Measurement result by key operation.
Programming	Programs Chart speed, Alarm value, Logging printing interval, Logging, Date and Time.
Memory Backup	A built-in lithium battery protects the clock function. The battery life lasts 10 years. (Total power off period of the instrument: 5 years) A non-volatile memory stores setting data and calibration data.
Alarm	Sets 2 types (H, L) of alarms per channel. Sets a total of 4 levels.
Chart Speed	Selects a Chart speed from 41 types.
Clock Indication	Indicates Year, Month, Day, Hour and Minute. Sets the year in A.D, and adjusts leap year automatically.
Self Diagnosis	When malfunctions occur, "E Err* *" is indicated. (* *: Type of error).
Scaling	Indicates and records the input of a signal 4 to 20 mA, etc. by converting it into engineering scales.

11.3 Standard Setting Functions

11.3.1 Standard Setting Functions

Table 11.3.1 Standard Setting Functions

Function	Description
Burnout	To deflect over toward 100 % with disconnecting input. Specifies every channel's burnout. (DC voltage of ± 50 mV max, TC input)
Tag Number	Sets a tag number by up to 5 figures per channel. (Printed at a logging printing)
Reference Junction Compensation	Specifies an inside/outside of the reference junction compensation.
Copy Function	Copies a channel setting.
Input Offset	Sets the input offset per channel.
Zone Recording (Track Recording)	Specifies a recording area per channel to separate the record into Tracks.
Partial Compression/Expansion	Records Partial Compression/Expansion to 1-crease line per channel.
Decade Recording Indication	Records and indicates by up to 5 decades. 2 digits are effective for indication and printing.
Alarm Printing	Prints Occurrence time, Occurrence channel, alarm Setting No. and Alarm type in purple when an alarm occurs.
Alarm Recovery Printing	Prints Recovery time, Recovery channel, alarm Setting No. and Alarm type in purple when the alarm recovers.
Recording Start/Stop printing	Prints Time and Start/End comment when recording starts and stops. Synchronous, Asynchronous or OFF can be selected.
Computation	Computes Square root.
Interchannel Computation	Computes Sum, Difference and Average values between channels.
Alarm Hysteresis Width	Sets an alarm hysteresis width to 0 % FS or 0.5 % FS.
Digital Filter	Records the first order lag with the filtering Process variable.

11.4 Optional Functions

11.4.1 Remote Function of DI

Function	Description
Chart Feed Start/Stop	ON: Start, OFF: Stop
Changing Chart Speed	ON: 1st, OFF: 2nd
Comment Printing (Sync./Async.)	ON: Comment Printing
Manual Printing (Sync./Async.)	ON: Manual Printing
Date and Time Printing (Sync./Async.)	ON: Date and Time Printing

11.4.2 Alarm Output Function

3 relays

11.4.3 Communication Function

RS-232C (Standard)

RS-485 (Optional)

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